Essex Pension Fund's draft financial statements for 2010/11

Introduction

The Pension Fund accounts, and accompanying notes, summarise the financial transactions and net assets related to the provision of pensions and other benefits payable to former employees of the Council, Essex district, borough and unitary councils, and for other scheduled and admitted bodies. The Pension Fund accounts are set out in the following pages, as detailed below.

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Fund account for the year ended 31 March 2011

2008/09 £000	2009/10 £000	Note		2010 £000	/11 £000
			Contributions and Benefits Income		
(47,271) (163,956) (22,358) (192)	(49,558) (154,488) (25,264) (201)	5 5 5	Contributions receivable Member contributions Employers' contributions Transfers in from other Pension Funds Other income	(50,353) (173,106) (27,683) (169)	
(233,777)	(229,511)		Total income		(251,311)
115,672 32,020 3,510 6 6 13,701	125,384 31,826 3,986 14 5 16,141	5	Expenditure Benefits payable Pensions Commutation of pensions & lump sum retirement benefits Lump sum death benefits Payments to and on account of Leavers Refunds of contributions State scheme premiums Transfers out to other schemes	130,775 43,229 3,338 15 - 17,246	
1,812	1,869	7	Administration expenses	1,816	
166,727	179,225		Total expenditure		196,419
(67,050)	(50,286)		Net additions from dealings with members		(54,892)
(69,956) 822,540	(46,999) (778,921)	6 9	Returns on investments Investment income Profit and losses on disposal of investments and changes in market value of investments Taxes on income	(48,977) (241,068)	
3,340 13,687	2,512 13,627	8	Investment management expenses	2,134 13,560	
769,611	(809,781)		Net returns on investments		(274,351)
702,561	(860,067)		Net (increase)/decrease in the assets available for benefits during the year		(329,243)
(2,927,368)	(2,224,807)		Net assets as at 1 April		(3,084,874)
(2,224,807)	(3,084,874)		Net assets as at 31 March		(3,414,117)

Pension Fund Accounts

Net assets statement as at 31 March 2011

31 March 2009	31 March 2010	Note		31 March 2011
£000	£000			£000 £000
		9	Investments at market value	
$\begin{array}{c} 149,665\\ 1,348,654\\ 72,068\\ 120,822\\ 325,981\\ 4,996\\ 83,165\\ 103,882\\ \hline 15,479\\ 2,224,712\\ \hline \\ (38,908)\\ (4,003)\\ \hline \\ (42,911)\\ \hline \\ 2,181,801\\ \hline \end{array}$	217,771 1,905,749 172,895 186,281 381,123 1,631 117,700 92,716 24,408 3,100,274 (28,896) (4,787) (33,683)		Investment assets Fixed interest securities Equities Index linked securities Property unit trusts Managed funds Derivative Contracts Property Cash/deposits Other investment balances Investment liabilities Derivative Contracts Other investment balances	226,019 2,118,859 171,839 234,688 406,925 22 147,520 76,737 13,347 3,395,956 (3,060) (9,429) (12,489) 3,383,467
2,101,001	5,000,591	11	Current assets and liabilities	\ 0 466666
14,413 32,151	5,065 19,337		Current Assets Cash Contributions due from employers and other current assets	13,150 31,174
46,564	3,090,993			3,427,791
(3,558)	(6,119)	Ļ	Current liabilities Unpaid benefits and other current liabilities	(13,674)
2,224,807	3,084,874		Net assets of the scheme available to fund benefits	3,414,117

Notes to the Pension Fund Accounts

1. Background

Under the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) (Administration) Regulations 2008, Essex County Council is required to maintain a pension fund (the Fund) for its employees and those of other scheduled Bodies within its area. The Fund is also empowered to admit the employees of certain other bodies, town and parish councils, educational establishments, contractors providing services transferred from scheduled bodies and community interest bodies. As a result the Fund now contains around 420 employing bodies. A complete list of the employers participating in the Fund is contained in the Pension Fund Annual Report & Accounts. The Fund does not provide pensions for teachers, for whom separate arrangements exist. Uniformed police and fire staff are also subject to separate pension arrangements.

Independent investment managers have been appointed to manage the investments of the Fund. The Fund also invests in private equity infrastructure and shareholder activism through the use of limited partnerships. The Investment Steering Committee (ISC) oversees the management of these investments and meets regularly with the investment managers to monitor their performance against agreed benchmarks. The ISC in turn reports to the Essex Pension Fund Board. The Fund's Statement of Investment Principles is contained in the Pension Fund Annual Report & Accounts.

2. Basis of preparation

The Pension Fund Statement of Accounts has been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting for England 2010/11 issued by CIPFA, and the main recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): 'Financial Reports of Pension Schemes' (Revised May 2007). This is the first year of preparation that the Code has incorporated the requirement of the International Requirement Financial Standards (IRFS).

The Pension Fund publishes a number of statutory documents, including a Statement of Investment Principles, a Funding Strategy Statement and Statements of Compliance. Copies can be obtained by contacting the Council's Investments team or alternatively are available from www.essexpensionfund.co.uk.

The Pension Fund Statement of Accounts summarises the transactions of the scheme and the net assets of the Fund. The accounts do not reflect obligations to pay pensions and benefits that fall due after the financial year. However, for the first time, a statement calculating the Fund's promised retirement benefits as at 31 March 2010 using IAS19 methodology is included in the notes to the accounts and can be found at Note 3.3.

3. Actuarial valuation

The contributions payable for 2010/11 were determined by the 2007 Actuarial Valuation.

3.1 Actuarial valuation 2007

The market value of the assets as at the 2007 actuarial valuation was **£3,043m**. The assets of the Fund were valued on the market value approach and showed that the assets held were sufficient to cover **79.6%** of the Fund's liabilities at that time. The valuation was carried out using the projected unit method.

	Past service liabilities % per annum	Future service liabilities % per annum
Rate of return on investments Pre retirement Post retirement	6.90% 5.40%	6.50% 6.50%
Rate of pay increases	4.60%	4.25%
Rate of increase to pensions in payment	3.10%	2.75%

The main economic assumptions used in the actuarial valuation were:

The actuary has set a common contribution rate of **12.7%** of pensionable pay. This rate is varied for each participating body depending on their individual circumstances. In addition, a past service deficiency contribution of **7.0%** has been set to enable the Fund to reach 100% funding in 20 years from the date of the last actuarial valuation. This rate and recovery period are also varied for individual employers, to reflect their individual circumstances. The report of the actuary can be found in the Pension Fund Annual Report & Accounts.

3.2 Actuarial Valuation 2010

An actuarial valuation of the Essex Pension Fund was carried out as at 31 March 2010 to determine the contribution rates with effect from 1 April 2011 to 31 March 2014. The results of the valuation are contained within the Statement by the Consulting Actuary of the Pension Fund Report and Accounts.

On the basis of the assumptions adopted, the valuation revealed that the value of the Fund's assets of **£3,085m** represented **71%** of the Funding Target liabilities of **£4,319m** at the valuation date. The valuation also showed that a common rate of contribution of **12.2%** of Pensionable Pay per annum was required from employers. The common rate is calculated as

being sufficient, together with contributions paid by members, to meet all liabilities arising in respect of service after the valuation date.

Adopting the same method and assumptions as used for assessing the Funding Target the deficit could be eliminated by an average additional contribution rate of **9.2%** of Pensionable Pay for 20 years. This would imply an average employer contribution rate of **21.4%** of Pensionable Pay in total.

In practice, each individual employer's position is assessed separately and the contributions required are set out in the Actuary's statement. In addition to the certified contributions, payments to cover additional liabilities arising from early retirements (other than ill-health retirements) will be made to the Fund by the employers.

The funding plan adopted in assessing the contributions for each individual employer is in accordance with the Funding Strategy Statement (FSS). Different approaches adopted in implementing contribution increases and deficit recovery periods are as determined through the FSS consultation process.

The valuation was carried out using the projected unit actuarial method. Full details of the actuarial assumptions are contained within the full valuation report that is available from <u>www.essexpensionfund.co.uk</u>, but the main financial assumptions used for assessing the Funding Target and the common contribution rate were as follows:

	For past service liabilities (Funding Target)	For future service liabilities (Common Contribution Rate)
Rate of discount:		
 pre retirement 	7.0% per annum	6.75% per annum
 post retirement 	5.5% per annum	6.75% per annum
Rate of pay increases	4.5% per annum	4.5% per annum
Rate of increases in pensions in payment (in excess of Guaranteed Minimum Pension):	3.0% per annum	3.0% per annum

The assets were assessed at market value.

The next triennial actuarial valuation of the Fund is due as at 31 March 2013. Based on the results of this valuation, the contributions payable by the individual employers will be revised with effect from 1 April 2014.

3.3 Actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits

IAS 26 requires the present value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits to be disclosed, and for this purpose the actuarial assumptions and methodology used should be based on IAS 19 rather than the assumptions and methodology used for funding purposes.

In order to assess the value of the benefits on this basis, the Actuary has used the same actuarial assumptions as those used for funding purposes, other than the discount rate where we have used a rate of 5.6% per annum both before and after retirement, rather than the rates as outlined above. The Actuary has also used valuation methodology in connection with ill-health and death benefits which is consistent with IAS 19. On this basis, the value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits as at 31 March 2010 was **£4,720m**.

Similar calculations were carried out as at the previous actuarial valuation date of 31 March 2007, using the same actuarial assumptions as those used for funding purposes at that date, other than the discount rate where a rate of **5.4%** per annum both before and after retirement was used. On this basis, the value, for IAS 26 purposes, of the Fund's promised retirement benefits at that date was **£4,213m**.

4. Accounting policies

4.1 Accounting convention

The Pension Fund Statement of Accounts has been prepared on an accruals basis, except for transfers to and from the scheme which are accounted for on a cash basis.

4.2 Investments

In the majority of cases, equity investments are valued at the last traded price recorded on the Stock Exchange Electronic Trading Service or bid market price at 31 March 2011.

For unquoted equity in the private equity limited partnerships, there is usually a time delay in receiving information from the private equity fund managers. The valuations shown in the net asset statement for these investments are the latest valuations provided to the County Council. In general these are valuations at 31 March 2011 and are compiled in accordance with the guidelines issued by the British Venture Capital Association or an equivalent body. In a limited number of cases, an estimate of the valuation as at 31 March 2011 has been made. To estimate the valuation at 31 March 2011, the Fund amends the 31 December 2010 valuation for payments made to and payments received from the private equity managers in the period 1 January 2010 to 31 March 2011.

Unit Trusts and managed funds are valued at the bid prices provided by the relevant fund managers, which reflect the market value of the underlying investments.

The value of fixed interest investments in the Fund's investment portfolio excludes interest earned but not paid over at the Fund year end, which is included separately within accrued investment income (as disclosed in Note 9).

Futures are valued at the closing market price published by the relevant futures exchange (eg. London International Financial Futures Exchange).

Forward foreign exchange contracts outstanding at year end are stated at fair value, which is determined as the loss or gain that would arise if the outstanding contract was required to be settled on 31st March.

Direct property investments have been valued, at open market value, at 31 March 2011, by Jones Lang LaSalle, Chartered Surveyors.

Acquisition costs are included in the purchase cost of investments.

4.3 Investment income

Investment income is taken into account where dividends have been declared at the end of the financial year. Investment income also includes withholding tax where this cannot be recovered. The amount of irrecoverable withholding tax is disclosed as a separate line item on the face of the fund account.

Income from fixed interest and index linked securities, cash and short-term deposits is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from other investments is accounted for on an accruals basis.

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments and unrealised changes in market value.

4.4 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are taken into account at the ruling rate of exchange at the time of the transaction. In the financial statements, balances are recorded at rates ruling on 31 March 2011.

4.5 Contributions

Normal contributions, both from the members and from employers, are accounted for in the payroll month to which they relate at rates as specified in the rates and adjustments certificate. Additional contributions from employers are accounted for when received.

4.6 Benefits payable

Under the rules of the Fund, retirees receive a lump sum retirement grant in addition to their annual pension. Lump sum retirement grants are accounted for from the date of retirement. Where a member can choose whether to take a greater retirement grant in return for reduced pension these lump sums are accounted for on an accruals basis from the date that the option is exercised. Other benefits are accounted for on the date the member leaves the Fund or on death.

4.7 Transfers to / from other schemes

Transfer values are normally accounted for on a payment/receipts basis since not only do they frequently apply to several past years but, in the case of transfer values due, information is not available at the year end on which to make an accrual.

4.8 Administrative and other expenses

Administration and investment management expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. Expenses are recognised net of any recoverable VAT. A proportion of relevant officers' salaries have been charged to the Fund on the basis of time spent on investment related matters and pension administration.

5. Membership activities

5.1 Membership

31 March 2009	31 March 2010		31 March 2011 (Provisional)
46,857	43,728	Contributors	43,636
26,272	32,173	Deferred pensioners	34,737
27,992	29,165	Pensioners	30,764

Deferred pensioners are former employees who have chosen not to transfer their pension rights.

5.2 Pension benefits payable

2008/09	2009/10		2010/11
£000	£000		£000
44,551	47,629	County Council	49,311
51,539	55,122	District / unitary authorities	56,718
9,944	11,588	Other scheduled bodies	11,547
9,638	11,045	Other admitted bodies	13,199
115,672	125,384		130,775

5.3 Contributions receivable

Contributions receivable from employers are set out below:

2008/09	2009/10		2010/11
£000	£000		£000
88,097	94,680	Normal	96,103
145	105	Augmentation	16
69,731	55,390	Deficit	71,482
5,983	4,313	Other	5,505
163,956	154,488		173,106

Other employers' contributions relate to payments for the cost of early retirements.

2008/	/09	2009,	/10		2010/	/11
Member £ooo	Employer £000	Member £000	Employer £000		Member £000	Employer £000
16,315	51,634	17,167	53,130	County Council	16,473	55,855
14,588	52,860	15,020	54,742	District / unitary authorities	14,940	55,387
12,272	31,131	12,886	33,969	Other scheduled bodies	12,564	31,739
4,096	28,331	4,485	12,647	Other admitted bodies	6,376	30,125
47,271	163,956	49,558	154,488		50,353	173,106

During 2010/11 lump sum contributions in respect of the Actuarial deficit were received from the Essex Probation of **f0.100m** and an accrual in respect of the Essex Magistrates Court Committee **f12.556m**.

During 2009/10 no lump sum employer contributions in respect of actuarial deficit were received.

During 2008/09 lump sum contributions in respect of the Actuarial deficit were received from Chelmsford Borough Council **£1.419m**, CCETSW **£16.235m** and SCIE **£0.265m**. These amounts were paid following the 31st March 2007 Actuarial Valuation and, in accordance with the Pension SORP, have been recognised on receipt.

5.4 Transfers in from other pension funds

During 2010/11 **£0.700m** was received from Suffolk County Council, Ipswich Museum and **£0.005m** was received from Metropolitan Police Superannuation Scheme.There were no amounts received in respect of group transfers from other schemes during 2009/10 or 2008/09.

5.5 Transfers out to other schemes

No amounts were payable in respect of group transfers to other schemes during 2010/11. During 2009/10 **f1.249m** was paid out to HPSS and a further **f0.436m** was paid to Tayside Council as a result of the termination of fund membership of the Central Council for the Education and Training of Social Workers. No amounts were payable in respect of group transfers to other schemes during 2008/09.

6. Investment income

2008/09 £000	2009/10 £000		2010/11 £000
5,021	2,325	Income from fixed interest securities	-
42,872	26,492	Dividends from equities	30,142
416	3,677	Income from index linked securities	3,156
7,396	7,904	Net rent from properties	9,235
12,892	5,295	Interest from cash deposits	5,728
1,359	1,306	Other	716
69,956	46,999	Total	48,977

7. Administrative expenses

2008/09	2009/10		2010/11
£000	£000		£000
1,491	1,485	Administration and Processing	1,332
128	175	Actuarial Fees	413
193	209	Legal and other Professional Fees	71
1,812	1,869		1,816

The administration and processing expenses represent a proportion of relevant officers' salaries on the basis of time spent on pensions' administration and investment matters.

8. Investment expenses

2008/09 £000	2009/10 £000		2010/11 £000
13,266	13,228	Administration, Management and custody	13,127
89	55	Performance Measurement Services	54
332	344	Other Advisory Services	379
13,687	13,627	Total	13,560

9. Investments

9.1 Investments held by managers

The value of investments held by each manager together with investments in private equity, infrastructure, financing and shareholder activism partnerships on 31 March was as follows:

200	9	201	0		201:	1
£m	%	£m	%		£m	%
146	6.7	224	7.3	Alliance Bernstein	234	6.9
271	12.4	357	11.6	Aviva Investors	396	11.7
160	7.3	248	8.1	Baillie Gifford and Co	293	8.7
218	10.0	1	-	Capital International		-
-	-	224	7.3	FIL Pensions Management	244	7.2
97	4.5	154	5.0	First State Investments (UK) Ltd	180	5-3
133	6.1	161	5.2	Goldman Sachs Asset Management International	169	5.0
711	32.6	1,051	34.3	Legal and General Investment Management	1,137	33.6
146	6.7	245	8.0	Marathon Asset Management Ltd	282	8.3
-	-	-	-	Martin Currie Investment Management Ltd		-
14	0.6	24	0.8	Mellon Capital Management	30	0.9
-	-	-	-	Mirabaud Investment Management Ltd	-	
-	-	-	-	Nomura Asset Management UK Ltd	-	
111	5.1	137	4.5	M&G Investments Alpha Opportunities	144	4.3
48	2.2	46	1.5	M&G Investments Infracapital	54	1.6
-	-	-	-	M&G Investments Financing Fund	7	0.2
-	-	-	-	Partners Group Management II S.à r.l	12	0.4
65	3.0	112	3.7	Private Equity	168	5.0
(9)	-0.4	33	1.1	Record Currency Management	28	0.8
71	3.2	49	1.6	Shareholder activism	5	0.1
2,182	100.0	3,066	100.0		3,383	100.0

9.2 Movement in the market value of investments

The table below shows the movement in the market value of the investments held during the financial year, including profits and losses realised on the sales of investments since 1 April.

	Value at	Value at		2010/11 M	ovement		Value at 31
	1 April 2009	1 April 2010	Purchases	Sale	Change in	Cash	March 2011
			plus net	Proceeds	Market	Movement	
	6		transfers	6	Value	c	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed interest	149,665	217,771	3,656	(6,146)	10,738		226,019
Equities							
UK	237,351	329,583	31,214	(43,941)	27,089	-	343,945
Overseas	1,111,303	1,576,166	430,103	(387,859)	156,504	-	1,774,914
Index Linked	72,068	172,895	13,996	(24,701)	9,649	-	171,839
Managed & Unitised							
PUTS	120,822	186,281	49,838	(9,396)	7,965	-	234,688
Other	325,981	381,123	69,063	(64,461)	21,200	-	406,925
Derivative Contracts	(1,905)	21		-	1	-	22
Properties	83,165	117,700	24,072	-	5,748	-	147,520
Cash Deposits	101,600	92,557	33,000	(2,168)	2,168	(48,985)	76,572
Margin Account	2,282	159	-	(6)	6	6	165
	2,202,332	3,074,256	654,942	(538,678)	241,068	(48,979)	3,382,609
Debtors - outstanding sales	7,978	18,687					8,082
Creditors - outstanding purchases	(3,838)	(4,609)					(9,281)
Investment income debtors	7,501	5,721					5,265
Investment income creditors	(165)	(178)					(148)
Derivative Contracts pending fx debtors	1,804	1,610					-
Derivative Contracts pending fx creditors	(33,811)	(28,896)					(3,060)
	2,181,801	3,066,591					3,383,467

For 2010/11, the total transaction costs were **£1.2m** (2009/10: £2.0m and 2008/09: £1.9m).

9.3 Analysis of investment assets

2009 £000	2010 £000		2011 £000
		Fixed interest securities	
63,278	57,037	UK public sector quoted	57,344
42,409	160,734	UK quoted	168,675
267	-	Overseas public sector	-
43,711	-	Overseas quoted	-
		Equities	
57,807	78,128	UK quoted	71,609
684,967	993,734	Overseas quoted	1,135,418
179,544	251,455	UK unit trusts	272,336
426,336	582,432	Overseas unit trusts	639,496
		Index linked securities	
72,068	172,895	UK public sector quoted	171,839
		Managed funds	
171,542	195,008	UK unquoted	206,455
115,616	128,758	Overseas quoted	142,129
38,823	57,357	Active currency	58,341
		Derivative Contracts	
4,996	1,631	Derivative Assets	22
(38,908)	(28,896)	Derivative Liabilities	(3,060)
		Property	
21,950	27,650	UK properties (leasehold)	27,445
61,215	90,050	UK properties (freehold)	120,075
120,822	186,281	Property unit trusts	234,688
		Cash deposits	
84,484	80,875	Sterling	40,393
17,116	11,682	Foreign currency	36,179
2,282	159	Margin accounts	165
		Investment accruals	
7,978	18,687	Debtors - outstanding sales	8,082
(3,838)	(4,609)	Creditors - outstanding purchases	(9,281)
7,501	5,721	Income accrual - Debtor	5,265
(165)	(178)	Income accrual - Creditor	(148)
2,181,801	3,066,591	Value at 31 March	3,383,467

An analysis of investment assets at 31 March is shown below.

9.4 Unit trusts/pooled vehicles

The Fund holds the following investments in unit trusts/pooled vehicles at 31 March which are in excess of 5% of the value of the Fund:

2009		2010		Unit trust / pooled vehicle	2011	
£000	%	£000	%		£ooo	
179,544	8.1	251,456	8.2	Legal and General - UK Equity Index	272,336	
139,490	6.3	188,021	6.1	Legal and General - Europe (Ex UK) Equity Index	217,569	
139,221	6.3	192,169	6.2	Legal and General - North America Equity Index	213,791	
n/a	n/a	160,734	5.2	Goldman Sachs - UK Sterling Credit Portfolio	168,675	

9.5 Single investments

The Fund holds the following single investments which are in excess of 5% of any asset class or type of security:

2009)	2010		Asset Type	Asset Name	201:	L
£000	%	£000	%			£000	
				FIXED INTEREST			
8,847	14.0%	-	-	UK Govt Fixed Interest	UK Treasury 5.0% 07 Sept 2014	-	
5,204	8.2%			UK Govt Fixed Interest	UK Treasury 6.0% 07 Dec 2028	_	
						-	
4,718	7.5%	-	-	UK Govt Fixed Interest	UK Treasury 4.75% 07 Sept 2015	-	
4,605	7.3%	-	-	UK Govt Fixed Interest	UK Treasury 4.50% 07 Dec 2042	-	
3,455	5.5%	-	-	UK Govt Fixed Interest	UK Treasury 4.25% 07 Jun 2032	-	
3,381	5.3%	-	-	UK Govt Fixed Interest	UK Treasury 4.25% 07 Dec 2055	-	
				Oversee Cout Fixed Interest			
267	100.0%	-	-	Overseas Govt Fixed Interest	Germany (Fed Rep) 4.25% Bonds 04 July 2039 EUR0.01	-	
3,075	7.0%	-	-	Overseas Corporate Fixed Interest	European Investment Bank 5.50% 07 Dec 2011	-	
3,058	7.0%	-	-	Overseas Corporate Fixed Interest	Instituto de Credito Oficial 4.50% 07 Dec 2011	-	
				EQUITIES			
5,768	10.0%	7.831	10.0%	UK Quoted Equities	Vodafone Group	6,395	8
		/,0)1	-	UK Quoted Equities	Sabmiller plc		
3,133	5.4%	-		-		5,944	8
-	-	5,102	6.5%	UK Quoted Equities	Rio Tinto	5,765	8
-	-	-	-	UK Quoted Equities	Astrazeneca	5,545	7
4,510	7.8%	-	-	UK Quoted Equities	BP Plc		
				INDEX LINKED BONDS			
11,157	15.5%	9,861	5.7%	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 2.5% 26 July 2016	8,905	5
9,397	13.0%		-	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock2.500% 16 April 2020		
	13.0 %		-	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 17 Jul 2024		
8,096		-	-			-	
6,276	8.7%		-	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 4.125% 22 Jul 2030	-	
5,111	7.1%	-	-	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 1.125% 22 Nov 2037	-	
4,382	6.1%	-	-	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 2.0% 26 Jan 2035	-	
4,111	5.7%	-		UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 1.875% 22 Nov 2022	-	
3,998	5.5%	-	-	UK Index Linked	UK (Govt) Treasury IL Stock 1.25% 22 Nov 2055	-	
5,990	5.5%			ok mack Emiked			
		aa 196		UNIT TRUSTS	A vive lave share Description		
-	-	20,486		Unit Trusts	Aviva Investors Property Fund	24,317	10
-	-	20,644	11.1%	Unit Trusts	Lothbury Property Fund	-	
21,218	17.6%	15,781	8.5%	Unit Trusts	Blackrock UK Property Fund	-	
10,854	9.0%	9,883	5.3%	Unit Trusts	Capital Residential Fund	-	
7,242	6.0%		· ·	Unit Trusts	Schroder Property Investment Management Fund	-	
6,656	5.5%			Unit Trusts	Henderson UK Retail Warehouse Fund		
		-	-			-	
6,503	5.4%	-	-	Unit Trusts	Hercules Unit Trust	-	
6,274	5.2%	-	-	Unit Trusts	Quercus Healthcare Property	-	
				MANAGED FUNDS			
111,081	34.1%	137,435	36.1%	Managed Funds	M&G Alpha Opportunities Fund	144,375	35
47,772	14.7%	45,633		Managed Funds	Infracapital Partners	53,913	13
24,370	7.5%	23,998	6.3%	Managed Funds	Mellon Offshore Currency Opp Enhanced UK Equitized Fund	30,053	7
24,370	7.5%			-			
		33,359	8.8%	Managed Funds	Record Currency Alpha US Equitized Fund	28,288	7.
		21,653	5.7%	Managed Funds	Goverance of Owners European Focus Fund	-	
				DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS			
-	-	-	-	Derivative Contracts	S&P 500 Emini Index Futures Exp June 11	22	100
2,654	53.1%	-	-	Derivative Contracts	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry June 2009	-	
422	8.4%		-	Derivative Contracts	UK Long Gilt Future Expiry June 2009		
273	5.5%		-	Derivative Contracts	US 10 yr Treasury Note Future Expiry June 2009		
269	5.5 % 5.4%	-	-	Derivative Contracts	DJ Euro Stock 50 Future Expiry June 2009		
				DRODERTY			
				PROPERTY			
10,000	12.0%	13,150	11.2%	Property	55-57 Dean Street, London	13,220	9
-	-	-	-	Property	74-82 Western Road	10,600	7
-	-	7,500	6.4%	Property	32-36 High Street, Guildford	8,350	5
7,050	8.5%	7,350	6.2%	Property	Redditch Abbey Retail Park	8,200	5
			- 0.2	Property	Cardiff Gate Business Park, Cardiff	8,175	5
		- /					
6,600	7.9%	7,600	6.5%	Property	121 Dunmow Road, Bishops Stortford	7,800	5
6,725	8.1%	6,900	5.9%	Property	Stortford Hall, Bishops Stortford	7,750	5
5,650	6.8%	6,500	5.5%	Property	Victoria Road Retail Park, Wellingborough		
5,000	6.0%	6,100	5.2%	Property	13-15 Magdalen Street, Oxford	•	
				Property	Metropolis, Borehamwood	-	
				CASH			
-	-	-	-	Cash	BNY Mellon Euro Liquidity Fund	22,347	29
78,973	76.0%	59,077	63 7%	Cash	BNP Paribas Investment Partners GBP	20,658	26
1~17/2	,,	J7,0//	ں/ ہو۔	Cash	BNY Mellon Sterling Liquidity Fund		
			-	Cubil	Distrimenton Dierning Eigeneury Fullu	17,924	23
-	-			Cash	BNP Paribas Investment Partners US\$	4,643	6

At 31 March 2011, the Fund had a commitment to contribute a further **£221m** to existing partnership investments, including private equity, infrastructure and financing (31 March 2010: £133m, 31 March 2009: £113m). It is anticipated that payments against these commitments will be made over the next 1-5 financial years.

9.6 Derivative contracts

A breakdown of derivative contracts is as follows:

31 March	2009	31 March	2010		31 Marc	h 2011
Economic	Market	Economic	Market		Economic	Mark
Exposure	Value	Exposure	Value		Exposure	Val
£000	£000	£000	£000		£000	fo
				Futures contracts - exchange traded		
32,899	523	-	-	UK Government fixed interest	-	
(40,182)	(132)	-	-	Overseas government fixed interest	-	
125,291	2,669	-	-	UK equities	-	
(123,327)	(4,965)	1,229	21	Overseas equities	948	
5,319	-	(1,229)	-	Cash backing open futures	(948)	
-	(1,905)	-	21		-	
				Forward foreign exchange contracts		
652,455	-	830,955	-	Sterling	901,434	
(684,462)	-	(858,241)	-	Foreign currency	(904,494)	
-	1,804	-	1,610	Pending foreign exchange assets	-	
-	(33,811)	-	(28,896)	Pending foreign exchange liabilities	-	(3,00
(32,007)	(33,912)	(27,286)	(27,265)	Total Derivative Contracts held at year end	(3,060)	(3,0

Futures contracts are used to gain exposure to investment markets without the need to purchase underlying stocks and shares.

Forward foreign exchange contracts are used to hedge against the currency risk of the Fund's overseas investments.

10. Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVC) Investments

In accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme (Administration) Regulations 2008, additional voluntary contributions (AVCs) are not included within the transactions recorded within the Fund Account.

The AVC providers to the Fund are the Equitable Life Assurance Society and Standard Life Assurance Company. The assets of these investments are held separately from the Fund. The AVC providers secure additional benefits on a money purchase basis for those members electing to pay additional voluntary contributions. Members participating in these arrangements each receive an annual statement confirming the amounts held in their account and the movements in the year.

The Fund relies on individual contributors to check that deductions made on their behalf are accurately reflected in the statements provided by the AVC providers. A summary of the information provided by Equitable Life and Standard Life to the Fund is shown in the table below.

2008/09	2009/10		2010/11
£000	£000		£000
6,355	5,446	Value of AVC fund at beginning of year	6,050
646	365	Employees contributions	421
(768)	1,098	Investment income and change in market value	361
(787)	(859)	Benefits paid and transfers out	(836)
5,446	6,050		5,996

11. Current assets and liabilities

31 March 2009 £000 Restated	31 March 2010 £000 Restated		31 March 2011 £000
Restated	Restated		
		Current assets	
14,413	5,065	Cash	
-	-	Cash at bank	540
-	-	Cash on short term deposit <3 months	12,610
		Debtors and payments in advance	
		Contributions due	
278	241	Central Government	12,930
11,380	16,496	Other Local Authorities	9,875
15	23	NHS Bodies	-
20,191	2,231	Public Funded Bodies	1,468
287	346	Other	6,901
		Current liabilities	
		Creditors and receipts in advance	
		Unpaid Benefits	
(112)	(89)	Central Government	(7)
(1,555)	(2,559)	Other Local Authorities	(454)
		NHS Bodies	(+C+) -
(264)	(819)	Public Funded Bodies	(15)
(37)	(56)	Other	(8,437)
(1,590)	(2,596)	Investment management expenses	(4,533)
		Other liabilities	(11000)
-	-	Central Government	(173)
-	-	Receipts in advance	(55)
43,006	18,283	Net total	30,650

As at the 1 April the Fund put in place a separate bank account arrangement. Before this the Pension Fund cash was aggregated with the County Council's balance as such comparison figures as at 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010 for cash at bank and cash on deposit can not be separately identified. In addition the Fund also holds cash in bank and on deposit with the Fund's custodian The Bank of New York Mellon. The settled cash position is shown separately in the Net Asset Statements under the sub heading of Investments.

The contributions accruals for 2008/09 and 2009/10 have been restated in line with best practice.

12. Related party transactions

The Fund is required to disclose material transactions with bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the Council, or to be controlled or influenced by the Council. The intention in making this disclosure is to make explicit the extent to which the Fund might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently, or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Fund.

During the year, none of the Essex Pension Fund Board Members, Investment Steering Committee Members or Senior Officers undertook any material transactions with the Essex County Council Pension Fund. There were no material contributions due from employer bodies at the year end which remained outstanding after the due date for payment.

As at the 1 April the Fund put in place a separate bank account arrangement. Before this, the Pension Fund cash was aggregated with the County Council's balance. Surplus cash is invested by the County Council treasury management team on the sterling money market, in accordance with the Essex Pension Fund treasury management policy and strategy as agreed by the Essex Pension Fund Board on 31 March 2010. This service is provided to the Fund at a cost of **f0.022m**.

During the year to 31 March 2011, the Pension Fund had an average investment balance of **f10.518m** (2010: £17.962m and 2009: £22.683m) earning **f0.111m** interest (£0.116m, 2010 and £0.904m, 2009).

13. Nature and Extent of Risks arising

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

- **Credit risk** the possibility that other parties might fail to pay amounts due to the Pension Fund.
- **Liquidity risk** the possibility that the Fund might not have funds available to meet its commitments to make payments.
- Market risk the possibility that financial loss might arise for the Fund as a result of changes in such measures as interest rates and stock market movements.

Credit Risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk in its operational activities through forward currency contracts, derivative positions (futures) and treasury management activities. Commercial credit risk also arises with those organisations that pay monies over to the Fund (debtors) as part of the administration function, principally contributions from employers and transfers in from other registered pension schemes.

Except in certain bulk transfer cases, the Fund does not apply service credits in respect of transfers in until cash settlement is made and closely monitors the monthly receipt of contributions and annual reconciliation to member records. The Funding Strategy Statement requires safeguards to be in place on all new admission agreements to protect the Fund from an employer default, including through a guarantee from a tax backed scheme employer for any new body. An analysis of debtor balances at 31 March 2011 is provided in Note 11.

Forward currency contracts are undertaken by Legal & General for the passive currency overlay programme and by the Funds appointed Fund managers. The largest single contracts are entered into for the overseas equity passive currency overlay; the counterparties on these contracts as at 31 March 2011 are shown in the table below. The counterparty on contracts entered into by other investment managers is at the discretion of those managers. All parties entering into forward contracts on behalf of the Fund are FSA regulated and meet the requirements of the LGPS (Management & Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009. Further details of forward foreign exchange contracts are provided in Note 9.

Counterparty	Total Expo 2011 £000	
Barclays Capital BNP Paribas Capital Markets Australian Commonwealth Bank Credit Suisse AG Deutsche Bank AG HSBC J P Morgan Securities RBS Royal Bank of Canada SG Securities UBS Westpac Bank Corp	49,525 122,149 104,757 164,726 132,522 147,100 251,447 100,227 57,722 205,032 119,070 37,052	3.3% 8.2% 7.0% 11.0% 8.9% 9.9% 16.9% 6.7% 3.9% 13.7% 8.0% 2.5%
Total	1,491,329	100.0%

Futures contracts entered into by the Fund are all exchange traded. At the 31 March 2011 the contracts in place were all traded in the US on the CME. Further details of these futures contracts are provided in note 9. In these transactions the clearing broker Goldman Sachs acts as counterparty to both sides of the contract (buyer and seller). The clearing broker requires both parties to put up an initial amount of cash (variation margin). All positions are then marked to market daily, with margins required to be posted and maintained at all times. This minimises the risk of default by either party. In the event that a client does default, FSA rules state that the broker must make good the position to the extent that it is able, primarily through accessing the other party's variation margin. The ultimate default risk therefore lies with Goldman Sachs and their balance sheet strength but is underpinned by the contractual requirement for variation margin. Goldman Sachs is a registered deposit taking institution and therefore monies posted to it are held under banking regulation rather than in accordance with FSA client money rules.

The Fund has operated a separate bank account since 1 April 2010 with Lloyd's TSB Bank plc, which is also banker to the Administering Authority. The bank holds an A+ long term credit rating with Standard and Poor. Cash is not invested with Co-op but is placed with institutions on the Administering Authority's approved counter-party list. The management of cash is carried out by the Treasury Management function of the Administering Authority in accordance with the treasury management policy and strategy approved by the Essex Pension Board. The Board have approved the management of cash in accordance with the policies and practices followed by the Administering Authority for its own investments as outlined in the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management in the Public Services. The Authority sets detailed credit criteria having taken independent advice and has maximum exposure limits to any single institution. Details of such are shown in the table below. At 31 March 2011 **f13.150m** was under management by the Administering Authority's Treasury Management Team. Over the last five financial years the Pension Fund has no experience of default or uncollectible deposits.

The majority of the cash held by the Fund's custodian, the Bank of New York Mellon (BNY Mellon) is swept overnight to one of two AAA rated money market funds. The historical experience of default from AAA rated entities detailed in the table below is nil. As at 31 March 2011, the total balance held in the sterling, US dollar and Euro AAA money market funds was **f69.944m**, with a smaller balance of **f6.477m** held in the BNY Mellon current account. The use of a money market fund provides an underlying diversification of counter-party and avoids exposure to a single institutional balance sheet, in this case the custodian.

The following table summarises the maximum exposure to credit risk of the cash held with the Administering Authority's Treasury Management Team and the Bank of New York Mellon.

	31 March 2011 £000	Maximum limit per Financial Institution	Historical risk of default un	Estimated maximum exposure to default and collectability
		£000	%	£000
Cash managed by Essex County Council				
Deposit with bank and other financial institutions				
AA Rated	7,610	10,000	0.03%	2
A Rated	5,540	5,000	0.08%	4
Cash managed by The Bank of New York Mellon - Other				
Deposit with bank and other financial institutions				
AAA Rated	69,944	60,000	-	-
AA Rated	6,628	-	0.03%	2
A Rated	165	-	0.08%	-
Total	89,887	75,000		8

The table below provides a breakdown of where the Pension Fund cash is managed:

2008/09 £000	2009/10 £000	Cash	2010/11 £000
		Cash managed externally	
		Cash held on deposit	
78,973 2,542 4,371 - -	59,077 3,290 1,930 - -	BNP Paribas Investment Partners Currency - GBP Currency - US\$ Currency - EURO € BNY Mellon Liquidity Fund Currency - GBP Currency - US\$ Currency - EURO €	20,658 4,643 3,524 17,924 848 22,347
		Cash held in Current Account	22,34/
15,664 50	28,210 50	The Bank of New York Mellon Barclays plc	6,477 151
2,282	159	Cash held in a Margin Account	165
103,882	92,716	Total cash managed externally	76,737
		Cash managed internally	
14,413	5,065	Cash held on deposit	
	- -	Barclays Bank Royal Bank of Scotland Group Santander UK	7,000 5,000 610
		Cash held in Current Account	
	-	Lloyds TSB Bank plc	540
14,413	5,065	Total cash managed internally	13,150
118,295	97,781	Total	89,887

Credit risk will be considered by the Fund's bond managers in their portfolio construction. A bond is a saleable debt instrument issued by a corporation, government or other entity, the instrument may be purchased direct from the issuer or in the secondary market. In addition to passive manager, Legal & General, the Fund has two active bond managers M&G Investments (M&G) and Goldman Sachs Asset Management (GSAM). M&G manage pooled assets against a LIBOR plus benchmark. At 31 March 2011, the average credit quality of this mandate was A+ rated and the portfolio had suffered 4 defaults since inception. GSAM manage pooled assets against the iBoxx Sterlling Non Gilts index. At 31 March 2011 the average credit quality of this mandate was an AA- rated and the portfolio had suffered no defaults since inception.

Liquidity Risk

The majority of the Fund's investments are quoted on major stock markets and are in readily realisable form. The Fund's strategic allocation to property and partnership investments, which are relatively illiquid, was as a result of a review of strategic asset allocation on 23 February 2011, 22.5% of the Fund's assets. The Fund is relatively immature with almost as many contributors as pensioners, dependants and deferred pensioners. In consequence the Fund has a positive cash flow and is able to pay benefits from contributions received. As the Fund is not in the position of a forced seller, i.e. it does not need to sell assets in order to pay benefits, it is considered appropriate to hold such investments to increase diversification, minimise risk and improve long-term investment performance.

Market Risk

Market risk is inherent in the investments that the Fund makes. To mitigate market risk the investments are made in a diversified pool of asset classes and investment approaches to ensure a risk adjusted balance between categories. The Fund takes formal advice from its independent investment consultant (Hymans Robertson LLP) and the portfolio is split between a number of managers and investment strategies with different benchmarks and performance targets. Full details can be found in the Statement of Investment Principles shown in of the Pension Fund Report and Accounts and is also available from the website www.essexpensionfund.co.uk. Investment risk and strategy are regularly reviewed by the Investment Steering Committee.

Interest rate risk primarily impacts on the valuation of the Funds' bond holdings and to a lesser degree the return it receives on cash held. As detailed above, the Fund has one passive bond mandate with Legal & General. For the M&G and GSAM portfolios bond exposure is actively managed.

Currency risk is the extent to which the pension fund is exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates and the impact these fluctuations have on the Sterling valuation of assets denominated in foreign currency. To partly mitigate this risk the Fund has a currency overlay programme in place the details of which can be found in note 9.

Price risk is the risk of volatility (+/-) in the price (valuation) of the assets held by the Fund. The level of volatility will vary by asset class and also over time. The Fund has some

diversification in the asset classes in which it invests, which seeks to reduce the correlation of price movements between different asset types, while employing specialist investment managers to best deploy capital in line with the Funds overall strategy. The Local Government investment regulations contain prescribed limits to avoid over-concentration in specific areas.

Custody

The Fund has appointed BNY Mellon as a global custodian with responsibility for safeguarding the assets of the Fund. As at 31 December 2010 BNY Mellon had \$25.0 trillion of assets under custody - making it the world's largest global custodian – and had a credit rating of AA-. The existing custody contract commenced in 2006. The contract is due for retender during 2010/11 in which time a procurement process will be undertaken. Monthly reconciliations are performed between the underlying records of the custodian and all investment managers and partnerships of the Fund.

Investment Management

The Fund has appointed a number of segregated and pooled fund managers to manage portions of the Fund. An Investment Management Agreement is in place for each relationship. All appointments meet the requirements set out in the LGPS (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2009. Reports on manager performance are monitored by the Investment Steering Committee on a quarterly. The Fund makes use of a third party performance measurement service BNY Mellon Performance & Risk Analytics Europe Limited. In addition to presenting to the Investment Steering Committee, managers also meet with Fund officers and advisers to review progress

Sensitivity of funding position to market conditions and investment performance When preparing the formal valuation the Actuary takes the assets of the fund at market value on the valuation date. Volatility in investment performance as a result of market risk factors can have an immediate and tangible effect on the funding level and deficit. This is particularly relevant because the Fund is invested predominantly invested in riskier (and historically higher return) assets such as equities and equity-like investments (e.g. property). A rise or fall in the level of equity prices can have a direct impact on the financial position of the Fund.

Less obvious is the effect of anticipated investment performance on the Fund's liability to pay future pension benefits. Here the returns available on government bonds (gilts) are important, as the discount rate that is used to place a value on liabilities is the gilt yield at the valuation date plus a margin of 2.5% per annum (pre retirement) and 1.0% per annum (post retirement). Effectively if the gilt yield rises the discount rate will increase and all other things being equal the value placed on liabilities will fall. If the fund was invested entirely in gilts rather than potentially higher returning assets the discount rate would be lower as no margin for performance over gilts could be assumed.

14. Further information

The Council publishes a separate Pension Fund Report and Accounts. Copies may be obtained from the website <u>www.essexpensionfund.co.uk</u> or contacting:

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