

Resourcing Essex Works Budget & Corporate Plan 2010-11

Delivering the Best Quality of Life in Britain





Contents

Contents	1
Part 1: Budget & Corporate Plan	5
	_
Leader's Statement	
Chief Executive's Foreword	
Essex Works: A Continuing Vision	8
Pledges	9
Outcomes	10
Putting the Customer First » Satisfied Customers	
Putting the Customer First » Greater Community Engagement	
Putting the Customer First » A Larger Role for the Third Sector	
Putting the Customer First » Keep the Heart in Essex Communities	14
Our People » Increasing Educational Achievement and Skills » A Higher-Skilled Population	
Our People » Increasing Educational Achievement and Skills » A Choice of Schools That Support Childre	
Achieve Their Potential	
Our People » Promoting Health and Leisure » A Healthier Essex	
Our People » Promoting Health and Leisure » An Olympic Legacy	18
Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support	
Services	_
Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life	
Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Essex Residents Can Determine the Services They Need to	
Achieve the Best Possible Quality of LifeOur People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Older People Are Better Able to Participate Within Their	21
Community	22
Our Economy » Improving Transport » Congestion Reduced	
Our Economy » Improving Transport » Transport Infrastructure Improved	_
Our Economy » Promoting Sustainable Economic Growth » A 'Globalised' Local Economy	
Our Economy » Promoting Sustainable Economic Growth » Essex is a Recognised Tourist Destination	_
Our Economy » Delivering Value for Money » Taxpayers' Money is Spent Wisely	
Our Economy » Delivering Value for Money » Essex Championed	
Our World » Protecting the Environment » A Cleaner, Greener Essex	29
Our World » Protecting the Environment » A Reduced Carbon Footprint for Essex	
Our World » Reducing and Recycling Waste » Less Landfill Waste and Increased Recycling and Compost	-
Our World » Making Communities Safer » Essex is the Safest Place in England	_
How We Will Deliver the Outcomes	
Our Values	
Our Approach to Risk Management	
Our Approach to Equality and Diversity	
Our Approach to Learning and Development	
Our Approach to Performance Management	
Our Relationship with our Partners	
Finances	
Overview of Key Figures	
Revenue Budget	
Capital Programme	
Revenue Reserves and Balances	
Aligning Resources to Our Priorities Detailed Figures	
Further Information	-
Key Figures	
Annex 1.1 - Revenue Budget	
Revenue Budget SummaryPutting the Customer First » Greater Community Engagement & A Larger Role for the Third Sector	
Putting the Customer First » Greater Community Engagement & A Larger Role for the Tilid Sector Putting the Customer First » Keep the Heart in Essex Communities & Satisfied Customers	
Our People » Increasing Education Achievement and Skills » A Higher Skilled Population	
2 22 pto " more as mig Laucation / temes tement and state " / tingnet state i opation in minimum.	40

	ole » Increasing Education Achievement and Skills » A Choice of Schools That Support Children to	
	Their Potential	
	<u> </u>	•
	le » Promoting Health and Leisure » An Olympic Legacy	.49
	ne » Supporting vulnerable People » Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support	E 0
	le » Supporting Vulnerable People » Vulnerable Children Given a Good Start in Life	
	le » Supporting Vulnerable People » Essex Residents Can Determine the Services They Need to	•)-
	he Best Possible Quality of Life	52
	le » Supporting Vulnerable People » Older People Are Better Able to Participate Within Their	
	ity	53
	omy » Improving Transport » Congestion Reduced & Transport Infrastructure Improved	
	omy » Promoting Sustainable Economic Growth » A 'Globalised' Local Economy & Essex is a	
	ed Tourist Destination	. 55
	omy » Delivering Value for Money » Essex Championed	
Our Worl	d » Protecting the Environment » A Cleaner, Greener Essex & A Reduced Carbon Footprint for Esse	x 57
Our Worl	d » Reducing and Recycling Waste » Less Landfill Waste and Increased Recycling and Composting	.58
Our Worl	d » Making Communities Safer » Essex is the Safest Place in England	59
Operatin	g Costs	. 60
Operatin	g Costs (continued)	61
Support	Services	. 62
Annex 1.2	- Capital Progarmme	63
Capital P	rogramme Summary	63
Schemes	Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years	64
Schemes	Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years (continued)	65
	Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years (continued)	
Schemes	Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years (continued)	67
Schemes	Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years (continued)	. 68
Schemes	Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years (continued)	. 69
Schemes	Starting in 2010-11	70
	Starting in 2010-11 (continued)	
	e Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years	
	e Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years	
	e Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years	
	e Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years	
	- Trading Activity Financial Plans	
	activity Financial Plans	
	- Reserves and Balances	
Reserves	and Balances	. 82
Annex 1.5	- Performance Measures	83
	nce Measures	
	nce Measures (continued)	
Performa	nce Measures (continued)	85

Part 2: Portfolio Budgets	87
Portfolio Budgets	88
Format of the Budget	
Scheme of Virement	
Annex 2.1 - Revenue Budget	01
Revenue Budget Summary	•
Deputy Leader (DSG)	-
Deputy Leader (Non-DSG)	
Education & 2012 Games (DSG)	
Education & 2012 Games (Non-DSG)	
Education & 2012 Games (Lee Valley & 2012 Games)	
Adults, Health and Community Wellbeing (Adult Social Care)	
Adults, Health and Community Wellbeing (Community Services)	98
Highways and Transportation	99
Chief Whip, Environment and Waste	100
Leader	101
Localism and Planning	
Heritage, Culture and the Arts	
Central Services	-
Finance and Change Management	
Other Operating Costs	
Recharged Strategic Support Services	•
Annex 2.2 – Capital Programme	108
Capital Programme Summary	108
Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Earlier Years	
Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Earlier Years (continued)	
Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Earlier Years (continued)	
Schemes Starting in 2010-11	
Schemes Starting in 2010-11 (continued)	
Schemes Starting in 2010-11 (continued)	
Schemes Starting in 2010-11 (continued)	
Indicative Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years	
Indicative Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years (continued)	
Indicative Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years (continued)	
Part 3: Prudential Indicators, Treasury Management Strategy &	Revenue
Provision for Debt Repayment Policy	119
Introduction	120
Background	120
Prudential Code	120
Treasury Management Code / Investments Guidance	121
Revenue Provision for the Repayment of Debt	121
Prudential Indicators	122
Context	
Capital Expenditure Plans	
Capital Financing Requirement	
Net Borrowing and the Capital Financing Requirement	
External Debt	_
Ratio of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Streams	
Incremental Impact of Capital Investment Decisions on Council Tax	125
Treasury Management	125
Summary	

Treasury Management Strategy	126
Introduction	
Borrowing and Investment Projections	•
Interest Rates	·
Sensitivity to Interest Rate Movements	
Borrowing Strategy	
Investment Strategy	
Treasury Management Advisors	
Other Matters	
Revenue Provision for the Repayment of Debt Policy	
Introduction	
Prudent Provision	
Revenue Provision for Debt Repayment Policy 2010-11	
Annex 3.1 - Prudential Indicators	
Prudential Indicators	
Prudential Indicators	
Annex 3.2 – Treasury Management Strategy	
Treasury Management Summary	
Annex 3.3 - Counterparty Criteria for Investments	
Counterparty Criteria for Investments	
Annex 3.4 – Credit Ratings	143
Credit Ratings	
Annex 3.5 – Treasury Management Strategy	146
Treasury Management Policy Statement	146
Annex 3.6 – Treasury Management Practices	147
Treasury Management Practices (TMPs)	147
Dout . Coation Office de Donard Davierre of the	Oudest and the Adequesis of
Part 4: Section 151 Officer's Report: Review of the	
Reserves	153
Review of the Budget and the Adequacy of Reserves	15/
Introduction	
Summary and Recommendation	
Background to the Budget	
Assessment of Risks	
Demand Pressures	
Benefits Realisation	
Inflation and Contract Prices	
Other Quantified Risks	
Unquantified Risks	——————————————————————————————————————
Steps to Minimise and Manage Risk	
The Adequacy of Reserves and Balances	
Projected Level of Reserves and Balances	150
Repayment of Reserves	
Rules of Engagement	
Conclusion	
CUIICIUSIUII	102
Part 5: Feedback Form	163
	_
Feedback Form	164



Resourcing Essex *Works*Budget & Corporate Plan 2010-11

Delivering the best quality of life in Britain

Part 1: Budget & Corporate Plan



Leader's Statement

This is the first Essex County Council Budget and Corporate Plan. It brings together our vision and ambitions for the county with the financial decisions that need to be made.

I introduce this, our first Essex *Works* Budget and Corporate Plan, in the most difficult economic climate for generations. A 'perfect storm' has arisen whereby funding from central government is under threat while at the same time Essex residents and businesses need our support more than ever before.

The choices that we have made and are articulated in this document have not been easy. But they are the choices that responsible leadership requires. We cannot ask for large council tax increases while families are struggling to get by. We must ensure that taxpayers' money is spent wisely and that we deliver services that provide residents with what they need. To achieve this we need a focus on front line delivery, cutting back bureaucracy wherever possible. To this end I have committed the local authority to deliver £300 million of savings by 2012-13.

Fortunately as a Council we sought to 'fix the roof while the sun was shining'. We have already made significant savings and efficiencies (£28 million in 2008-09 and we are on track to deliver £59 million in 2009-10) but £300 million is a challenging target and to achieve it we recognised the need to make significant savings in the way we operate.

That is why we have started a transformation programme to make substantial further improvements to how the council operates. We decided to seek an external partner to help us deliver this programme and after a rigorous procurement process we chose a globally recognised leader in IBM. In partnership with them we will be able to truly deliver 'more with less' and avoid cuts to the services that our customers value.

The economic situation has done nothing to dent our determination to provide the best quality of life in Britain. We continue to be at the forefront of innovation in order to help residents and businesses, and have introduced a series of measures to aid them. These measures included a comprehensive benefit take-up campaign, a £100 council tax rebate for vulnerable households and the Banking on Essex programme which, run in partnership with Santander, gives business advice and access to credit to well-run local companies.

Thanks to the reforms we have started and will continue to undertake, Essex County Council is already performing better and we are determined to provide our residents with the community leadership and high quality services that they require now more than ever. Essex is blessed with a hard-working and entrepreneurial population and together I am confident that we can come out of the recession stronger than ever.

Leader of the Council

Chief Executive's Foreword

Providing the best quality of life in Britain remains the County Council's core ambition, even in these straitened times.

We are two years into the delivery of Essex *Works* and I am extremely pleased at the progress we have made. There are still many ways in which we can improve but I believe, thanks to the hard work and commitment of our staff, we have made significant strides towards our goal of providing the best quality of life in Britain.

Over the last twelve months the task has got harder. Essex County Council is determined to help those families, businesses and individuals who have suffered because of the recession. In particular we are determined to reduce the number of 'NEETs' (young people 'not in education, employment or training') by giving the young people of Essex opportunities to show their potential. This is shown by this year's pledge to help 1,750 young apprentices embark upon their career.

While the recession has created new challenges and new priorities, it is crucial that we do not lose sight of our other tasks. The needs of those who require social care must be provided for in a way that ensures they can maintain their dignity and keep autonomy over their own lives. We have a duty to help Essex reduce its carbon footprint. We are determined to make Essex the safest place in the country. And, most importantly, we remain committed to radical improvement of our children's services to make Essex a great place to grow up whatever your background.

All of this must be achieved against a backdrop where our ability to secure the funding necessary to run our services is being sorely tested. We are expecting significantly reduced settlements from central government and less income from rates and charges. This means we must redouble our efforts to drive through efficiencies and provide true value for money. Our successes so far should give us the confidence to meet the more difficult tasks ahead of us.

This year, as part of the evolution of Essex *Works*, we introduce 22 high level outcomes to articulate our key priorities. These outcomes demonstrate the complex reality of public services in the 21st century but they are also an acknowledgement that citizens experience our services 'in the round' and we must offer them not a series of disconnected activities but one seamless service. That is why two outcomes underpin everything we do - 'Satisfied Customers' and 'Ensure Taxpayers' Money is Spent Wisely'.

Delivering these outcomes requires clear direction from the Corporate Leadership Team but it also requires a commitment and sense of service from all those working in the council. I see this commitment everyday in the work done by the staff at Essex County Council and I hope that these challenges will encourage all of us to drive out needless bureaucracy and strive even further to provide the best services we possibly can.

Chief Executive

Essex Works: A Continuing Vision

Essex Works was introduced in 2008 to help Essex County Council deliver the best quality of life in Britain. It identified three key delivery programmes: Our People, Our World, and Our Economy through which the Council would seek to provide a better quality of life for all its residents. Underpinning these three delivery programmes, and embedded in everything we do, is our ultimate priority 'Putting the Customer First'.

This remains the philosophy of Essex County Council. It recognises that priorities should be shaped by the demands of the people of Essex and that this requires a flexible and nimble organisation which is not hidebound by bureaucratic divisions. When our residents get in contact with the council they expect one service which can help with all their problems rather than feel they are dealing with a series of unconnected businesses. This is why Essex *Works* is creating a 'holistic' service which provides our customers with what they need in a way that suits them.

In order to ensure that we continue to meet our customers' needs, we have identified the 22 key outcomes we have to deliver in order to provide the best quality of life possible for people who live and work in Essex. These outcomes have come out of our delivery programmes and show our ambition and direction as a council.

Each of these outcomes has a series of measures, both national and local, by which the Council's performance will be judged. These measures have been chosen not because of central government edict but because we believe they match our local needs and priorities.

A member of the Cabinet and a member of the Corporate Leadership Team have been appointed corporate lead for each outcome to make sure we deliver. This outcome may require work to be done by many different service areas within the council but there will be one senior officer and one democratically elected member who will be accountable for delivery of the outcome. They will be at the heart of all the decisions made by the council and will ensure that the focus is always on providing the best local services for the customer rather than worrying about bureaucratic targets from central government.

Pledges

Every year as part of the Essex *Works* programme, we make nine pledges to the Essex public that we are committed to deliver by the end of the year. This shows what our priorities are and allows the public to check on whether we are delivering against our promises.

[2010-11 pledges to be inserted after presentation of the budget on 9 February]

Outcomes

Our Corporate Plan outcomes demonstrate the areas we consider crucial to ensure that our residents enjoy the highest quality of life.

Essex *Works* is grounded in a detailed understanding of our communities' wants, needs and aspirations. An extensive ongoing programme of consultation has helped us to identify the following key priorities for our residents and the programmes by which we deliver them.



The introduction of an outcome based budget and corporate plan develops this process a stage further. When our residents assess how we are doing as a council they're not interested in bureaucratic outputs but real-life outcomes such as good schools, safe streets and a thriving local economy. This is why we have articulated our activities and plans in terms of 22 outcomes which are relevant to the residents of Essex. Planning and budgeting will be decided from the citizen's viewpoint rather than by organisational structures and so break down silos within Essex County Council, and increasingly in all public services across the county.

This document articulates each outcome explaining what we mean by it, how much we spend on it and how we will judge our performance.

Putting the Customer First » Satisfied Customers

Satisfied Customers

Satisfying customers is embedded in everything we do. £2.7m gross revenue expenditure is directly attributable to this outcome.

What do we mean by it?

83% of Essex citizens expressed that they feel satisfied with their locality as a place to live. (Source: Essex County Place Survey 2009)

Our customers are the 1.4 million citizens of Essex as well as the hundreds of thousands who come to the county every year for work and leisure. They are the people who we provide our services for and it is our mission to make sure that all of them come away satisfied with the service they have received.

Essex County Council has a duty to provide services which maintain and increase the quality of life for its residents and ensure that they enjoy living in Essex. Ultimately the decision about whether these services are being delivered effectively rests with our customers, the people of Essex. Satisfying them is the reason we are here and how we should be judged.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Satisfying customers must be central to everything we do. It should be reflected in how we rate the performance of our staff and in where we put resources. All our staff will be judged on how they have responded to customer's needs. We also recognise that it is crucial that, when mistakes are made, we redouble our efforts to make sure the problem is fixed as easily and helpfully as possible and that we learn from them and are able to avoid them in the future.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Improved satisfaction with those who use Essex County Council services.
- Improved satisfaction by residents with Essex as a place to live.

Links to other outcomes

This is an over-arching outcome that links to all other outcomes.

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Corporate lead for the outcome			
Cabinet Member	Lead Officer		
Leader	Chief Executive		

Putting the Customer First » Greater Community Engagement

Greater Community Engagement

£32.1m gross revenue expenditure plus £1.5m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

'The majority (79%) of people in England agreed that feeling able to influence local decisions was important to them. Half said they would like to be more involved in decisions affecting their local area' (Source: Department for Communities and Local Government, '2007 -08 Citizenship Survey')

Responsible, engaged and informed residents are the greatest resource our county has. Essex County Council encourages and enables active citizenship through more volunteering and increased participation in the sports and arts.

Essex County Council has a duty not only to provide crucial services to its citizens but also to act as a community leader. A community which has high levels of participation in local projects and activities is likely to be happier, treat each other with more respect and provide a greater quality of life to all its citizens. Moreover it is through participation that residents are best able to shape their local area, both through interaction with the council and private initiatives. That is why we are determined to provide people with the networks and information they need to start participating more in the community.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- A rural programme to make sure those living in the countryside are able to participate fully in society.
- An Integrated Youth Service to provide positive activities
- Venues for communities to come together.
- Programmes to support active citizenship among young people.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- More people feeling informed about public services.
- More volunteering in Essex.
- More people who feel they can influence decisions.
- Increased participation in sports, arts and physical activity.

Links to other outcomes

- Essex Championed.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.
- A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member Leader

Lead Officer

Assistant Chief Executive Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

Putting the Customer First » A Larger Role for the Third Sector

A Larger Role for the Third Sector

£6.2m gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

We believe that government has a duty to ensure that vital public services are provided, but also recognise that a private enterprise, charity or community organisation is often able to provide these services better than a government agency can.

(Source: EssexWorks. Our vision for the best quality of life in Britain, 2008)

An increased role in Essex society for voluntary, community and not for profit organisations with more people participating and benefiting from their services.

We believe that the third sector plays a crucial role in creating strong communities. Nearly half of all Essex residents currently volunteer, making it the norm in many communities. We want to see this number increase until volunteering is a regular part of life across the entire county. A visible third sector provides crucial social ties within and between communities and offers many ways for citizens to improve their quality of life and develop new skills and friendships.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Leading partnerships of public and third sector organisation aimed at tackling important challenges such as health issues.
- Enhancing the Voluntary Sector Compact so the voluntary sector and communities have an empowering framework to help them to fulfil their ambitions.
- Helping create markets for third sector organisations in areas where they can provide a good service, such as Adult Social Care and Adult Community Learning's Neighbourhood Learning in Deprived Communities programme.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- The Third Sector feeling supported to operate successfully.
- More volunteering in Essex.

Links to other outcomes

- Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services.
- Essex is the Safest Place in England.
- Older People are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community.
- Greater Community Engagement.
- Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- Essex Residents Can Determine and Control the Service They Need to Achieve the Best Possible Qualify of Life

	Essex Residents can betermine and control the Service mey need to Achieve the Best 1 ossible Quality of Life.			
	Corporate lead for the outcome			
	Cabinet Member	Lead Officer		
Leader		Assistant Chief Executive		
		Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration		
1				

Putting the Customer First » Keep the Heart in Essex Communities

Keep the Heart in Essex Communities

£14.0m gross revenue expenditure plus £5.8m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

61% of Essex residents feel strongly about their affiliation to the local neighbourhood (Source: Essex County Place Survey 2009)

A collection of houses does not make a community; Essex towns and villages need to maintain a sense of community and remain attractive places to live. We provide services such as libraries that bring people together and also protect and improve the environment in which people live.

A sense of place stands at the heart of everything we do. People's quality of life improves when they are able to live in homes which feel connected to the community around them. We want to make sure that residents can enjoy good local facilities, that local businesses are able to flourish and that people do not feel compelled to always travel elsewhere in order to have the things they want.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Delivery of a first-class library service.
- Caring and protecting for the natural and historic environment.
- Planning teams to make sure new houses can become part of communities.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- An increase in physical visits to, and a higher number of active members at, Essex Libraries.
- Improved access to services by residents of Essex in rural areas.

Links to other outcomes

- Essex is the Safest Place in England.
- Greater Community Engagement.
- Congestion Reduced.
- A Cleaner, Greener Essex.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Transport Infrastructure Improved.
- A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Members

Cabinet Member for Localism & Planning / Cabinet Member for Heritage, Culture & the Arts

Lead Officer

Assistant Chief Executive Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

Our People » Increasing Educational Achievement and Skills » A Higher-Skilled Population

A Higher-Skilled Population

£32.7m gross revenue expenditure plus £1.1m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

41% of the working age population of Essex have Level 3 qualifications – compared to 47% nationally. (Source: Office of National Statistics Annual Population Survey, 2008)

We will help Essex's workforce to enjoy productive and rewarding lives, by gaining the skills and qualifications necessary to be attractive employees.

In the modern economy the demand for skilled labour is increasing rapidly and it is crucial that the people of Essex are in a position to take advantage of this. Currently Essex is just behind the national average in terms of higher skilled individuals and we are determined to help more people improve their skill levels. Greater skills will increase individuals' opportunities while also raising productivity levels in Essex based businesses and encourage new businesses to start up and invest in Essex, providing greater levels of employment in the county.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Provision of Apprenticeships scheme for young people in Essex.
- Provision of advice for young people not in employment, education or training.
- Adult Community Learning courses which provide people with necessary life skills, employability skills and vocational qualifications.
- Up-skilling programme for people of all ages.
- STEP programme to find young people summer placements.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Higher numbers of people between 19 and 64 with a recognised skill level.
- Fewer 16-18 year olds not in education, employment or training (NEET).

Links to other outcomes

- Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential.

Corporate lead for the outcome Cabinet Member Leader Leader Assistant Chief Executive Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

Our People » Increasing Educational Achievement and Skills » A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential

A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential

£961.4m gross revenue expenditure plus £158.9m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

The primary objective of our education system should be equipping young people with the knowledge and skills they need in order to succeed – not just in the economic sense, but also in other areas of their life, such as health and wellbeing, community engagement and forming positive relationships.

(Source : IPPR, 2009, Thursday's Child)

Essex County Council works to make sure that all schools in the county are able to support children's attainment so that parents have good options in where they send their child and that all children are able to be educated in a well-run and well-resourced school.

Essex's children are the county's future. We want our children to grow up to be productive citizens who contribute to the community and are equipped with the skills to prosper in a modern economy. This means ensuring that all children are able to attend a school that is suitable for them whether that is one providing an academic focus or first class vocational training. The best way to increase choice is to raise the standard of schools by reducing the number of failing schools and supporting investment in and expansion of successful schools.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Providing high quality teaching staff for all our schools.
- Provision of Home to School Transport for all children who need it to attend local schools.
- Support for children with Special Educational Needs and disabilities.
- Building World Class teaching facilities.
- Providing high quality governors to maintain standards in schools.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Higher overall standards at the Early Years Foundation Stage, Key Stage 2 and GCSE.
- Fewer schools in special measures.
- Fewer children absent from primary or secondary school.
- Fewer schools who do not meet minimum requirements at Key Stage 2 and GCSE.
- Higher percentage of schools whose pupils are judged to have good or outstanding behaviour.
 - More pupils who enjoy school most/all of the time.

Links to other outcomes

- Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Essex is the Safest Place in England.
- Greater Community Engagement.
- An Olympic Legacy.
- Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member
Cabinet Member for
Education & the 2012 Games

Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Schools, Children & Families

Our People » Promoting Health and Leisure » A Healthier Essex

A Healthier Essex

£19.3m gross revenue expenditure plus £9.5m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

Only three of Essex's twelve districts areas exceed the England average for undertaking moderate physical activity three times a week.

(Source: Essex Joint Strategic Needs Assessment, 2008)

Essex County Council provides many services for its residents to ensure they have healthier and more active lifestyles and are able to live in environments which are conducive to good physical or mental health.

Good health is crucial to personal well being. Ill health costs us all. It is important that we act to prevent future illness through improving people's living environment and encouraging healthier and more active behaviour. It is also important that we are able to give people the support they need when they do fall ill and work hard to reduce those health inequalities that exist in Essex.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Activities to encourage children and young people to experience and adopt healthy, active lifestyles.
- Promoting opportunities and optimising access to facilities for all residents to undertake leisure and physical activities.
- Maintaining and developing healthy lifestyles for older people.
- Sport Essex Programme to promote participation in sport across the county.
- Guidance to help people with mental health issues return employment or education.
- Liaison with the PCTs to adopt preventative measures to stop people suffering from ill health.
- Colchester Cycling Town initiative.
- Liaison with the Drug and Alcohol team on health issues.
- Adult Community Learning health and fitness opportunities.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- A narrowing of the gap between the areas with the lowest and highest life expectancy in Essex.
- A reduction in obesity in people across Essex and increased participation in sport by adults and children.
- More people giving up smoking.
- Fewer alcohol related admissions to hospital.
- More people who feel they have good health.
- Older people increasing saying they receive information, assistance and support needed to help them live independently.
- More people with mental health problems helped into employment or education.
- A reduction in teenage pregnancy in Essex.
- More children walking or cycling safely to school.
- Fewer emergency admissions to hospital.
- A reduction in the number of people abusing alcohol.

Links to other outcomes

- Transport Infrastructure Improved.
- Older People are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community.
- A reduced carbon footprint for Essex.
- Congestion Reduced.
- Essex Residents Can Determine and Control the Service They Need to Achieve the Best Possible Qualify of Life.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life.
- A Cleaner, Greener Essex.
- A Safer Essex.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member
Cabinet Member for
Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing

Lead Officer
Director for Public Health

Our People » Promoting Health and Leisure » An Olympic Legacy

An Olympic Legacy

£o.8m gross revenue expenditure plus £o.6m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

The gross benefits to Essex from the London 2012 Olympic Games and Paralympic Games could exceed £139 million.

(Source: East of England Development Agency, Economic Impact Study of the London 2012 Olympic Games and Paralympic Games, July 2006).

We will secure a legacy from the London 2012 Olympic Games and Paralympic Games by increasing the numbers of people living in Essex participating in volunteering, physical activity and sports

We are determined that Essex makes the most of the increased interest in the area that will come from hosting the 2012 Olympics Mountain Bike Competition at Hadleigh Farm and the convenience of Essex as a base for events in Stratford. In addition we want to capture the excitement securing the Olympics has created to encourage greater levels of participation in sports by Essex residents.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Successful preparation and hosting of the 2012 Olympics Mountain Bike Competition at Hadleigh Farm.
- Support sport.exl in the awarding of grants and bursaries to ensure that Essex children and young people with great sporting potential are able to fully realise their talents.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Increased participation in sports, arts and physical activity.
- More volunteering in Essex.

Links to other outcomes

- Essex Championed.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Essex is a recognised tourist destination.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member

Cabinet Member for Education & the 2012 Games

Lead Officer

Assistant Chief Executive Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services

Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services

£59.7m gross revenue expenditure plus £27.5m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

There has been a longstanding consensus among charities, partners in local authorities and national governments across the UK that prevention is both intuitively and demonstrably better than cure.

(Source: Backing the Future: why investing in children is good for us all, New Economics Foundation)

We provide services to families to help them give their children a better start in life and run monitoring programmes to make sure that families receive support before problems become more serious.

We believe that, in all its different forms, the family unit is usually the best way to raise children. However many families go through periods of great strain and need help to make it through them. Through early intervention, we can help provide outcomes which are better for all concerned.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Provision of Sure Start Centres.
- Parenting programmes and family learning.
- Liaising with Adult Social Care Services to identify vulnerable adults with children.
- Extended schools core offer providing activities, childcare and parenting support in schools.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- A reduction in teenage pregnancy in Essex.
- Fewer high or very high risk incidents of domestic violence becoming repeat incidents.
- A reduction in the proportion of children in poverty.
- Families receiving better support to help them give their children a better start to life.
- A reduction in the numbers of young people misusing harmful substances.

Links to other outcomes

- Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life.
- Essex is the Safest Place in England.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member Deputy Leader Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Schools, Children & Families

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life

Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life

£124.3m gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

In 2005, 3% of young people looked after by Essex County Council entered higher education compared to 45% of all students; and in 2006, 11.9% obtained 5 or more A*-C grades at GCSE compared to 59% of all students. (Source: Essex Joint Strategic Needs Assessment, 2008)

We are determined to ensure that those children who find themselves in vulnerable circumstances do not fall behind academically or socially.

We believe that all children have the potential to make a success of their lives and that all efforts should be made to make sure that disadvantaged children are able to fully participate in society. Looked after children are more likely to suffer mental health problems and under-achieve at school. It is one of the key duties of a council to make sure that these children are protected and can enjoy their childhood.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Fostering services.
- Adoption services.
- High quality staff to support Looked After Children.
- Pupil Referral Units.
- Assessments by health visitors, school nurses and mental health professionals.
- Lead professionals with the skills to assess and monitor children at risk.
- Action to provide fair access for those children who are hard to place.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Improved stability in the placements of Looked After Children.
- A higher educational attainment and less absence from school achieved by Looked After Children.
- A reduced gap in education between children with special educational needs and those without.
- Improvement in the emotional and behavioural health of looked after children.
- Looked after children receiving regular health check ups.

Links to other outcomes

- Essex is the Safest Place in England.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services.
- A higher-skilled population.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector

- A Larger Role for the filling Sector.			
Corporate lead for the outcome			
Cabinet Member	Lead Officer		
Deputy Leader	Executive Director for		
	Schools, Children & Families		

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Essex Residents Can Determine the Services They Need to Achieve the Best Possible Quality of Life

Essex Residents Can Determine and Control the Services They Need to Achieve the Best Possible Quality of Life

£470.5m gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

The People purchasing services are the people who best know what their needs are and what will meet them (Source: ACEVO, 2009, Making It Personal: A Social Market Revolution)

We provide services to make sure that all of our residents are able to make the most of their lives, that the most vulnerable are safeguarded from harm and abuse, and that people with disabilities have the same opportunities as non-disabled people.

We know that the best placed person to decide what care regime is right for someone is that person themselves. That is why we are handing over as much control as is practical to the individual. Giving people true choice means providing them with high quality options that promote individual independence. Whether individuals choose to use council services or spend their budget personally, our role is to give people the support they need to make the most out of their life.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- High Quality Assessments for those who might need our services.
- Emergency Out of Hours team for immediate social service needs.
- Rigorous Safeguarding measures.
- Self Directed Support Practitioners to help residents take control of their care.
- Residential care and nursing.
- Effective social care and assessments.
- Provision of residential care for those who are unable to stay at home.
- Provision of foundation learning and independent living and employability skills.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- A higher number of citizens benefiting from direct payments and personal budgets.
- More older people and carers increasingly saying they receive information, assistance and support needed to help them live independently.
- More support given to children and adults in a timely manner where this is needed and more support working towards agreed outcomes.
- More timely and quality reviews and assessments for vulnerable children and adults.
- More vulnerable people achieving independent living.
- More adults with learning disabilities and mental health problems in settled accommodation and in paid employment or education.

Links to other outcomes

- Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Older People are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community.
- Greater Community Engagement.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member
Cabinet Member for
Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing

Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Older People Are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community

Older People are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community

£41.om gross revenue expenditure plus £13.1m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

If we are to ensure our future is one in which everyone can flourish, we must look ahead, to identify opportunities to make our communities work better for older people

(Source: Future Communities: Re-shaping our society for older people, Help the Aged, 2009)

We want to make sure that our elderly population is able to stay at home for as long as possible and have the resources and facilities to get out and make the most of life in their community rather than become trapped in their homes.

As a county, we have an increasing number of elderly people and it is crucial that we help them to enjoy not just longer lives but richer ones. Making sure that all our citizens are able to be independent for as long as possible is crucial for both the individual and the community to which they contribute so much.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Supporting people through extra care and supported living.
- Social Care Direct service so that those who have social care needs can discuss them with someone and receive support at any time.
- Re-ablement service for older people who need support regaining their independence after ill health or time spent in hospital.
- Provision of telecare equipment and services.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- More vulnerable people achieving independent living.
- Increased support, advice and information given to carers.
- More older people feeling they receive information, assistance and support needed to help them live independently.
- More older people using telecare to enable them to live at home.

Links to other outcomes

- Essex Residents Can Determine and Control the Service They Need to Achieve the Best Possible Qualify of Life.
- Congestion Reduced.
- Greater Community Engagement.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Transport Infrastructure Improved.
- A large role for the third sector.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member

Cabinet Member for Adults. Health & Community Wellbeing

Lead Officer

Executive Director for Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing

Our Economy » Improving Transport » Congestion Reduced

Congestion Reduced

£20.5m gross revenue expenditure plus £8.6m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

Congestion is considered among the three most important areas which are in need of improvement in Essex. (Source: Ipsos MORI survey, Evaluating EssexWorks, 2009).

Congestion causes stress and costs money. We work to achieve a reduction in the average vehicle journey time throughout the council, particularly during peak hours

The residents of Essex should not find themselves regularly having to deal with congested roads. For Essex's economy to continue to grow we need to make sure we have a functioning road system which makes transporting people and goods across the county easy and reliable. Moreover congested roads lead to greater pollution and discourage locals from getting out and exploring everything Essex has to offer.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Congestion and traffic management including working with bus companies to ensure punctual bus services.
- Providing accurate and easy to access information about public transport services in the county.
- Programmes to make it more attractive to cycle and walk.
- Working with bus companies to make sure fares are reasonable and bus routes are helpful to passengers.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Reduced average vehicle journey time during the rush hour.
- Recognition by residents that congestion is reducing in Essex.
- Children travelling to school by more sustainable modes of transport.

Links to other outcomes

- A reduced carbon footprint for Essex.
- Transport Infrastructure Improved.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.
- Older People are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member
Cabinet Member for
Highways & Transportation

Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Environment, Sustainability & Highways

Our Economy » Improving Transport » Transport Infrastructure Improved

Transport Infrastructure Improved

£85.2m gross revenue expenditure plus £33.7m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

Transport systems play a role in attracting businesses and employees to an area. As well as improving economic productivity and giving high value for money, investing in the UK's infrastructure can yield significant gains in public services and living standards

(Source: HM Government, 2006, The Eddington Transport Study)

Essex County Council is responsible for the roads, cycle paths and walkways of Essex. We provide high quality infrastructure which will improve the options and quality of travel within the county, including through supporting effective bus routes.

Essex's popularity as a place to live and work has led to growing demands on our transport system. This means that, in order to make sure citizens can easily travel across the county by bus, car, bicycle or foot, we need to maintain and update our transport infrastructure.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Maintaining high quality highways throughout the county including footpaths and cycle paths.
- Implementing improvements across the transport network.
- Providing bus services to areas of the county that are not commercially viable for private businesses.
- Providing community transport services.
- Major Transport Schemes to aid economic growth.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Fewer roads where maintenance should be considered.
- Increased cycling in major towns in Essex.
- More footpaths and rights of way which are easy to use.
- A higher number of people using and being satisfied with bus services.

Links to other outcomes

- A reduced carbon footprint for Essex.
- Congestion Reduced.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.
- Older People are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member Cabinet Member for Highways & Transportation Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Environment, Sustainability & Highways

Our Economy » Promoting Sustainable Economic Growth » A 'Globalised' Local Economy

A 'Globalised' Local Economy

£7.7m gross revenue expenditure plus £92.7m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

66% of Essex residents place inward investment, support for local businesses and commercial networking opportunities among the six most important economy-related issues.

(Source: Ipsos MORI survey, Evaluating EssexWorks, 2009)

We work to create a local economy where businesses of all sizes are able to start and prosper and which is attractive to inward investment from overseas.

A thriving economy where residents are able to find jobs close to where they live and entrepreneurs are in a position to start their own businesses is an essential part of making Essex the best place to live in England. Essex has a long history of entrepreneurship and we are committed to ensuring that it can continue to thrive, even in these difficult economic times. We are determined to maintain Essex as a great place to do business for both multinationals looking to invest in the UK and for small companies based in the county.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include

- Major Transport Schemes to aid economic growth.
- Economic recovery plans including the Banking on Essex Programme and work to increase the number of apprenticeships available in both the public and private sectors.
- Regeneration schemes in the Thames Gateway, Haven Gateway, Harlow, Chelmsford and Jaywick.
- Supporting start-up businesses in the county.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- More businesses starting up in Essex.
- More income generated within the Essex economy.
- Increased number of jobs saved and created in Essex as a result of investment.

Links to other outcomes

- Transport Infrastructure Improved.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.
- Congestion Reduced.
- A higher-skilled population.
- Essex is a recognised tourist destination.
- A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential.
- A reduced carbon footprint for Essex.

Corporate lead for the outcome Cabinet Member Leader Leader Assistant Chief Executive Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

Our Economy » Promoting Sustainable Economic Growth » Essex is a Recognised Tourist Destination

Essex is a Recognised Tourist Destination

£3.6m gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

Tourism in Essex is worth around £1.66bn to the economy. This makes Essex a significant contributor to the visitor economy of the wider region and its success - or otherwise - will therefore have a similar impact on the East of England.

(Source: visitEssex.com)

Essex is a fantastic place to visit with great attractions from Audley End House to Colchester Zoo. The council supports many of these attractions and ensures that people across the country are aware of what Essex has to offer.

Tourism in Essex is already a big success story; it makes up approximately a quarter of the tourist industry for the East of England. This is thanks to the huge range of attractions Essex has to offer tourists, from the stunning countryside of Constable to its beautiful market towns as well as one of the longest coastlines in Britain and many great tourist sites- all within easy reach of London. We want people to see the real Essex, providing the economy with an important source of income and creating a deserved image of Essex as a great place to live and visit.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- The One World, One Essex festival which will take place throughout 2010 to celebrate the full diversity of culture within the county.
- Creation of a tourism partnership to highlight Essex's attractions domestically.
- Services to support the development of an excellent Archives, Heritages and Arts scene throughout the
- A life raft trust to make sure that high quality local tourist attractions remain viable even in difficult economic times.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

More spend generated from tourism for the Essex economy.

Links to other outcomes

- A Cleaner, Greener Essex.
- A 'Globalised' Local Economy.
- Essex Championed.
- An Olympic Legacy.

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Corporate lead for the outcome		
Cabinet Member	Lead Officer	
Leader	Assistant Chief Executive	
	Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration	

Our Economy » Delivering Value for Money » Taxpayers' Money is Spent Wisely

Taxpayers' Money is Spent Wisely

Spending taxpayers' money wisely is embedded in everything that we do and no money is spent directly on this outcome.

What do we mean by it?

Almost two thirds of Essex residents feel well informed about how Council tax is spent, (Source, Ipsos MORI survey, Evaluating EssexWorks, 2009).

Essex County Council has a budget of approximately £2.2 billion. It is crucial that we make sure that this money is spent efficiently by securing good value for money in the contracts we sign and reducing the levels of bureaucracy so that money is directed where it is needed most.

The £2.2 billion that Essex County Council spends every year is not our money. It is the money of the residents of Essex. This money provides crucial services for the community such as high quality roads, good schools and care for the elderly. The more efficiently we spend that money, the better services we can provide and the lower we can keep the council tax.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Our staff understand that ensuring value for money must be a crucial part of all our activities. This means reducing bureaucracy and providing the right technology so our front line services can concentrate on doing their jobs. It also means showing smart commercial sense so that we get the best value from the many contracts we sign. It is because we hold so much importance in ensuring taxpayers' money is spent wisely that we have launched a transformation programme to ensure the council is the most efficient it can be.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Demonstrate savings gained through the transformation programme.
- Residents increasingly recognising that the Council provides value for money.

Links to other outcomes

This is an over-arching outcome that links to all other outcomes.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member Cabinet Member for Finance & Change Management

Lead Officer
Executive Director for Finance

Our Economy » Delivering Value for Money » Essex Championed

Essex Championed

£9.om gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

Just over half of residents felt the County council promoted the interests of local residents and acted on the concerns of local residents.

(Source: Essex County Place Survey 2009)

The community and political leadership that Essex County Council provides helps the county to raise its political, economic and cultural profile within the UK and the rest of the world.

We believe that Essex contributes greatly to the political, economic and cultural life of the UK and needs to be recognised for these contributions. It is important that we emphasise how attractive Essex is for families and for businesses and that the views and needs of Essex residents are recognised by central government.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Producing innovative policies which support the community of Essex such as supporting Post Offices threatened with closure.
- Lobbying central government to make sure it intervenes in issues important to the people of Essex such as the improvements to the A12.
- Securing funding for important projects such as new schools for Colchester or a new waste management facility.
- Supporting elected Councillors in their community leadership role.
- Providing Community grants to create a 'legacy of real and lasting benefit' to their community.
- Ensuring Essex is able to benefit from funding from the EU and other external sources.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Tourism generating increased spend for the local economy.
- A higher number of businesses starting up in Essex
- More residents feeling the Council promotes the interests of residents.

Links to other outcomes

- An Olympic legacy.
- Greater Community Engagement.
- Essex is a recognised tourist destination

- Essex is a recognised tourist destination.			
Corporate lead for the outcome			
Cabinet Member	Lead Officer		
Leader	Assistant Chief Executive		
	Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration		

Our World » Protecting the Environment » A Cleaner, Greener Essex

A Cleaner, Greener Essex

£1.1m gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

40% of Essex Residents identified clean streets as among the top 2 most important factors in making somewhere a good place to live and 25% thought parks and open spaces were critical. (Source, Ipsos MORI Survey, Evaluating Essex Works, 2009)

Essex County Council provides a range of services to provide an attractive and sustainable natural and built environment ranging from the provision of country parks to working with partners to provide quality street scenes that make Essex an attractive place to live and work.

A pleasant environment is an important part of the high quality of life we strive to provide to every one of our citizens. By helping in the development and maintenance of greener, more attractive areas, we can make sure that people are able to live in neighbourhoods they can take pride in and feel a sense of ownership over.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Ensure town centres are well-maintained and clean.
- Provision of country parks.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Less land which has unacceptable amounts of litter, detritus, graffiti and fly-posting.
- More people expressing satisfaction with the quality of the local environment.
- A better user experience with our parks and open spaces.

Links to other outcomes

- Less landfill waste and increase recycling and composting.
- Essex is a recognised tourist destination.
- A reduced carbon footprint for Essex.
- Essex is the Safest Place in England.
- A Healthier Essex.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.

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Cabinet Member

Chief Whip and Cabinet Member for Environment & Waste Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Environment, Sustainability & Highways

Our World » Protecting the Environment » A Reduced Carbon Footprint for Essex

A Reduced Carbon Footprint for Essex

£11.4m gross revenue expenditure

What do we mean by it?

If the performance of the best local authorities can be matched, councils can reduce CO2 production by 60 per cent by 2025. This is 25 years before central government expects to reach this level of saving.

(Source: Carbon Footprints, Local Steps: How local government can rise to the climate change challenge, 2007)

We will help the residents and businesses of Essex to reduce their carbon footprint and reduce the footprint of the council and its activities.

Essex is already the driest county in the United Kingdom and has the longest coastline in Britain so will be more susceptible than most to the impact of climate change. Reducing energy consumption saves money for families and businesses and helps maintain an environment for everyone to enjoy.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Providing more energy efficient street lighting.
- Making council activities more sustainable.
- Providing information to the public on ways they can easily and affordably decrease their carbon footprint.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- A reduction in CO2 being produced by Essex County Council activities.
- Reduced CO2 being produced per head in Essex.
- More Essex residents reporting that they do things that will reduce their own carbon footprint.

Links to other outcomes

- A Cleaner, Greener Essex.
- Congestion Reduced.
- Less landfill waste and increase recycling and composting.
- Transport Infrastructure Improved.
- A Healthier Essex.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member Cabinet Member for Finance & Change Management

Lead Officer
Executive Director for
Commercial Services

Our World » Reducing and Recycling Waste » Less Landfill Waste and Increased Recycling and Composting

Less Landfill Waste and Increased Recycling and Composting

£52.4m gross revenue expenditure plus £11.3m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

94% of Essex citizens say they would recycle or reuse 70% of their household waste (Source: Ipsos MORI survey, Evaluating EssexWorks, 2009).

Essex County Council is committed to making sure that more and more of household waste in the county is dealt with in a sustainable way rather than sending waste to landfill.

We believe that increasing levels of recycling and composting is the right thing to do in order to save energy, reduce consumption of valuable materials and stop the demand for more landfill space. With the landfill tax increasing, increased recycling is also an important way for us to cut costs.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Kev activities include:

- Encouraging greater personal recycling through public campaigns and partnerships with district and borough councils.
- Better composting facilities to degrade food and green waste in an environmentally friendly way.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Less tonnage of household waste in Essex.
- More reuse, recycling and composting of household waste
- Improved levels of satisfaction with Recycling Centres.

Links to other outcomes

- A Cleaner, Greener Essex.
- A reduced carbon footprint for Essex.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member
Chief Whip and Cabinet Member for
Environment & Waste

Lead Officer

Executive Director for Environment, Sustainability & Highways

Our World » Making Communities Safer » Essex is the Safest Place in England

Essex is the Safest Place in England

£49.3m gross revenue expenditure plus £3.3m capital investment

What do we mean by it?

Essex residents feel the level of crime is the most important factor in making somewhere a good place to live. (Source: Ipsos MORI survey, Evaluating EssexWorks, 2009).

A safe county means many things - a place that enjoys low levels of crime, safe roads and high levels of confidence in the quality of services. Most importantly it means an atmosphere where residents feel secure in their own home and when they travel.

Essex is an extremely safe place to live but people still suffer from criminal behaviour and dangerous driving and it is important that this is reduced. It is also important that people become more aware of how safe Essex is. We live in a period where crime levels are falling but fear of crime is rising and this can have as severe an effect on quality of life as actual crime. We want Essex to be the safest place in England statistically but also for our residents to feel safe and secure here.

How do we plan to deliver it?

Key activities include:

- Drug Action Team to prevent drug abuse and its effects.
- Trading Standards Team to make sure people feel safe and secure in the purchases they make.
- Road safety measures.
- Working closely with the Police to provide safer environments.

How will we measure our success?

The most important ways in which we will measure whether we have succeeded in delivering this outcome are:

- Fewer people killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents.
- More people feeling safe in Essex.
- Fewer crimes being recorded in Essex.
- Fewer traders supplying illegal products to underage children.

Links to other outcomes

- Essex is a recognised tourist destination.
- Vulnerable Young People Given a Good Start in Life.
- A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential.
- Keep the Heart in Essex Communities.
- Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services.
- A Larger Role for the Third Sector.

Corporate lead for the outcome

Cabinet Member

Chief Whip and Cabinet Member for Environment & Waste

Lead Officer

Assistant Chief Executive Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

How We Will Deliver the Outcomes

Our Values

Our values help to define the kind of organisation Essex County Council wants to be.

Each of our Values is supported by a number of words which illustrate how this value can be demonstrated and together these reflect the ways our staff aspire to work and behave; with each other and with our customers and partners.

Our Values are:

- Passionate about achieving results
- Responsive to customers' needs
- Inspirational and bold in thinking and solutions
- Supportive of others' input and perspective, working as one
- Motivating others and trusting them to deliver

Our Approach to Risk Management

The priorities set out in this plan provide the starting point for our risk management framework.

Our approach to risk management enables us to manage council resources effectively, maximising opportunities and identifying threats to achieving our priorities. Our risk management framework is built around proactive monitoring and discussion of threats and opportunities. This approach gives us the best chance of successfully delivering our Essex *Works* priorities and allows us to:

- Have increased confidence in achieving our outcomes whilst reducing the threats facing the Council to manageable levels.
- Take informed decisions, exploiting opportunities and ensuring that we get the right balance between reward and risk.
- Improve our partnership working arrangements and corporate governance.

Our Approach to Equality and Diversity

We believe all Essex citizens have the right to be treated fairly. But this does not mean they should all be treated the same.

Essex is better for its many communities and we are committed to strengthening them. In part this means making our communities more inclusive and freeing them from unlawful discrimination. It means removing barriers that limit access to employment, services or participation in public life. It also means assessing our processes and services to ensure they are appropriate to our residents' values, circumstances and lifestyles. We are currently engaged in a programme of Equality Impact Assessments to do this.

At a more fundamental level this means promoting freedom and choice. By giving people the freedom to choose the services they receive, we can help ensure that all residents are treated as individuals with their own needs, and circumstances.

Our commitment to freedom and choice, to diversity and equality, runs through all our Essex *Works* priorities. By delivering on these priorities we will improve the quality of life for all those living and working in Essex.

Our Approach to Learning and Development

Ensuring that our priorities are delivered means ensuring our staff have the right skills and knowledge.

A continuity of focus runs from our Essex *Works* priorities, through directorate and unit plans, to individual objectives expressed in 'my performance' contracts. 'My performance' allows managers to identify progress against objectives, assess learning and development requirements and support team members throughout their development. In this way we ensure that all learning and development supports the Essex *Works* vision.

We recognise the important role training and developmental opportunities play in recruiting and retaining staff. In a complex environment, expertise and professional qualifications are often critical to delivering the effective services our residents rightly demand.

We are committed to ensuring individuals have the opportunity to expand their skills - while a degree of staff turnover is a sign of healthy organisation, we would never want to see staff leave Essex County Council because they felt we were unable to match their learning and development aspirations.

In 2010-11 we expect employees to undertake more than 75,000 hours of training covering the full range of development needs including management, personal effectiveness, risk management, health and safety and Council-wide inductions. A specific emphasis will be placed upon providing the skills required by the Council as it undertakes its transformation and for the future.

We continue to partner with the University of Cambridge's Judge Business School to provide Leadership Development for the Council's senior officers. The Leadership Academy is a tailor-made leadership development programme, which utilises a broad variety of learning interventions (including Business School residential courses, 360° feedback and one-to-one coaching) to enhance both individuals' and the Council's leadership skills.

We are now building further upon this partnership, providing a programme for high potential emerging leaders to emphasise a broad range of general management capabilities, but focusing particularly on the people, culture and change management issues that are so important for a leading 'fit for purpose' organisation.

Our Approach to Performance Management

Essex County Council has a clear and ambitious vision to deliver the best quality of life in Britain. To achieve this, we use a performance management framework which enables us to measure how well we are delivering outcomes for the people of Essex. This insight helps our staff to continually learn from what they do, and improve their work for the future.

Our aim to deliver the best quality of life in Britain for the residents of Essex is the overarching mission which unites all our staff across the organisation. To achieve this we have agreed high level outcomes – these are tangible outcomes which will make a difference to Essex residents' quality of life.

We recognise that delivering these outcomes often requires us to work in partnership with other organisations in Essex including district councils, Essex Police, the NHS and organisations in the voluntary sector. Together, we understand not only what we each must do, but also what skills, competencies and resources we need in order to deliver the right results. We have set ourselves challenging but realistic targets to drive improvement and we pay particular attention to understanding and improving the effectiveness of how we meet our customer needs and deliver value for money.

As part of our Customer First Programme we are consolidating staff to form a specialist support service (Performance, Planning and Improvement). This will significantly increase our analytical capacity by bringing all information into one team whilst also cutting out duplication across the authority.

We value the importance of high quality information and are making further improvements to our data quality and strategic planning cycle to ensure that decision makers, such as the Leader, Chief Executive and Cabinet Members, have the right performance insight, at the right time, to set challenging targets and deliver continuous improvement.

Our staff are supported by a comprehensive individual performance management process, including performance contracts, which define the outcomes required from each staff member in order for the Council to successfully deliver our high level outcomes. The insight gained from performance measurement is used to empower our staff to make better informed decisions and be accountable for delivering the results required of them.

Our Scrutiny arrangements play a key role; they provide us with independent and robust challenge, and hold us to account for our service delivery.

Our Relationship with our Partners

To deliver the outcomes we want, and need to deliver, successful collaboration with our partners is critical. Despite the significant challenges of operating within such a diverse and complicated public service arena, we are building the partnerships necessary to make sure the public services for the county are working together to provide a better quality of life for Essex residents.

As a County Council, we serve some 1.4 million Essex residents. We educate almost 200,000 school children. We employ 37,000 staff. In 2010-11, our turnover will be almost £2.2 billion. Our net budget is some £822 million. We work with 12 District and Borough Councils, 2 Unitary Councils, 5 Primary Care Trusts, 270 Parish and Town Councils and a very wide selection of public service agencies, voluntary sector organisations and businesses across the county.

The Essex Partnership – the countywide Local Strategic Partnership (LSP) - is our key strategic alliance. It provides a clear and accountable framework for priority-setting and delivery within which all other themed partnerships operate. The Council shares a major role in many other partnerships - what unites them is a commitment to deliver clearly defined outcomes in a strong and effective manner.

Finances

Overview of Key Figures

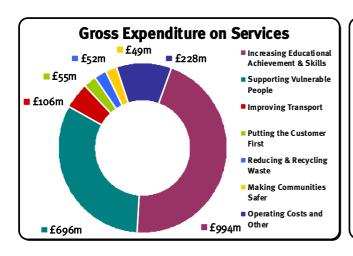
Revenue Budget

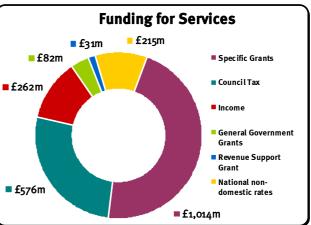
The net revenue budget requirement for 2010-11 amounts to £822.063 million, which is an increase of £18.891 million (2.4%) over that for 2009-10.

This increase comprises:

- £106.588 million relating to new investment; and
- £20.176 million relating to pay and price inflation;
- offset by £88.315 million relating to efficiencies and savings; and
- the withdrawal from reserves of £19.558 million.

In total we will spend £2.180 billion on delivering services.





A high-level summary of the revenue budget showing the sources of finance is shown on page 42. Details of the budget analysed in the Essex *Works* delivery programmes are set out in Annex 1.1 on page 43 onwards and a detailed portfolio analysis, which reflects our Cabinet structure, is shown in Annex 2.1 on page 91 onwards.

Capital Programme

The capital payments guideline amounts to £383.921 million for 2010-11, which will be financed from a combination of borrowing, grants and contributions, capital receipts and revenue reserves. Further details are provided in Annex 1.2 starting on page 63 (in Essex *Works* delivery programmes) and in Annex 2.2 starting on page 108 (in Portfolios).

Revenue Budget

Context

Our costs continue to increase rapidly reflecting a rising elderly population, a further increase in the rate of landfill tax on waste and increasing requirements in respect of child protection.

The current economic downturn has exacerbated the situation and we have been particularly affected by the reduction in interest rates to their lowest ever level; this has resulted in a reduction in income from our investments of £9 million levels experienced before the start of the current recession.

The slowdown in the economy has also resulted in a slower then expected increase in the number of new households which has meant that council tax income is lower than anticipated.

Inflation rates are expected to peak in the Spring and then fall towards the end of the financial year. As a result, the provision we have made for pay and price inflation is much lower than in recent years.

2010-11 Grant Settlement

Nationally, the headline figures are as follows:

- Total Formula Grant will increase by 2.6%.
- 'Floors' remain part of the system (setting a minimum level of increase). For authorities with education and social care responsibilities, the minimum increase in Formula Grant is 1.5%.
- The government has re-iterated that it expects to see average council tax increases in 2010-11 of substantially less than 5%.

Essex's Funding Settlement

The position for Essex County Council is:

- Formula Grant for 2010-11 is £246.704 million.
- We will be funded above the 'funding floor' for the second year running and our formula grant allocation has been reduced by £11.115 million to contribute to authorities funded below the floor.
- Provisional Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) is £785.391 million. Final DSG figures will not be issued until summer 2010.
- Specific grants (excluding Dedicated Schools Grant) amount to £228.418 million, Area
 Based Grant amounts to £81.531 million and the Local Authority Business Growth Incentive
 Scheme grant amounts to £0.500 million.

Council Tax

The council tax for a band D property will be £1,086.75, representing an increase of 1.9% over that for 2009-10; the table on page 42 shows the council tax for all property bands.

The tax base for council tax purposes has increased by 0.50% from 526,412 in 2009-10 to 529,060 in 2010-11 reflecting an increase in the number of households in Essex.

The council tax precept will be £574.956 million and the net surplus on the Collection Funds maintained by district councils as billing authorities is £0.403 million.

Both the increase in tax base and the Collection Fund surpluses have been depressed by properties being revalued and placed into lower council tax bands following appeals by householders to the Valuation Office Agency.

Capital Programme

Capital expenditure is financed from a number of sources:

- Specific grants and contributions.
- Capital receipts.
- Revenue contributions (via the use of the Reserve for Future Capital Funding).
- Borrowing.

The Council can determine the level of its borrowing for capital financing purposes, based upon its own views regarding the affordability, prudence and sustainability of that borrowing. The Council must, however, assess the level of its borrowing as part of the budget process in accordance with the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance. The borrowing levels for the capital programme are therefore constrained by this assessment and by the availability of revenue budget to meet the borrowing costs, which in itself is considered within the context of the overall revenue budget considerations.

Overall, the capital programme for 2010-11 is set at £383.921 million compared to £302.718 million for 2009-10.

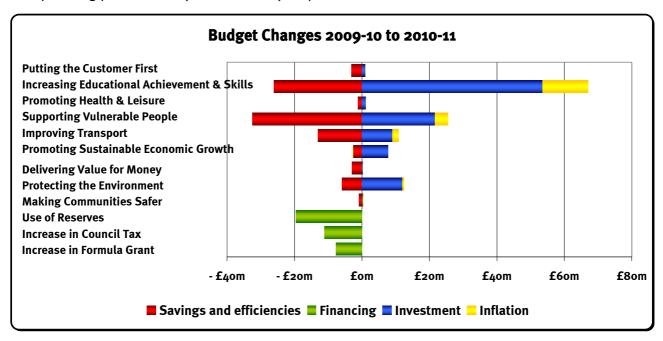
Each major scheme is subject to the Council's programme management governance process, which tracks projects through the phases of development.

Revenue Reserves and Balances

The underlying level on the general balance is forecast to amount to £33.025 million at 1 April 2010. The forecast balances on the earmarked revenue reserves are set out in Annex 1.4 on page 82.

Aligning Resources to Our Priorities

As part of our integrated service and financial planning process, we have reviewed all our budgets to ensure that we have the resources available to invest in our priorities and that we are spending public money as effectively as possible.



We have set a net revenue budget of £822 million to deliver our Essex *Works* priorities; this budget meets inflationary pressures of £20 million and provides for new investment of £107 million. As a consequence of the review process, we have identified £88 million of savings and efficiencies to allow us to re-direct resources to our priorities.

In addition to the revenue budget which provides for the day-to-day running costs of providing essential services to the people of Essex, we are proposing to invest a further £384 million in a capital programme to deliver new and improved assets such as schools and roads.

New Investment

The £107 million of new investment in 2010-11 includes:

- A £38 million investment in supporting schools and vulnerable young people (including additional provision to meet increasing costs of 'looked after children' and rising costs of home to school transport).
- £23 million to meet the costs of recurrent expenditure funded in 2009-10 by the withdrawal of funds from reserves.
- £17 million to meet demands relating to the costs of demographic changes arising from a growing elderly population and increases in the numbers and complexity of care required for adults with learning disabilities.
- £12 million to meet the costs of waste disposal and recycling (including a £5 million increase in the contribution to our Waste Reserve to set aside money now to meet future costs of meeting European targets to reduce the amount of waste disposed of in landfill sites, £4 million for recycling, £1 million in landfill tax).
- £7 million to meet the additional cost of borrowing to support the capital programme and to offset a reduction in the level of interest earned on our investments.

Efficiency and Other Savings

In order to deliver new investment in the services that are important to our residents and partners, to maintain essential public services to those who rely upon them and to keep the council tax as low as possible we will deliver £88 million of cashable efficiencies and savings in 2010-11.

These include:

- A £26 million reduction in 'back-office' costs.
- £15 million efficiency savings in adult social care provision including procurement savings.
- £12 million efficiency savings in supporting schools and looking after vulnerable children including procurement savings.
- £6 million of savings and efficiencies relating to transport.
- A £4 million reduction in the cost of building maintenance.

 £3 million savings arising from reduced volumes of waste disposed of in landfill and cost reductions.

Detailed Figures

Detailed budget analyses are set out in the following annexes:

- Annex 1.1 Revenue Budget (page 43).
- Annex 1.2 Capital Programme (page 63).
- Annex 1.3 Trading Activities (page 81).
- Annex 1.4 Reserves & Balances (page 82).

Further Information

Portfolio Budgets

The revenue budget and capital programme are also presented in Portfolio format reflecting Cabinet Member's accountabilities for service delivery:

- Annex 2.1 Revenue Budget (page 91).
- Annex 2.2 Capital Programme (page 108).

Prudential Indicators, Treasury Management Strategy & Provision for Repayment of Debt Policy

Part 3 of this document contains our Prudential Indicators, Treasury Management Strategy & Provision for Repayment of Debt Policy. This sets out our strategy for borrowing to support the capital programme and for investing surplus cash balances and demonstrating that our capital investment plans are affordable and that borrowing is at a prudent and sustainable level. In addition, it sets out the arrangements for ensuring that the Council makes a prudent provision for the repayment of borrowing for capital financing purposes in 2010-11.

Review of the Budget and the Adequacy of Reserves

The Section 151 Officer's assessment of risks and the adequacy of the levels of reserves and balances is set out in the Review of the Budget and the Adequacy of Reserves which forms Part 4 of this document.

Key Figures

Revenue Budget Summary

2008-09		2009	-10	2010-11
Actual		Original Budget	Latest Budget	Budget
£ooo		£ooo	£ooo	£ooo
2,447,086	Gross expenditure	2,167,541	2,266,010	2,179,934
(260,630)	Specific government grants (excluding DSG)	(251,798)	(297,937)	(228,418)
(582,121)	Income	(275,098)	(328,965)	(262,031)
1,604,335	Sub total	1,640,645	1,639,108	1,689,485
(756,743)	Specific government grants (Dedicated Schools Grant)	(785,889)	(762,639)	(785,391)
847,592	Net cost of services	854,756	876,469	904,094
(12,467)	General balance - contribution/(withdrawal)	6,000	1,635	-
(51,416)	General Government grants	(57,584)	(74,932)	(82,031)
783,709	Budget requirement	803,172	803,172	822,063
	Financed by			
(28,456)	Revenue Support Grant	(44,800)	(44,800)	(31,281)
(204,415)	National non-domestic rates	(194,095)	(194,095)	(215,423)
(547,316)	Council tax precept	(561,419)	(561,419)	(574,956)
(3,522)	Collection fund surpluses	(2,858)	(2,858)	(403)
(783,709)	Total financing	(803,172)	(803,172)	(822,063)
	COUNCIL TAX (for Band D properties)	£1,060	6.50	£1,086.75

Council Tax

Council Tax	at each property band	2009-10	2010-11
		£	£
Band A	Up to £40,000	711.00	724.50
Band B	£40,001 to £52,000	829.50	845.25
Band C	£52,001 to £68,000	948.00	966.00
Band D	£68,001 to £88,000	1,066.50	1,086.75
Band E	£88,001 to £120,000	1,303.50	1,328.25
Band F	£120,001 to £160,000	1,540.50	1,569.75
Band G	£160,001 to £320,000	1,777.50	1,811.25
Band H	More than £320,000	2,133.00	2,173.50

Tax base	2009-10	2010-11
Band D equivalent properties	526,412	529,060

Revenue Budget Summary

Original Budget								0	0	
	nager named		Expenditure		Government	Net Expenditure	Services	Maintenance		Net Expenditure
6000 f	000J 0		000J	600 E	600 E	000J	600j	000J	000J	000J
		PUTTING THE CUSTOMER RINST								
770 00		COCATED COLUMNY SUCLESIENT	100	(4 000)	(inj	907 00		;	oyu,	3
	1,177	A LAGER ROLE FOR THE THIRD SECTOR	6.084	(101)	(8.76)	E.607	2 %	ì .		E.673
	-	KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES	12,470	(3.776)	;	8,694	1,329	#	218	10,255
		SATISPIED CLISTOMERS	2,626	•		2,626	2	•	•	2,705
37,171 36,183		37,965 PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST	54,317	(9,806)	(1,086)	40,425	1,981	5	1,586	44,123
		OUR PEOPLE								
13,338 10,527	7 26,135	INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SKILLS	984.349	(16,727)	(953,395)	14,227	8,915	316	547	24,005
11,834 17,361	12,831	PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE	18,980	(3,485)	(53)	15,466	849	259	ş	16,620
438,123 469,918	8 479.759	SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	672,617	(127,202)	(31,492)	513,923	20,715	411	£773	536,824
463,295 497,806	6 518,725	OUR PEOPLE	1,675,946	(147,414)	(984.916)	543,616	30,479	986	2,368	577.449
		OUR ECOMOMY								
48,417 48,597	7 49,561	IMPROVING TRANSPORT	88,588	(26,631)	(9,376)	52,581	4,146	92	12,975	69.738
		PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH	10,015	(2,085)	(3,410)	6,520	835	256	197	7,808
	3 11,915	DELIVERING VALUE FOR MONEY	6,334	9	•	6,274	2,616	•	•	8,890
63,096 65,810	73,188	OUR ECOMOMY	104.937	(28,776)	(10,786)	65.375	7.597	292	13,172	86,436
		OUR WORLD								
13,039 13,028	13,194	PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT	11,856	(107)	•	11,749	286	•	•	12,335
47,988 47,601	147,710	REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE	51,424	(3,645)	•	49.779	*	112	2	50,709
30,639 32,103	3 35,230	MAKING COMMUNITIES SAFER	45.559	(8,376)	(899	36,284	3,230	•	8	40,036
91,666 92,732		96.334 OURWORLD	108,839	(10,128)	(899)	97,812	4.560	21	296	103,080
88,203 58,600		20.334 OPERATING COSTS	126,434	(53,592)	(152)	72,690	499	165	(78,487)	(5,133)
104,161 103,625		130,123 SUPPORT SERVICES	112,461	(12,315)	(15,970)	84,176	(45,117)	(1,686)	992'09	98,139
847,592 854,756	876,469	NET COST OF SERVICES	2,179,934	(262,034)	(1,013,809)	904,094	٠		٠	904,094
(12,467) 6,000	0 1,635	GENERAL BALANCE CONTRIBUTION / (WITHDRAWAL)		•	ľ			•	•	
9	5	GENERAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS	٠	•	(82,031)	(82,031)		•	•	(82,031)
783,709 803,472		BUDGET REQUIREMENT	2,179,934	(262,031)	(3.095,840)	822.063	٠	ľ	ľ	822.062

Putting the Customer First » Greater Community Engagement & A Larger Role for the Third Sector

Control	9	alture	Outcomes				2010-11 Buo	4			
2008-09 Actual		2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support	Building	Building Asset charges	Total
	Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure		Government	Net	Services	Maintenance		Net
				-		Grant	Fxnenditure				Expenditure
600g	6000	£000		£000	600g	600g	600J	£000	£000	£000	600J
			PUTTING THE CUSTOMER BIRST								
			GREATER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT								
			Engaged and Empowered Communities								
1,576	1,491	1,422	Area Co-ordination	1,237		•	1,237	1		1,303	2,541
281	293	336	Rural Programme	281		•	281			,	281
348	249	2.47	Making the Links (with Parish Councils)	237		•	237			,	237
2,205	2,033	2,005	Engaged and Empowered Communities	1,755	•	٠	1,755	**	•	1,303	3,059
			Participate in Positive Activites and Contribute By Being A Good Law Abiding Citizen								
11,056	10,733	10,905	Provision of Integrated Youth Service	14,048	(3,747)	•	10,301		·	31	10,332
1,587	2,513	2,476	Data on Outcomes for Those with Youth Offending Team Involvement	4,891	(2,097)		2,794	214		16	3,024
3,795	3,497	3,488	Contracts with 3rd Sector Organisations	3,464			3,464				3,464
276	314	549	Youth Services Data on Participation in Positive Activites	551			551				551
101	91	98	Budgets to Support Participation and Active Citizenship & Venues for Community to Come Together	83			83	9	117	•	206
16,815	17,148	17,504	Participate in Positive Activites and Contribute By Being A Good Law Abiding Citizen	23,037	(5,844)	٠	17,193	220	117	74	17.577
			Enjoy Growing Up								
2,896	3,220	3,330	Contracts for Respite Care	3,319	(82)	•	3,234	161		18	3,413
2,019	1,	1,205	Aiming High for Disabled Children policy	1,134			1,134	125			1,259
	6		Youth Capital & Youth Opportunity Budgets	710		(710)				•	
271	224	187	Youth Parliament	182			182				182
5,186	4,685	4,722	Enjoy Growing Up	5,345	(83)	(014)	4.550	286	•	81	4,854
24,206	23,866	24,231	GREATER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT	30,137	(5,929)	(OF)	23,498	207	117	1,368	25,490
			A LARGER BOILE BOR THE THIRD SECTOR								
			Strong Strategic Partnership Working								
(161)	1,222	350	Countywide Thematic Partnerships	5,217		(376)	4,841			•	4,841
650	579	827	Partnership Delivery Team	867	(101)		992	99			832
489	1,801	1,177	Strong Strategic Partnership Worlding	6,084	(101)	(376)	2,607	3	•	•	5,673
68 4	1,801	1,177	A LARGER ROLE FOR THE THIRD SECTOR	6,084	(101)	(376)	2,607	8			5,673

Putting the Customer First » Keep the Heart in Essex Communities & Satisfied Customers

Actual 2009-10 2009-	2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support		Building Asset charges	lotal
Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure		9		Services	Wa		Net
9	0009		food	0003	Grant	t Expenditure	9	9	000	Expenditure
7000	0001		0004				9004		0004	0007
		PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST (continued)								
		KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES								
		The Natural and Historic Environment is Effectively Managed Across The County								
3,365	3,206	Accessible Rights of Way	3,066			3,066	194	·	ľ	3,260
400		Archaeo logical Unit	1,346	(698)		477	257	14	7	755
158		Formal SLA's between ESH (natural environment) and all Other ECC Departments That Have Responsibility for Trees	396			. 122	51		٠	173
319	708	Formal SLAs with District / Boroughs and External Partners	165			. 66			٠	66
180		Conservation Area Appraisals / Lands cape Projects	380	(159)		. 221			•	221
159	251	Minerals and Waste Plan	458			. 458		•	•	458
·	92	Essex Shoreline Management plan	42			. 45	٠	•	٠	42
28	34	Skills Training	72	(44)		. 25		•	•	25
Ī	•						٠	•	٠	•
4,609	5,124	The Natural and Historic Environment is Effectively Managed Across The County	5.925	(1,415)	·	4.510	505	3	7	5,033
		Libraries Operating as the Hub For information, Advice and Guidance For The Community								,
630	290	Mobile Library service	079			. 940	1			641
	77	Library Credit Unions	132			. 132	1		٠	133
45		Library Events e.g. Essex Book Festival/Book Groups	94			. 46			•	46
675	683	Libraries Operating as the Hub For Information, Advice and Guidance For The Community	818			818	N	٠	•	820
		Self Contained Sustainable Communities								
2,395	2,325	Planning Briefs, Applications and Local Development Plan	2,106	(561)		1,545	365	·	·	1,910
280		Development Management Team	2,257	_		1,318	373	•	٠	1,691
559		Public Art Team	732			. 529		•	•	529
9	52	Gypsies Traveller Team	632			. (26)	87	•	211	272
3,240	3,761	Self Contained Sustainable Communities	5,727	(2,361)		3,366	825	•	217	4,402
ă	894.0	KEED THE HEADT IN PERCENT COMMINISTER	100	911 0)		9			q	100
ļ			i							
		SATISFIED CUSTOMERS								
		Customer Satisfaction is Achieved								
739	1,668	Policy Unit	1,308			1,308		•	•	1,308
1,253	1,321	Public Engagement	1,318			1,318	79	٠		1,397
1,992	2,989	Customer Satisfaction is Achieved	2,626			2,626	62	•	•	2,705
1,992	2,989	SATISFIED CUSTOMERS	2,626			2,626	2		•	2,705
96 480										
			E4.247	(9.806)	(3.086)	A0.42E	1.081	181	1.586	66.123

Our People » Increasing Education Achievement and Skills » A Higher Skilled Population

Our People » Increasing Education Achievement and Skills » A Choice of Schools That Support Children to Achieve Their Potential

Section 5-1-1-1-1	Income Specific Controllable Support	Grant Expenditure Services Maintenance	000J 000J 000J 000J 000J 000J					858.388 (2.353) (032.133) (76.008) 1.260	(3,633) (3,455) 15,437	(831) - 30,784	13,147 (850) (4,089) 8,208 2,372 88 208	19,941 (1,945) - 17,996 - 279	1,506 (300) . 1,206 73 .	3,399	1,124 (36) . 1,088 4			951,645 (9,948) (939,677) 2,020 8,401 109 210			(26)	(461)	- (265)	
				OUR PEOPLE (continued)	INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT (continued)	A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL	Parantara I Ashamana	Staff with Skills to Provide Support to Schools	Teaching Staff and Support Staff with the Skills to Provide Excellent Education Provision	Home to School Transport	School Buildings and Facilities fit to Provide Appropriate Setting	Statements of Special Educational Need	Schools Partnership & Cluster Agreements	Building Schools for the Future and School Capital Programme	Data on School Achievement	Data on School Attendance	Powers to Bring Legal Action Against Parents	Educational Achievement	C-hoof Sucrement and Cinnort	- Home to School Transport Service team	59 Curriculum Based Education	School Travel Plan Team	317 School Engagement and Support	
Outromes				OUR PEOPLI		Ž											-	-			6	00	1	
	to Latest	Budget	6000	OUR PEOPLI	INCRE	Ā		(55,008)	13,814	29,613	7,920	9,276	4,240	3,078	1,141			13,984			2	ı LA	#	
Controllable Net Expenditure	to Latest	n	6000 f	OUR PEOPLI	INCRE	Ā		(69.159) (55.098)	,	27,922 29,613	6,555 7,920	15,423 9,276	750 4,240	3,522 3,078	248 1,141		·	6,433 13,984			43 5		25	

Our People » Promoting Health and Leisure » A Healthier Essex

Comparison	Contro			OUTCOMES				ı	4			-
Comparison Com			2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	į		Support	Building	As set charges	lotal
Control Cont		Oliginat buuget	agnna		Expellation		Grant		Services	Mallicellalice		Expenditure
The control of contr	£000		£000		600 E	600J		i	£000	E000	6000	000 J
A MANA Julia ESCAN A MANA Julia ESCAN A MANA Julia ESCAN Exchange A MANA Julia ESCAN Exchange Ex												
Automotive inclusive particles (1982) Automotive par				OUR PEOPLE (condinued)								
1,200 1,20				DEDAMATING MENT AND LEGGIDE								
				TROUGHE HEALTH AND LEGGER								
State Stat				A HEALTHIER ESSEX								
1.00 1.00												
2.77 2.64 Access to found the other potential and the				Emotional and Behavioural Wellbeing		4						
1, 1992 4, 444 2, 444	2,506		3,265	Staff with Skills to Identify Physical and Mental Health Problems	3,246	(87)		3,159	311			3,470
1979 2019 1970	(82)		(641)	Staff with Skills to Build Relationships with Those in Need of Support	2,153			- 2,153	7			2,160
Contact to the contact of the cont	45		90	Relationships with Police, Police Community Support Officers and School Offices	91			- 91	6			100
Control Cont	2,466		2,714	Emotional and Behavioural Wellbeing	5.490	(8)		5,403	327	•		5,730
Companies of Contractive With Providence and Particularity Spring Part				Acrees to Hasitherns and Hasithu i Kestylas								
Signature Sign	2.501	3 136	2 514	Canability of Child and Adult Mantal Health Services at Tier 2/2/4	3 608	(223)			901			3 650
64.0 56.4 Inches with with control of the stand of t	562	1	650	Contracts with Providers of Services including Drug Treatment, Sexual Health, Weight, Sports Partnerships, Family Support Provision	183			1				581
State Stat	962			Joint Working with School Nurses, Continuing Care Providers and HIV	507	,		. 507	20			527
1,19 4,50 Access to Clinical Intelligent Country Clinical Cl	473			Schools Meals Advisory Service	544					·		544
2.5 2.5 Concests for Alter this between Country of New Part Country 2.40 (4.5) 4.54 4.	930		520	Assessment of Entitlements to Free School Meals	511	•			13	•		524
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	387		994	Access to Child and Adult Mental Health Services (specifically Looked After Children)	497	(43)			31	٠	3	488
State Stat	142		196	One Stop Shops & Information, Advice and Guidance Outlets	242	(45)			•	•		197
Color Figure Color Figure Color Co	2		59	Staff with the Skills to Teach PE and Sports	166	(122)						44
(5,6) (5,5) (1)	12		09	Facilities for Sport and PE	09	•			•	•		09
Commercial Strategy	(52)		(152)	Information About Healthy Lifestyles in Various Media and Formats	4	(157)	•	- (153)			•	(153)
People Access to Neutrinip Disagraphs Country like Neutrinip Pointing	(10)		•	Information About Healthy Eating in Various Media and Formats		•		•	•			•
Poople Active Programme	5,743		6,465	Access to Healthcare and Healthy Lifestyles	6,810	(290)			262	•	•	6,471
Fig. 2 Sport Esca Programme Fig. 3 Fig. 459 Fig. 3 Fig. 459 Fig. 450 Fig				Panola Achiavine Thair Snartine Potential								
Health Lee Valley Regional Portition			62	Sport Essex Programme	495	(495)					·	·
1,621 1,621 Lee Valley Regional Park Lee	•		62	People Achieving Their Sporting Potential	495	(495)		٠		•	٠	•
1,621 1,621 Healthy Lee Valley Regional Park 1,621 1,621 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,621 1,621 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,621 1,621 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,621 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,621 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,622 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,623 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,624 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,625 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,624 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,625 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,624 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,625 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,624 Lee Valley Regional Park 1,625												
1,621 1,621 Lev'alley Regional Park 1,622 1,623 1,623 1 Lev'alley Regional Park 1,624 1,623 1,624 1 Lev'alley Regional Park 1,624 1,623 1,624 1 Lev'alley Regional Park 1,624 1,623 1 Lev'alley Regional Park 1,624 1,623 1 Lev'alley Potential 1,170				Healthy Lee Valley								
1,621 1,624 People Achileving Their Sporting Potential 1,624	1,596		1,621	Lee Valley Regional Park	1,621							1,621
Health and Leisure (Quality of Life) Life Size Commercial Stategy Life Size Commercial Stategy Life Size Commercial Stategy Life Size Size Commercial Stategy Life Size Size Life Size Size Life Size Size Life Size Size Life Lif	1,596		1,621	People Achieving Their Sporting Potential	1,621			1,621		•		1,621
State Stat				Health and Leisure (Quality of Life)								
1,170 (714) (714	066		815	Commercial Strategy	2,406	(1,571)			114	215	35	1,184
109 98 Mills Team 109 109 Mills Team 109 109 Mills Team 109 Mills Team 109 Mills Team 109 Meastrabby Improved Air Quality of Life) 109 Access For All to the Natural Environment	149		(2)	Marsh Farm into a World Class Visitor Attraction	1,170	(714)			106	44	7	613
(g) (i) Neastarably Improved Art Quality (g) (g) (g) Neastarably Improved Art Quality (g)	87		86	Mils Team	92	(4)		. 88		•	1	89
979 920 Health and Leisure (Quality of Life) 356 (2,189) (55) 1,364 220 359 43 (25) (24) (24) (24) (24) (25) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24	(1)		(E)	Measurably Improved Air Quality	•			•			٠	•
Access For All to the Natural Environment 9.1 9.1 Country side Recreation 9.2 9.1 Country side Recreation 9.3 9.4 Access For All to the Natural Environment 9.4 Access For All to the Natural Environment 9.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	1,225		910	Health and Leisure (Quality of Life)	3,668	(2,289)			220	259	43	1,886
91 91 County cle Recretation mental Environment				Acces for All to the Meternal Engineers								
91 Out Country Size Recreation 120 (24) - 102 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	d			Arcaso On to the natural Elivioninell								
91 91 Access for Alto the Natural Environment 2	833	91	91	Countyside Recreation	126	(24)			2			104
15,549 11,863 A HEALTHIER ESSEX 811 259 46	5	8.	8	Access For All to the Natural Environment	200	7			N	•		104
ob 660 TEO OAOPE (68) (COPE ORDER COPE ORDER	40.00				97	(-0.40-)			70		1	41.04
	}					2			J			-enice

Our People » Promoting Health and Leisure » An Olympic Legacy

Contro	Liable Net Expen	Controllable Net Expenditure Outcomes	Outcomes				2010-11 Budget	udget			
2008-09 Actual	2008-09 Actual 2009-10 2009-10 Latest	2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Specific Controllable	Support		Building Asset charges	Total
	Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure		Government	Net	Services	Maintenance		Net
						Grant Exp	Expenditure				Exp end it ure
E000	£000	£000		E000	E000	E000	E000	E000	E000	6000 E	E000
			OUR PEOPLE (continued)								
			PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE (continued)								
			AN OLYMPIC LEGACY								
			A Better Cultural Offer for Essex								
٠	1,000	185	Life Raft Trust	•	•	Ī	•		•	•	
522	597	568	Essex Mountain Bike Event	556	•	Ī	556		•	•	556
199	215	215	Ess ex 2012 Olympic Games Legacy Action Plan	214	•	-	214	38	•	•	252
127	1,812	896	A Better Cultural Offer for Essex	24	١	•	24	38		١	808
72	1,812	896	AN OLYMPIC LEGACY	210	i	Ī	210	38	•	•	808
11,834	17,361		12,831 PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE	18,980	(3,485)	(62)	15,466	849	259	9	16,620

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Better Prevention, Early Intervention and Family Support Services

2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	шсоше	Specific	Controllable	Loggies	the state of the s	Segreta
SUPP BET						-	Duituing Asset charges	10000
SUPP BET		Expenditure		Government	Net	Services	Maintenance	
SUPP BET		£000	£000	£000	E000	6000	£000	£000
SUPP BET								
AND BE	'Nnued)							
SUR BIS FISHER								
E E	SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE							
8 E E								
£	BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES							
	Smilles My I Inher in Donastu							
	Lines never the county of the county Council Maintained Nurseries Contracts with Day Nurseries & Essex County Council Maintained Nurseries	50.568		(26.195)	24.373			
	Staff with Skills to Provide Support Through Early Vears Training	2.215		(788)	1.427			ľ
141 Market Dat	Market Data on Private and Voluntary Childcare Provision	669		,	669			
	Information, Advice, Guidance on Provision and Dissemination of Young Carers Strategy	211			211			
- Child Ming	Child Minders with the Required Standard of Skills / Competence	657			657			
10,994 Families Not	amilles Not Living in Poverty	54,350	٠	(26,983)	27,367	•	-0	•
Parents Pos	Parents Positively Influence							
15,829 Sure Start	Sure Start Children's Centres	1,244		•	1,244	12		•
712 Provision c	Provision of Support Services and Organised Events for Young Carers	627		•	627	20		•
22 Parenting F	Parenting Programmes	42		(19)	23	36		•
16,563 Parents Posi	Parents Positively Influence	1,913	•	(61)	1,894	89	•	•
Count Forts	feed for is Cours and Stable Endonments of Bone and is Thair Community.							
4 277 Transportir	Trace to it is occur early about Entry to it in their community. Trace ording Children and Young Donole	3 5 75	(6.8)		2 617	101	,	ľ
	estimate forth constitutes of the same provide a load brokeccional Dale	2700	§ 3		1-010			
334 Safe Pecri	Safe ball with Johns to underlating and Fashing for a read industrial partial property. Safe ball with Johns to underlating and Fashing for the partial partial partial partial partial partial partial	(40%)	(4)		(43	1	+	Ť
•	וווווווו וווווווו מוניקל ווחכרת מום דומווווכת כוווווווו איכוסים מנוגמת כווכראס	(402)	100		(604)	1		
4,960 Cared rof III	Cared for in Secure and Stable Environmments at nome and in Their Community	3,219	(62)		3,457	ğ	•	•
32,547 BETTER PREVE	BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES	59,482	(62)	(27,002)	32,418	169	•	ŀ

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Vulnerable Children Given a Good **Start in Life**

Control	Controllable Net Expenditure		Outcomes				2010-11 Budget	deet			
2008-09 Actual		10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support	Building Asset charges	et charges	Total
	Origir	Budget		Expenditure		Government	Net	Services	Maintenance	,	Net
						Grant	Expenditure			,	Expenditure
£000	000J	000J		E000	000J	000J	000J	E000	E000	000J	E000
			OUR PEOPLE (continued)								
			SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE (continued)								
			VULNERABLE YOUNG PEOPLE GIVEN A GOOD START IN LIFE								
			Good Corporate Parents								
28,425	23,058	31,934	Ability to Place Children for Permanency Through Internal Provision and External Contracts	33,726	(4,280)	•	29,446	2,108		248	31,802
16,820	14,942	20,207	Families with the Skills to Adopt and Foster Children	22,901	(3)	(115)	22,783	456			23,209
8,459	11,143	11,624	Staff With the Skills to Support Looked After Children	12,651	(14)	(1,299)	11,338	2,549			13,887
4,647	4,707	4,946	Staff With the Skills to Assess Suitability of Families for Placements (Foster Care)	6,473	(11)		6,462	457			6,919
4,587	4,634	4,322	Staff with the Skills to Support Children as They Leave Care	4,527		(251)	4,276	313		12	4,601
3,989	3,843	4,251	Staff With the Skills to Assess Suitability of Families for Permanency (Adoptions)	3,974	(27)		3,947	360			4,307
1,614	2,036	1,779	Audits of Provision of Care to Looked After Children	1,770			1,770	154			1,924
692	855	783	Staff With Skills to Provide Specialist Education Provision to Looked After Children	734	(20)	٠	714	31		٠	745
293	481	384	Relationships with adoption agencies	644	(64)	•	385	17			402
69,526	62,699	80,230	Good Corporate Parents	87,205	(4,419)	(4,665)	81,121	6,415	٠	260	87,796
			Exhibit Positve Behaviours and Resillence								
(1,048)	2,096	501		1,499	(14)		1,485	89			1,553
•	333	849	Staff with Skills to Teach Social and Emotional Aspects of Learning, Personal and Social curriculums, Sex and Relationship Education	870		(22)	848				848
(4,048)	2,429	1,350	Exhibit Positve Behaviours and Resillence	2,369	(43)	(22)	2,333	89	•		2,401
			Educational Attainment Gaps Marrowed								
12,101	12,625	12,405	Pupil Referral Units	16,180	(2,662)	(130)	13,388	34			13,422
3,594	3,346	5,460	Staff With Skills to Support Those with Special Educational Needs (e.g. Autistic Spectrum)	4,976	(17)	•	4,959	403			5,362
2,675	6,292	4,213	School Action, School Action Plus Policies, Hard to Place and Fair Access	5,275	(18)	•	5,257	10			5,267
779	971	886	Agreements With Parents Whose Children Have Poor Attendance	1,025	(117)	•	806	110			1,018
19,149	23,234	22,964	Educational Attainment Gaps Narrowed	27,456	(2,814)	(430)	24,512	257	٠	•	25,069
87,627	94,362	104.544	VULNERABLE YOUNG PEOPLE GIVEN A GOOD START IN LIFE	117,030	(7,247)	(1,817)	107,966	7,040	•	360	115,266

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Essex Residents Can Determine the Services They Need to Achieve the Best Possible Quality of Life

Specific Controllable Support Building Asset charges	Net Services Maintenance	Grant Expenditure Expenditure Fooo fooo fooo fooo					. 6,285	. 1,287	. 751 751	8,323		. 1,001 1,038	. 4,004 4,038		. 165.152 4.801 - 128 170.081	2,987 358 312	(280) 30,820 1,338 28 21 32,207	- 16,895 2,997 - 1,042 20,934	. 5,493 133 16 11 5,653	. 1,132		(280) 326,834 12,256 402 1,514 341,006		304 41 345	. 304 45 345	
Gross Income Spe	Govern	000ј 000ј					6,427 (142)	1,497 (210)	762 (11)	8,686 (363)		1,001	1,001		234.182 (69.030)		32,668 (1,568) (19,035 (2,140)	5,722 (229)	1,132		446,259 (119,145)		304	. 304	
				LE PEOPLE (continued)	ESSEX RESIDENTS DETERMINE AND CONTROL SERVICES TO ACHIEVE BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY OF LIFE	People are Safeguarded (including Mental Health)	Training for Staff, Partners and Providers	Specialist Safeguarding Unit	onitoring	People are Safeguarded (Including Mental Health)	improved Quality Of Life for Carers	Carers Assessment / Review	Improved Quality Of Life for Carers	Danis Hens (hales and Cantra) from That from and Connect (hadralles Montra) Health)	Residential Care and Nursing	Domiciliary Care	Self Directed Support Practitioners	Access to Information and Service Through Libraries	Funding Third Sector Services	Service Placement Team	Other Managed Services	People Have Choice and Control Over Their Care and Support (Including Mental Health)	People Feel That They Can influence Decisions and Services in Their Locality	User Groups / Planning Groups / Volunteers	People Feel That They Can influence Decisions and Services in Their Locality	
test	dget	000	Olib PEOPI F (confining)	SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE (continued)	ESSEX RESIDENTS D	People are S			746 Quality Monitoring			250 Carers /		U eleced							10 Oth		Peop	331 Us	331 People	
Actual 2009-10 20090-10 Latest	Original Budget Budget	£000	Centifical Economic	SUPPORTING VULNERAB	ESSEX RESIDENTS D	People are S	8,344 6,602 Training fo	1,369 1,841 Specialist	683 746 Quality Mc	10,396 9,189 People are			1,019 250 Improve	n elected	146.404 156.356 Resic	103,031	32,847 32,127 Se	16,944 17,376 Ac	5,970 6,695 Fur	1,219 1,183 Sen		315,832 316,778 Peop	Peop			

Our People » Supporting Vulnerable People » Older People Are Better Able to Participate Within Their Community

Total	Net	Expenditure £000					31,098	1,368	4,039	21	1,728	3	•	38,257	90	36,257	536,824	577.449
Building Asset charges	and a sect	6000					•	•	•	1	·	•	·	•	•	•	1,775	2,368
Building	Maintenance	£000								6				•		•	411	986
Support		6000					1,042	84	٠	44				1,170	100	1,170	20,715	30,479
Controllable	Net	Expenditure £000					30,056	1,284	4,039	(33)	1,728	3	٠	37,077	1	37,077	513,923	543,616
Specific		Grant £000					(2,393)		•		·		·	(2,393)	3	(2,393)	(31,492)	(984,916)
Income		000J					(385)				·			(385)	(104)	(302) (302)	(127,202)	(147,414)
Gross	Expenditure	6000					32,834	1,284	4,039	(33)	1,728	٣		39,855	į	39,655	672,617	1,675,946
Outcomes	ب		OUR PEOPLE (continued)	SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE (continued)	OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY	Vulnerable People Are Supported To Live Independently	1 Extra Care, Supported Living, Tenancies etc. (Including Supporting People)	4 Telecare Equipment / Self Assessment Equipment (SARA)	7 Hospital Assessment Team's	3 Reablement Service	3 Social Care Direct	2 Libraries Direct	- Essex Equipment Services	Vulnerable People Are Supported To Live Independently	AN NED DEADI E ADE DETTED ADI E TA DADTACIDATE WITHIN THEID CA		9 SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	OUR PEOPLE
olatest	zoog to Latest Budget	£000	OUR PEOPLE (continued)	SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE (continued)	OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY	Vulnerable People Are Supported To Live Independently	2,281 Extra Care, Supported Living, Tenancies etc. (Including Supporting People)	5,274 Telecare Equipment /Self Assessment Equipment (SARA)	4,027 Hospital Assessment Team's	2,923 Reablement Service	1,633 Social Care Direct	12 Libraries Direct	- Essex Equipment Services	16,150 Vulnerable People Are Supported To Live Independently	AN NED DEADI E ADE DETTED ADI E TA DADTACIDATE WITHIN THEID CA	10,150 OLUER PEUPLE ARE BELLER ABLE LO PARTICIPALE WILNIN THEIR COMMUNITY	479,759 SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	518,725 OUR PEOPLE
Controllable registration of the controllable	Zooy to caces. Original Budget Budget	£000	OUR PEOPLE (continued)	SUPPORTING YULNERABLE PEOPLE (continued)	OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY	Vulnerable People Are Supported To Live Independently							- Essex Equipment Services		CO GIANT MINTIN TURID AD I TO DADACIDATE MINTIN TURID CO.	OLDER PEOPLE ARE BELLER ABLE TO PARTICIPALE WITHIN THEIR CO		497,806 518,725 OUR PEOPLE

Our Economy » Improving Transport » Congestion Reduced & Transport Infrastructure Improved

Total	Expenditure					7,472	3,361	537	606	609	224	•	•	13,112		25,000			42,011	13,261	1,354	56,626	76 606	50,020	
Building Asset charges	000J					5	13		29		16		•	ę,	ş	5			12,890	•	22	12,912	200	12,912	
Building A	000J						20					•		8	ş	3			16	•		97	Y	2	
Support						538	00	80	14	10	7			£	ě	£			2,458	1,025	78	3,561	200	3,501	
Controllable	Expenditure					6,929	3,320	529	866	599	201	•		12,444	100	•			26,647	12,236	1,254	40,137	100	40,137	
Specific	Grant																		(9,376)	·	•	(9,376)	9=0	(9,370)	
Income	600g					(6,884)	(432)		(87)					(2,403)	(4 400)	(Entro)				(19,228)		(19,228)	(000 00)	(19,226)	
Gross	000J					13,813	3,752	529	953	599	201			19,847	178 07	19,04/			36,023	31,464	1,254	68,741	77- 07	06,741	
		OID ECOROAV	IMPROVING TRANSPORT	CONGESTION REDUCED	Congestion Reduction	Congestion / Traffic and Policy Management	LTP Transport Strategy Team	Sustainable Travel Team	Public Transport Information	Punctual Bus Service		Cycling and Walking Programme	Effective Bus Routes and Fares	Congestion Reduction	Capital Month and Capital Mont		TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVED	Roads Are Kept in Good Condition	Maintain Highways and Improved Network	Bus Services Provided to Peripheral Areas	Community Transport Services	Roads Are Kept in Good Condition		IKANSPOKI INTKASIKUCI UKE IMPRUVED	
2009-10 Latest Budget	000 3		IMPROVING TRANSPORT	CONGESTION REDUCED	Congestion Reduction	8,599 Congestion / Traffic and Policy Management	3,259 LTP Transport Strategy Team	1,294 Sustainable Travel Team		588 Punctual Bus Service	313 Effective Public Transport Network	- Cycling and Walking Programme	Effective Bus Routes and Fares	14,720 Congestion Reduction	CONCECTION BENICED		TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVED	Roads Are Kept In Good Condition	22,514 Maintain Highways and Improved Network	11,071 Bus Services Provided to Peripheral Areas	1,256 Community Transport Services	34,841 Roads Are Kept in Good Condition		S4-641 IRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVED	
2009-10 2009-10 Latest Original Budget Budget	1		IMPROVING TRANSPORT	CONGESTION REDUCED	Congestion Reduction							Cycling and Walking Programme	- Effective Bus Routes and Fares			78°/ 40	TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVED	Roads Are Kept In Good Condition					70		

Our Economy » Promoting Sustainable Economic Growth » A 'Globalised' Local Economy & Essex is a Recognised Tourist Destination

2009-09 Actual	Origin	2009-10 2009-10 Latest al Budget Budget		Gross	Income	e Specific Government	Controllable	Support	Building	Building Asset charges aintenance	Total
000J				Eooo	600 E		Expend	6000	£000	6000	Expenditure £000
			OUR ELUMONY (continued)								
			PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH								
			A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY								
			Sustainable Economic Growth Achleved								
4,518	4,876	6 5,422		2,040	(555)		1,485	351	24	2	1,865
4.518	4,876	5,422	Sustainable Economic Growth Achieved	2,040			1,485	351	**	10	1,865
			County's Economic Growth Effectively Led								
		- 519		644			644	94			4
•		- 264		264		,	. 264	19			283
•		- 224	Banking on Essex	250			. 250	00	•	•	258
175		- 243		(1)			. (1)				(1)
\$75		- 1,250	County's Economic Growth Effectively Led	962			. 962	£	•	•	1,035
			County's Regeneration Effectively Led								
1,415	1,559	9 1,562	Integrated County Strategy on Spatial Planning and Economic Regeneration Programme	1,387	(69)		1,322	118	·		1,440
•			Economic Participation	1,050		. (1,050)	•	٠		٠	
(4)			Haven Gateway/Coastal Regeneration	639	(279)	(360)	•	٠	٠	•	
469				351	(14		337			•	337
282	581						•				
(26)	1,027	7 (95)		357	(421)		. (64)	23	75	5	39
		- 148		155	(55)		100				100
•		- 107		112				7			119
2,106	3,612	2,506	County's Regeneration Effectively Led	4.051	(834)	(1,410)	1,807	841	K	10	2,035
6,799	8,488	8 9,178	A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY	7,053	(4,389)	(1,410)	4.254	572	8	2	4.935
			ESSEX IS A RECOGNISED TOURIST DESTINATION							I	
			Essex has a Thriving Cultural Sector								
1,346	1,425	5 1,470		1,583	(297)		1,286	249	156	187	1,878
1,357		7 1,064		1,379	(399)		. 980	14	1		995
2,703	2,382	2,534	Essex has a Thriving Cultural Sector	2,962	(969)		2,266	263	157	187	2,873
2,703	2,382	2,534	ESSEX IS A RECOGNISED TOURIST DESTINATION	2,962	(969)		2,266	263	157	187	2,873
9,502	10,870	11,712	PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH	10,015	(2,085)	(1,410)	6,520	835	256	191	7.808

Our Economy » Delivering Value for Money » Essex Championed

Contro	Controllable Net Expenditure		On(comes				2010-11 Budget	udget			
2008-09 Actual		2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support	Building Asset charges	set charges	Total
	Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure		Government	Net	Services	Maintenance		Net
						Grant	Expenditure				Expenditure
£000	E000	E000		E000	E000	E000	E000	E000	£000	E000	E000
			OUR ECONOMY (continued)								
			DELIVERING VALUE FOR MONEY								
			ESSEX CHAMPIONED								
			Members are Effective, Accessible and Seen As Community Champions								
•	988	5,598	Special Initiatives	988	·	·	988			•	988
4,129	4,517	5,353	Cabinet Leaders and Chief Executives Office	4,579	(09)	•	4,519	2,616			7,135
804	536	653	Training Development and Support for Members	200	•	•	200			٠	500
201	275	264	Members Information Action Plan	241	·	·	241	•			241
43	27	47	Scrutiny Committees	52	·	·	26			•	26
5,477	6,343	11,915	Members are Effective, Accessible and Seen As Community Champions	6,334	(99)	۰	6,274	2,616			8,890
5:477	6,343	11,915	ESSEX CHAMPIONED	6,334	(99)	•	6,274	2,616	•	•	8,890
5,177	6,343	11,915	DELIVERING VALUE FOR MONEY	6,334	(99)	•	6,274	2,616		•	8,890
960'69	65,810		73,488 OUR ECONOMY	104,937	(28,776)	(10,786)	65,375	7,597	292	13,172	86,436

Our World » Protecting the Environment » A Cleaner, Greener Essex & A Reduced **Carbon Footprint for Essex**

Control	Controllable Net Expenditure		Outcomes				2010-11 Bud	udget			
2008-09 Actual		2000-10 2000-10 Jatest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support	Ruilding	Building Asset charges	Total
2000 09 2000	3	Pudant		COOL STREET		obecilio.	Allow More	Samione	Maintanang	vaser citalges	No.
	Original budget	nagnna		cybellaline		COVERNIE	י אפּר		Mallifellalice		1 N
						Grant	Expenditure				Expenditure
E000	E000	E000		E000	E000	E000	E000	E000	£000	000J	E000
			OUR WORLD								
			PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT								
			A CLEANER, GREENER ESSEX								
			Essex is Cleaner								
587	601	826	Quality Street Scenes	723		•	723	352			1,075
587	601	826	Essex is Cleaner	723	٠	•	723	352	•	•	1,075
587	709	826	A CLEANER, GREENER ESSEX	723			723	352	·	٠	1,075
			A REDUCED CARBON FOOTPRINT FOR ESSEX								
			The Carbon Footprint for Essex is Reduced or Limited								
9,938	9,952	10,109	Energy Efficient Street Lighting	8,727		•	8,727	202	•		8,929
2,104	1,846	1,764	Waste Strategy Team	2,012	(107)	•	1,905		•	٠	1,905
410	629	495	Enviro nmental Awareness Team	394		•	394	32			426
12,452	12,427	12,368	The Carbon Footprint for Essex is Reduced or Limited	11,133	(107)	•	11,026	234	•	٠	11,260
12,452	12,427	12,368	A REDUCED CARBON FOOTPRINT FOR ESSEX	11,133	(407)		11,026	234	·	٠	11,260
13,039	13,028	13,194	PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT	11,856	(107)	•	11,749	586	•	•	12,335

Our World » Reducing and Recycling Waste » Less Landfill Waste and Increased **Recycling and Composting**

Contro	Controllable Net Expenditure Outcomes	Ilture	Outcomes				2010-11 Budget	udget			
2008-09 Actual		2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support	Building	Building Asset charges	Total
	Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure		Government	Net	Services	Maintenance		Net
						Grant	Expenditure				Expenditure
£000	000J	E000		E000	E000	E000	E000	E000	£000	E000	E000
			OUR WORLD (continued)								
			REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE								
			LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING								
			Waste To Landfill is Reduced								
33,460	32,048	32,074	Waste Collection (Direct Contracting)	33,163	(1,576)	•	31,587	549	108	69	32,313
14,195	15,142	15,225	Existing / New Recycling Facilities	17,858	•	•	17,858	193	•	·	18,051
333	411	411	Waste Collection Support	403	(69)	•	334	2	4	5	345
47,988	47,601	47,710	Waste To Landfill is Reduced	51,424	(1,645)	۰	49.779	4	11	2	50,709
47,988	47,601	47.710	LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING	51,424	(3,645)		49.779	745	112	2	50,709
47,988	47,601	47,710	REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE	51,424	(3,645)	•	49,779	4.	1	*	50,709

Our World » Making Communities Safer » Essex is the Safest Place in England

2008-09 Actual	_	Actual 2009-10 2009-	2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Support		Building Asset charges	Total
		Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure		Government		Services	Ma		Net
5000		0000	000		9			t Expenditure	9	9	000	Expenditure
T000	2	0003	1000		0000	0001	1000		0004	0000	0004	0000
				OUR WORLD (continued)								
				MAKING COMMUNITIES SAFER								
				ESSEX IS THE SAFEST PLACE IN ENGLAND								
				Children Are Safe From Preventable Harm. Inlury or Death								
9,598	00	11,295	12,787	Staff Capability to Make Effective Use of Court Powers (531)	15,095	(44)	·	15,051	1,017			16,068
2,785	2	2,682	2,806	Staff with Capability and Capacity to Make Effective Use of Child Protection Powers (S47)	2,821	(83)	(062)		359		62	2,369
1,062	2	1,430	2,035	Management Information on Current State of Known Cases and Risks Associated With Them (QA Dashboard)	993	(34)		. 959	·			959
974	4	1,340	1,319	Duty and Assessment Staff with the Capability and Capacity to Respond Immediately to Incidents	1,474			1,301	105			1,406
609	6	1,345	1,345	Family Support Programme and Parenting Provision	1,345			1,341	36		•	1,377
874	4	519	1,133	Effective Safeguarding Practices and Processes	991		•	886	194		•	1,182
250	0	326	324	Effective Local Safeguarding Children Board and Complaints System	634			323	10		•	333
890	0	550	550	Effective Practices and Processes (Children in Need)	534				15			538
581	17	837	536	Relationships with Designated Child Protection Officers from all Agencies and Organisations Working With Children and Young People	547			547	31			578
237	7	338	435	Safeguarding Training for Those Working With Children	445	(14)		458	,			428
349	6	341	304	Family Group Conferencing (Assessment of Needs and Risk)	279	(3)			56			302
18,209	0	24,003	23,574	Children Are Safe From Preventable Harm, Injury or Death	25,455	(689)	(790)	23,685	1,793	•	62	25,540
				Drux and Alcohol Services are Hish Quality								
520	0	354	622	Adult Children Plan	7,419	(6,550)	(109)		223			983
520	•	356	£	Drug and Alcohol Services are High Quality	7,419	(6,550)		926	223	٠	•	983
				These An Ennes Estallities II are Of Business and Impact on the Engineering In a Disease.								
1.258	on	1.126	1.180	The core for the core is assured, loss of bearings and impact of the core in the core of the core is assured. Professional France now Planning	1.238	(167)		1.071	80	ŀ	ľ	1.169
1,258		1,126	1,180	There Are Fewer Fatalities/Loss Of Business and Impact on the Environment in a Disaster	1,238	(167)	•	1,071	8	٠	٠	1,169
				Access For All to the Natural Environment								
1,159	6	1,167	1,189	Increased Sustainable Travel to School Including Buses, School Crossing Patrols, and Improved Walking and Cycling Facilities	1,134	(9)		1,128	844		•	1,972
1,159	0.	1,167	1,189	Access For All to the Natural Environment	1,134	9		1,128	844	•		1,972
				Roads are Safe								
5.834	ţ.	4.827	6.679	Safety Campaigns	6,613	(907)		6.207	236			6.443
2,557	7	2,617	2,371	Increase Enforcement of Traffic Offences / Speeding	3,145	(267)					460	3,038
8,391	,	7.444	7,050	Roads are Safe	9,758	(973)		8,785	236	•	94	9,481
				Brown to the factor and others								
				Essays is a sure Place To Live	0				ì			0
1,102	2	1,009	1,458	Reducing Litine and Anti-Social Behaviour (With ESSEX Police and Partners)	855				36			891
1,102	0	1,009	1,458	Essex is a Safe Place To Live	855			922	36	•	•	867
20.620		32.403	9E. 230	FSGEX IS THE GAFFET PLACE IN EMCLAND	AE. EEO	(A. 276)	(800)	26.284	086.6	ľ	622	960.04
Catac		Carried	33430		ACC4C*	. (Co.)			oc eic		ł	of otole
30,639	•	32,103	35,230	MAKING COMMUNITIES SAFER	45.559	(8,376)	(868)	36,284	3,230	•	522	40,036
94,000	9	92,732	96434	96,554 UUK WUKLU	108,839	(10,128)	(668)	97,812	4,500	New York	200	103,080

Operating Costs

2008-09 Actual	Origi	2009-10 2009-10 Latest nal Budget Budget		Gross Expenditure	Income	Specific Government		Support	Building Maintenance	Building Asset charges intenance	Total
£000	600 E	6000		6000	600 E	Grant £000	Expenditure £000	6000	6000	£000	Expenditure £000
			OPERATING COSTS								
			CENTAL COSTS								
			Central Services to the Public								
480	411	379	Registration of Births, Deaths and Marriages	2,191	(2,020)	•	171	456	19	24	049
1,459	1,229	1,622	Coroners' Courts	2,747	(1,034)		1,713	188		•	1,901
1,103	995	995	Second Homes Discount Scheme	1,100			1,1				1,100
735	35	32	Other Services	196	(12)	(152)		(122)			(06)
65	63	63	Other Property Services	63			63	7			65
ω,	(72)	(72)	Surplus Properties	53	(126)		(7.3)	5	146	64	142
3,845	2,661	3,019	Central Services to the Public	6,350	(3,192)	(123)	3,006	499	165	8	3,758
			Precepts								
944	1,126	1,126	Environment Agency	1,315		•	1,315	•	•	•	1,315
222	215	215	Kent and Essex Sea Fisheries	230			230			•	230
1,166	1,341	1,341	Precepts	1,545			1,545	٠	٠	•	1,545
			Non Distributed Costs								
328			Past Service Cost / (Gains)								
1,753	•		Curtaliment	•	·	•					
			Settlement			•					
2,081		•	Non Distributed Costs		•	•	•	•	•	•	
			Pension interest and Return on Assets								
(73,350)			Expected Return on Pension Assets				•				
102,395			Pension interest			•	•				
(21,193)			Person Reserve (FKS 17)								
14,944	4,002	4,360	CENTRAL COSTS	7,895	(3,192)	(152)	4.551	499	165	88	5,303
			CAPITAL FINANCING AND TREASURY MANAGEMENT								
			Interest Receivable								
(17,173)	(5,231)	(4,101)	External Interest Receivable		(2,931)	,	(2,931)			•	(2,931)
5,710	3,831	801	Interest on Earmarked Reserves	•	2,006		2,006	•	•	·	2,006
(11,463)	(1,400)	(3,300)	Interest Receivable	•	(925)	٠	(925)	•	•	•	(925)
			Interest Payable								
17,546	21,006	13,903	External interest Payable	20,395			20,395	ľ		ľ	20,395
(857)	(230)	(728)	Contributions Towards Transferred Debt	(964)	·		(694)	·	·	·	(969)
(132)	(130)	(130)	Loan Charges Grant		(130)		(130)		•		(130)
16,557	20,146	13,045	Interest Payable	19,701	(130)	٠	19,571	٠	٠	٠	19,571
			Capital Financing								
		•	Government Grants	29,787	(29,787)	•	·			•	
21,044	23,375	23,516	Repayment of External Loans	28,508	•	•	28,508	•	•	•	28,508
Ξ			Depreciation	•	•	•	•			(78,575)	(78,575)
21,043	23,375	23,516	Capital Financing	58,295	(29,787)	•	28,508	•	•	(78,575)	(50,067)
26,137	42,121	33,261	CAPITAL FINANCING AND TREASURY MANAGEMENT	966:22	(30,842)	•	47,154	•	•	(78,575)	(31,421)

Operating Costs (continued)

6000 f	3 L	Fynenditure	NO.	Sovernment	Controllable	Services M	Building Asset charges Maintenance	et charges	Total
				Grant	Expenditure				Expenditure
		E000	£000	E000	£000	6000	£000	6000	£000
OPERATING COSTS continued	pan								
APPROPRIATIONS									
School									
Canital Financing									
683 Future Capital Funding	ding				·				
	PFI Capital Financing Equalisation Reserves								
2,142 A130 reserve		1,915		•	1,915			·	1,915
	/ School PFI	17.2		·	172			·	172
140 Debden Park reserve	94.	96			96		,		96
- Tendring PPP									
9		9,10		Ì	9,10				20,00
15,447 Waste reserve	ANTA CALL	24,160	. (2027)		24,160				24,150
	9		(0.26.)		(026.1)				7,54
	eward reserve		(7.595)		(7.595)			ľ	(7.595)
	NVE .	1,800		ľ	1,800			ľ	1,800
- Children's reserve		004'4		۰	4,400				4,400
(18,076) Service improvements reserve	ents reserve		(4,289)		(4,289)	,			(4,289)
 Partnerships 					•	,	,		
) reserve				•				
25 Essex Art Fund	and December				•				
	gate of the property of the pr			ľ		ŀ	ŀ	ľ	
	A CORPORATION OF THE PROPERTY		(132)		(132)				(132)
	븏			·	•				
(5,600) Debt financing reserve	ын			·	·	·	·	·	
(2,125) Health and safety reserve	reserve				·				
	Landfill Altowances Equalisation reserve							1	
	reserve				٠				
(104) Essex on-line partnership reserve	nership reserve								
Developing Partnerships	salibs								
	exues								
	Serve		(16)		(16)				(16)
	eive			ŀ				٠	
815 Life Raft Pledge reserve	SEIVE								
(17,287) APPROPRIATIONS		32,543	(19,558)	٠	12,985	•	٠		12,985
NORMAN CO NORMAN MARKET	Acres	į							
- EMEKGENCY CONIII		8,000	•		8,000	•			8,000
20,334 OPERATING COSTS		126,434	(53,592)	(153)	72,690	400	165	(48 484)	(e see

Support Services

Controlla	Controllable Net Expenditure	diture	Outcomes				2010-11 Bud	idget			
2008-09 Actual	2009-10	2009-10 2009-10 Latest		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable		Building /	Building Asset charges	Total
ō	Original Budget	Budget		Expenditure	ß	Government	Net	Services	Maintenance		Net
food	food	f000		food	food	Grant	Expenditure	food	food	food	Expenditure
			SUPPORT SERVICES								
			RECHARGED STRATEGIC SUPPORT SERVICES								
4,863	4,492	3,977	Asset Management	2,672		•	2,672	(2,672)			•
2,263	2,050	2,356	Communications and Customer Relations	2,275		•	2,275	(2,275)			•
1,664	1,954	1,714	Customer Contact Centre	1,525			1,525	(1,695)		170	•
881	1,029	953	Democratic Services	918			918	(918)			•
4,113	3,715	3,659	Essex Legal Services	2,622		·	2,622	(2,622)		•	•
14,192	13,672	14,661	Facilities Management Sewice	12,970		·	12,970	(14,068)	373	725	•
14,975	12,150	20,476	Finance	7,140		·	7,140	(7,225)		85	•
8,768	9,253	10,020	Human Resources	8,583		·	8,583	(8,583)	·		•
24,604	24,269	36,925	Information Services	15,807		•	15,807	(15,977)		170	•
1,554	5,377	5,377	Insuran ce Cost Recovery Account	5,354		•	5,354	(5,354)			•
2,279	2,717	2,435	Transformation Support Unit	6,019		•	6,019	(6,019)			•
2,354	1,915	2,128	Procurement and Car Provision Scheme	1,689		•	1,689	(1,689)			•
1,375	1,475	1,400	Transport Coordination Centre	1,415		•	1,415	(1,415)			•
83,885	84,068	106,081	RECHARGED STRATEGIC SUPPORT SERVICES	68,989			68,989	(70,512)	373	1,150	
			SEKVICE MANAGEMENT								
11,764	13,428	12,533	Adults, Health & Communuity Wellbeing	15,092	(164)	(6,011)	8,917	6,656	17	00	15,598
3,646	3,536	3,255	Environment, Sustaininability & Highways	12,739	(8,623)	·	4,116	187		42	4,345
1,184		96	Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration	20	(20)	•		6,777	3	4	6,784
(1,639)	(2,610)	2,166	Schools, Children & Families	12,218	(3,056)	(6:66)	(262)	11,760	498	59,526	70,987
192	522	487	Other	751	(452)	·	299	15	75	36	425
15,147	14,876	18,535	SERVICE MANAGEMENT	40,820	(12,315)	(15,970)	12,535	25,395	593	59,616	98,139
•											
5,129	4,681	5.507	BUILDING MAINTENANCE	2,652			2,652	•	(2,652)		•
			CONTROL CANADA					1	,		
104,161	103,625		19423 SUFFURI SERVILES	112,401	32,315)	(35.970)	84,176	(45:337)	(3,080)	90,766	96,139

Capital Programme Summary

Outcomes			2010-11 Capita	al Programme		
	Contributions	Grants		Supported		Tota
			Future Capital	Borrowing	Borrowing	Paymen
			Funding			Approval
	£000	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£oo
PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST						
GREATER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT		_	-	_	1,500	1,50
KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES	-	2,210	-	740	2,873	5,82
		•		, .	, , , ,	J ,
PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST	-	2,210	-	740	4,373	7,32
OUR PEOPLE						
INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SKILLS	1,672	125,884	-	20,185	12,318	160,05
PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE	-	3,611	56		6,383	10,05
SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	-	22,361	-	1,107	17,044	40,51
OUR PEOPLE	1,672	151,856	56	21,292	35,745	210,62
ORTEGIE	2,0/2	252,050	50	21,272	331/43	210,02
OUR ECONOMY						
DELIVERING VALUE FOR MONEY	-	-	-	-	-	
IMPROVING TRANSPORT	72	4,000	-	26,379	11,847	42,29
PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH	2,619	73,110	-	1,000	15,963	92,69
	_					
OUR ECONOMY	2,691	77,110	-	27,379	27,810	134,99
OUR WORLD						
OUR WORLD						
PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT		-	-	_	-	
REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE	1,432	-	-	-	9,875	11,30
MAKING COMMUNITIES SAFER	-	1,207	-	2,133	-	3,34
OUR WORLD	1,432	1,207	-	2,133	9,875	14,64
OTHER	-	-	1,610	-	14,730	16,34
TOTAL	5,795	232,383	1,666	51,544	92,533	383,92

Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Prior Years

Outcomes	2010-11 Pa	2010-11 Payment Approvals	wals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	sles		
	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment
										Approvals
	£000	£000	£000	f000	f000	6000 E	6000	f000	000J	6000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS										
PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST										
GREATER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT										
Community Initiatives Scheme	1,500	ľ	1,500	1,675	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	9,175
GREATER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT	1.500	•	1.500	1.675	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	9.175
KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES										
Public Art - General	1,500	ľ	1,500	6,000	1,500	ľ	ľ	٠	•	7,500
Colchester Gypsy Site / Severalls East	1,900	(1,900)	•	75	1,900			٠	٠	1,975
Public Art Sadlers Farm	405	•	405	11	405		•			482
Public Art Common Fund	291	•	291	113	291		•		•	404
Public Art Fryerns & Craylands	58	•	58	99	58		•	•	•	114
Public Art Park & Ride Network	82	•	82	41	82	•	•			96
Gypsy And Traveller Pitch And Site Improvement	80	(09)	20		8				٠	80
Public Art Brentwood High Street	12		12	33	12					45
Public Art Genius Loci	ľ		2	ľ	2					10
KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES	4,333	(1,960)	2,373	6,373	4.333					10,706
PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST	5,833	(1,960)	3,873	8,048	5,833	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	19,881
OUR PEOPLE										
INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SKILLS										
A HIGHER-SKILLED POPULATION										
Maldon Learning Hub	1,149		1,149	н	1,149	20	•	·		1,200
A HIGHER-SKILLED POPULATION	1,149	٠	1,149	-	1,149	S.	٠	•	•	1,200

	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment
										Approvals
	£000	£000	£000	E000	£000	f000	£000	6000	6000 E	£000
CUITMEN CITALING IN 2009 to MID ENGLISH LEGGS										
OUR PEOPLE (continued)										
A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL										
Basic Need Schemes										
Witham, Chipping Hill Primary (Maltings Lane)	4,877	(3,912)	965	179	4,877		•		ľ	5,056
Colchester, Queen Boudica Primary	1,879	•	1,879		1,879	200	•		•	2,079
Buckhurst Hill, Buckhurst Hill Primary	1,200		1,200	N	1,200	749	•	•	•	1,951
Secondary Additional Places	138	(138)		1,000	138	•	•			1,138
Temporary Accommodation	325	(325)	ľ	421	325	ľ		ŀ	ľ	746
Reorganisation	.,,,,	(0.00)	000	,						0
Hallow Fassilloles Redevelopillelit	2 638	(2,049)	2,628	2,013	2 638	5,505			'	6 550
Pitsea Felmores School	980		890	3,963	890			٠		4,853
Post 16 Provision	493	(493)	'	507	493	•	•			1,000
to a family of the control of the co										
HOUGHISHION SCHOOLS		, ,								
largeted Capital	1,205	(1,205)	•	1,793	1,205					2,998
Primary Schools Halls	1,212	(1,212)	٠	899	1,212	1,954	1,241	414		5,489
Aradamios										
Bassidon Inner Academy	8.834	(8.834)	•	11.635	8.834	1.321			ľ	24.700
Basildon Lower Academy	2,454	(2,454)	•	13,155	2,454					15,609
Witham Academies	26,256	(26,256)	•	8,000	26,256	10,903	٠		•	45,159
Diment faulte Decement										
rimary capital riogramme Primary Capital	0 533	(0.533)		790 0	0 533	9000	345	12 288	41 518	288
riilla) (apriai	7,545	(9,543)		/03·K	7,543	2,020	00/16	14,400	016,11	20,300
Formula Capital Grant	7,873	(7,873)		17,314	7,873	6,970	2,932			35,089
Special Schools										
Schools Access Initiative	1,385	•	1,385	2,634	1,385	•			•	4,019
Special School Improvements	230	(230)	•	270	230		•			500
Other										
Asset Management Plan - Condition/Suitability surveys	3,772	(3,272)	500	15,000	3,772					18,772
Secondary Schools Sports Facilities Block	569	(695)	•	431	569	•	1		•	1,000
Project Managers' Fees	69	(63)	•	1,846	63	•			,	1,909
Extended Schools	1,944	(1,944)	•	2,342	1,944	•	•		•	4,286
Children & Samilles										
Aiming High For Disabled Children	2.282	(2.282)		140	2.282	•	,			2.422
		(1)		ř	i					ļ.
A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL	669:66	(73,434)	22,265	94,319	669'56	34,461	6:636	12,702	11,518	258,638
INCREASING FAILCATIONAL ACUID/GUENT AND SKILLS	970 70	(m 424)	177	70	070 70	72.76	0	9		910 010
	oho'os		43:45	74:340	oboʻok	140	7:939	14,704	016,11	439,030

Outcomes	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	rovals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	vals		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	£000	£000	6000 E	6000 E	6000 E	6000	£000	E000	000J	6000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS (continued)										
OUR PEOPLE (continued)										
PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE										
A HEALTHIER ESSEX										
Danbury Outdoors Site Facility	2,022	(2,022)	•	7.5	2,022	•	•	•	•	2,097
Mersea Outdoors Site Facility	1,589	(1,589)	•	75	1,589	•	•	•	•	1,664
Weald Country Park	791	•	791	109	791	•	•		•	900
Thorndon Boundary Fencing	35	1	35	•	35	1	•		•	35
Thames Chase Visitor Centre	99	•	99	543	26		•			599
A HEALTHIER ESSEX	4,493	(3,611)	882	803	4,493		ľ		ľ	5,295
AN DIVMPIC LEGACY										
Hadleigh Farm Park - 2012 Games	320		350	•	350	162		•	•	512
Hadleigh Farm Build - 2012 Games	250	•	250	•	250		•		•	250
AN OLYMPIC LEGACY	9	•	9	ŀ	9	162	ľ	•	•	762
PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE	5,093	(3,611)	1,482	802	5,093	162	•	•	•	6,057

Outcome	***************************************	Paris of Paris ont Assessed	- Income			Total	Total Burmont Assesses	arele		
Values	2040-44					TOTAL STATE	Sympan Shipping			
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	lotal
	Exp enditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment
										Approvals
	·	(· ·	ţ	,	,	,	((
	£000	£000	£000	1000	1000	£000	£000	£000	1000 1000	1000
SCHEMES STABTING IN 2008-10 AND FABILIED VEABS (continued)										
OUR PEOPLE (continued)										
SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE										
BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES										
Childrens' Centres	8,526	(8,526)		20,284	8,526	•		•		28,810
BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES	8,526	(8,526)	•	20,284	8,526	٠	٠	•	٠	28,810
OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY										
Shaftesbury Extra Care	2,653	(2,653)	•	2,653	2,653	•		•	•	5,306
Oscars Phase 2	3,500	•	3,500		3,500	٠		•	•	3,500
Leaming Disability Residential Reprovision	1,413	•	1,413	629	1,413	834	•		•	2,906
Radio-frequency identification (RFID) extension	2,250	•	2,250	530	2,250	•	•	•	٠	2,780
IT infrastructure grant	419	(419)	•	758	419	•	•	•	•	1,177
Springfield Library Facility	621	•	621	81	621	190	•	•	•	892
OLDED BEODIE A ABE BETTEB A DIE TO BARBACE WITHIN THEIR COMMINENT	7-0 07	(0.00)	ģ	707	7-0 07	4.000		1		, j.
OLDER FEOTIE AND BELIER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY	10,050	(3,072)	7.704	4,001	10,050	1,024		•	•	10,501
SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	19,382	(11,598)	7,784	24,965	19,382	1,024				45.371
E I GOSA BITO	424, 322	(88.642)	32.680	120.087	424,323	35.607	0.030	42,702	44, 548	344.266
OON TENTE.	Cach Sec	(Chatan)	34,000	100,001	Caccinat	/Aprice	Record	70/liga	Or City	Stayeou
OUR ECONOMY										
IMPROVING TRANSPORT										
CALIFECTIAN BENICES										
CONCESTION REDUCED										
Real Time Passenger Information signs at Brentwood Station	72	(72)	•	•	72		•		•	72
CONGESTION REDUCED	2	(72)	٠	٠	2	Ì				72
IMPROVING TRANSPORT	E.	2	•	•	E.		•	•	•	2

	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment Approvals
	£000	£000	£000	6000	6000 E	6000 E	6000	6000	600g	£000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS (continued)										
OUR ECONOMY (continued)										
PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH										
A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY										
Saddlers Fam Junction Improvement	30,000	(30,000)		15,162	30,000	15,000	669'6			69,861
Basildon Enterprise Corridor	8,314	(8,314)		11,140	8,314	100				19,554
Roscommon Way Phase1 New Innction - 643 - Colchecter	7,431	(6,932)	466	4,451	7,431	100				11,982
New Juil Court PAIZ * Coluirester Colchester Cycle Town	1,800	(906)	006	1,510	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	9,050
Harlow A414 M11 J7 To Southern Way Dualling	7,350	(7,350)		198	7,350	·	•			7,548
A13 Passenger Transport Corridor Improvements Witham Station Footbridge Extension	5,250	(5,000)	250	. 2.6EE	5,250	2,050				7,300
Chelmsford Chelmer Valley Park & Ride	1,994	(154)	1,840	,	1,994	1,800				3,794
Hadleigh Farm Access Improvements	1,700	,	1,700	250	1,700		•			1,950
4134 St Botolphs Roundabout Improvements, Colchester Hanse Mannac / Cranac Farm Doad Improvements	700	(700)		300	700					1,000
Opper may rest, craites rathin road uniphovements. Traffic Management Improvements Braintree	270	(ore)	50	'	310					50
Traffic Management Improvements	259		259	•	259	·			•	259
Traffic Asset Management Plan (TAMP) The Street Ravine	225	(225)			225			'		225
Tackling Congestion Improvement Scheme	350	<u>'</u>	350	•	350	ľ	,			350
Sturmer Parish Improvements	96	(36)	•	•	36	·			•	36
Spiringwood Averiue Mad e-up Road, biaintree Saffron Walden Town Square Improvements	35	(35)	•		35 45					35
Safety Camera Rollout	393	(393)	•	•	393	•			•	393
New Real Time Passanger Information and Bus Priority Equipment Multi-modal Interchance at Audiov End Great Chestorford	400	(400)			400					400
Harlow Eastwick Junction (A414)	135	Ì'	135	•	135	•			٠	135
Harlow Area Passenger Transport Improvements	25		25	•	25					25
Gt. Notley Bypass Dualling Demonstration Cycling Town - Harlow	34		¥ 5		¥ 6					¥ 02
Covered Salt Storage	151		151	•	151	•			•	151
Coldnailhurst Avenue Upgrade Bus Stop	7	4)	•	•	4					4
Colchester, Station Iravel Plan Colchester Town Centre	26	(100)	26		120					120
Colchester Road, Halstead	19	(61)		,	19				ľ	19
Chelmsford Walking and Cycling	110	. (2.2)	110	•	110	•	•	•		110
Cirellistory Park and Kide Salidori Expansion Butt Road Bus Stop Improvements	1/0	(18)		' '	81					18
Brentwood High Street	370	(202)	168	•	370	·				370
79-81 New Farm Road Bus Stop Upgrade Rzaintree Freenort Foothridge	20	(20)	. 000	, 4	20 22					20
Algo Bypass	100	(454)	100	3 '	100	102	104	106	108	520
Epping Forest Transport Strategy	450	(300)	150	•	450			·		450
Colchester A134. St Botolph's Roundabout	300	(300)	•	•	300	•		•		300
Great Notley Bypass Dualling Harlow First Avenue Rus Lane Phases	200	- (006)	200		200					200
Harlow A414 Capacity Improvements	166	(166)	•	•	166	•			•	166
Traffic Management Sign And Bus Shelter Laindon	30	(9)		•	30				•	30
bus Stop Improvements, Hythe Hill Chelmsford Innovation Centre	17	. (17)	1,000	. 005	1,000					1,300
Haven Gateway Partnership	760	(260)		,	260				ľ	760
A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY	81,017	(71,460)	9.557	36,026	81,017	20,952	11,603	1,906	1,908	153,412
DOMOTING SIISTAINABI E ECONOMIC GDOWTH	ă	(24 460)	0	yeo ye	B. 047	0000	coy ss	4004	966	459 449
	l'action		icos.						ì	100

Outcomes	2010-11 P	2010-11 Payment Approvals	ovals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	sja		
	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment Approvals
	f000	000 J	f000	000Э	f000	£000	6000 E	000Э	000Э	E000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS (continued)										
OURWORLD										
REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE										
LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING										
Ct Diremour Decentree Management Cantro	,	(4 (504)	000 1	4	,	,	,	,	,	7
or duminow resource management centre New Braintree Civic Amenity Site	4,332	(4,432)	6,900	2,129	4,332		•			4,442
LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING	4,413	(1,432)	2,981	2,239	4.413					6,652
REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE	4,413	(1,432)	2,981	2,239	4,413	ŀ		ľ	·	6,652
OUR WORLD	4,413	(1,432)	2,981	2,239	4-413	•	•	·	Ī	6,652
ОНЕК										
Wide Area Network (WAN) replacement	1,610	ľ	1,610	2,012	1,610	,		•	·	3,622
Office Strategy - to Exit Leased Offices	1,385	•	1,385	•	1,385	•	•			1,385
Financial Systems Upgrade	215		215	•	215					215
OTHER	3,210	ľ	3,210	2,012	3,210	i	Ť	ľ	ľ	5,222
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS	215,868	(163,567)	52,304	168,412	215,868	58,149	23,042	16,108	14,926	496,505

Schemes Starting in 2010-11

Outcomes	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	rovals			Total	Total Payment Approvals	rals		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	6000 F	f000	f000	6000 E	f000	f000	6000	f000	f000	fooo
CUEMIC CTANTUC IN										
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11										
PUTTING THE CUSTOMER FIRST										
KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES										
Public Rights Of Way	240	•	740	•	240	578	589	601	613	3,121
Public Art - Town Centre Enhancement	200	•	200	•	200	300	300	•	٠	800
Public Art - Schools Building Enhancement	200	•	200	•	200	220	300	•	•	720
Gypsy and Traveller Pitch and Site Improvement	350	(250)	100	•	350	200	200		•	750
KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES	1,490	(250)	1,240	•	1,490	1,298	1,389	601	613	5,391
Tagis danoralina anti-anti-tila	90,	(one)	9,6		907	age	980	707	6.7	100
TOTING THE COST OFFICE AND ADDRESS OF THE COST OFFICE AND ADDR	D. Carlot	(969)	all a state		OK STATE	okat.	Sact.	100	3	1959

	(ZOZO-ZZ Fayment Approvats	ı					ı		
	Gxpenditure	псот	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	lotal Payment Approvals
	f000	6000 E	E000	6000	6000	6000	E000	000Э	000Э	000Э
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (continued)										
OUR PEOPLE										
INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SKILLS										
A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL										
Basic Need Schemes										
Stansted, Rochford Nurseries Primary	1,588		1,588	7	1,588	4,272	•	•		5,867
l akeley, Priors Green Primary Basic Need - Selective Secondary Provision	278		278		278	4,473	1,823			6,574 1,932
Temporary Accommodation	887	(887)	,	·	887	·	·	•	·	887
Reorganisation Schemes										
Philip Morant, Colchester - Temporary Expansion	603		603	•	603	1,333				1,936
St Helena, Colchester - Temporary Expansion	266	• ;	566	•	566	•		•		566
Post 16 Provision Vocational Centres	776	(944)	- 443		776	1,000				1,401
	}		Ì		2					
Primary Capital Programme	401	(401)	•	•	401	•		•		401
Modernisation Schemes										
Food Technology	1,500	(1,500)		•	1,500		•	•		1,500
Formula Capital Grant										
Fomula Capital Grant 10/11	3,288	(3,288)	•		3,288	7,714	7,714	3,857		22,573
Other										
Asset Management Plan - Condition/Suitability surveys	4,050	(4,050)	'	•	4,050	7462				4,512
Secondary Schools Sports Facilities Block Directage of Land and Property	583	(583)	' 7		583	417				1,000
Project Manager's Fees	420	'	420		420			ľ	ľ	420
Extended Schools	1,140	(1,140)			1,140					1,140
Building Schools for the Future										
Castle View (Wave 4)	16,228	(16,228)		•	16,228	12,851			•	29,079
Philip Morant (Wave 6)	φ9		64	•	64	92 '		11,649	15,212	27,001
The Greensward Academy (Wave 6)	79		70 0		9 9	2 4		10,164	13,295	23,599
The Gilberd (Wave 6)	79	•	79		79	2 92		9,256	12,124	21,520
Comelius Vermuyden (Wave 4)	11,155	(11,155)	•	•	11,155	8,834		•	•	19,989
Thurstable (Wave 6)	ħ9	. (200 00)	64		49	92 -		8,436	11,066	19,642
Columbus scribor Ania Columbe (wave 4) The Fitzwimarc, Rayleigh (Wave 6)	79	(566'OT)	9		64	70/10		8.389	11,005	19,534
Sir Charles Lucas (Wave 6)	т 9	•	64	•	79	9/	•	7,688	10,100	17,928
St Helena (Wave 6)	79		64	•	79	9/	. ,;; 6	7,330	6,639	17,109
De La Salle (Wave 4) Homestead (Wave 6)	4,250		4,250	' '	4,250	2, 141 76	0,240	1,268	1,816	3,224
Alderman Blaxill (Wave 6)	79	•	64	•	64	9/	•	1,090	1,588	2,818
Thomas Lord Audley (Wave 6)	79		64	•	99	92	•	1,090	1,588	2,818
Colchester Pru (Wave 6) The Digneer School (Mayer 4)	499	. (96% 1)	64		1,76	1 130		1,036	1,517	2,693
Investment in LEP	10	(Cathir)	10		10		•	•		10
A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL	64,537	(52,448)	690'6		61,537	56,371	17,783	80,773	101,415	317,886
INTERCINE ENICATIONAL ACUITMENT AND CVILLE	17	(017 02)	000	•	7	Y	į	8	- 1	700
INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SALLS	01,537	(52,440)	V,550	•	16640	-/6/26	CO / 1/2	27170		

Ourcomes	2010-19	2010-11 Payment Approvals	slevo			Total	Total Payment Approvals	slex		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	£000	£000	£000	£000	6000	£000	6000	£000	£000	f000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (continued)										
OUR PEOPLE (continued)										
PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE										
A HEALTHIER ESSEX										
Bradwell Outdoors Site Facility	2,500		2,500		2,500	2,500	•	ľ		5,000
Commercial Strategy (Phase 1)	1,957		1,957	•	1,957	508	569			2,734
אומנוסות סתוכני שווו כתו מוא	200		200		200	430				267
A HEALTHIER ESSEX	4.957	•	4.957	٠	4.957	3,258	569	•	٠	8,484
PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE	4.957		4.957		4.957	3,258	269	•		8,484
SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE										
BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES										
Endi-Vane O Phildrens Grant	3	(1,144)			3					
Early reals & Childrage Grant Basildon Space	3.200	(1.600)	1.600		3.200	3.200				6,400
Site Acquisition For Special School	2,500	,	2,500	•	2,500		٠			2,500
Children With Disabilities Respite Centre (De La Salle)	2,000		2,000	•	2,000	٠	•	•		2,000
Schools Access Initiative	1,107		1,107	•	1,107	1,527	•			2,634
Minor Works - Outdoor Education Centres Playbuilder Canital Grant	150	. (615)	150		150	150	150	150	150	750
Youth Capital Fund	614	(614)			614				ľ	614
Children's Centres Maintenance	523	(523)	•	•	523		•		•	523
Repair & Upgrade Swimming Pool Hargrave House	094	•	460	•	094				•	460
Minor Works - Family Centre Extensions	200	•	200	•	200				•	200
Minor Works - Upgrade Kesidential Homes	150	•	150	•	150	•	•			150
BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES	18,930	(10,763)	8,167	•	18,930	4.877	150	150	150	24,257
OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY										
Community Wellbeing PFI	2,000		2,000		2,000		•			2,000
Accommodation/Housing Strategies	200		200	•	200	200	200	200	200	1,000
OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY	2,200	•	2,200	•	2,200	200	200	200	200	3,000
SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	21,130	(10,763)	10,367		21,130	2,077	350	350	350	27,257
31 GO3G G10	A 6.9 K	(69.944)	644.40	•	87 694	902.99	48 400	80.4.00	194 PG	Loy cae
								Carto	California	I-micco

Outcomes	Z010-11 P	2010-11 Payment Approvals	ovals			Total P	Fotal Payment Approvals	als		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	6000 E	6000	6000 E	6000	6000 E	6000	6000	000J	600 E	6000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (continued)										
OURECONOMY										
IMPROVING TRANSPORT										
CONGESTION REDUCED										
Passenger Transport	3,000	(3,000)	ľ	•	3,000	3,000	2,389	2,437	2,485	13,311
. Community Link	150	•	150		150	150	119	122	124	665
Traffic Management Improvements	200	•	500	•	200	390	398	904	414	2,108
Tackling Congestion	3,500	•	3,500	•	3,500	2,732	2,787	2,843	2,899	14,761
Traffic Signal Refurbishment	200	•	500	•	200	390	398	406	414	2,108
Walking And Cycling	870		870		870	629	693	707	721	3,670
CONGESTION REDUCED	8,520	(3,000)	5,520	•	8,520	7,341	6,784	6,921	7,057	36,623
TAIL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T										
I KANSPOKI INFKASI KUCI UKE IMPKOVED										
County Roads Maintenance	11,708		11,708		11,708	11,798	12,034	12,274	12,520	60,334
Highways Maintenance Initiative	10,000		10,000	•	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	50,000
County Bridges Maintenance	6,631	•	6,631	•	6,631	6,769	6,904	7,042	7,183	34,529
Footways Maintenance	2,000	•	2,000		2,000	2,042	2,082	2,124	2,166	10,414
Essex Community Infrastructure Fund	1,000		1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000
Suffice Water Alleylation	1,000	(1,000)	'		1,000	² ² ³	796	812	828	4,217
The control of the co	0//	•	170		1/10	780	802	818	634	4,010
Frinton Jown Centre Improvements	265		597		297			•		597
TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVED	33,706	(1,000)	32,706		33,706	33,176	33,618	34.070	34.531	169,101
IMPROVING TRANSPORT	42,226	(4,000)	38,226		42,226	40,517	40,402	40,991	41,588	205,724

Outcomes	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	rovals			Total	Total Payment Approvals	vals		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	600 E	6000	6000 E	600j	600 E	£000	6000	6000 E	6000	6000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2050-14 (continued)										
OUR ECONOMY (continued)										
PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH										
A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY										
Maior Schemes Planning & Management	000	ľ	000 6	ľ	000	000	000	000 6	000 6	15,000
Northern Approaches Road 3 - Colchester	4,269	(4,269)	·		4,269	4,487	197	,	'	8,953
Jaywick Regeneration - Housing Initiative	1,056		1,056	•	1,056	1,144		•	•	2,200
Replica Of The Mayflower	100	•	100	•	100	•	•	•	•	100
Colchester Town Centre Improvements	200	·	200	•	200	2,000	2,000	•	•	4,500
Harlow Cycle Town	006	•	006	•	900	•	•	•	•	900
Adizones	320		350	•	350	350	•	•	•	700
Naze Tower	200		500	•	200					200
Rural Commission Implementation	200		200	•	200		1			200
Coastal Kenaissance	200		200		200	•	•	•		200
A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY	11,675	(4,269)	7,406	٠	11,675	10,981	5,197	3,000	3,000	33,853
PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH	11.675	(4.269)	7.406	•	11.675	10.081	5.107	3,000	3,000	33.853
OUR ECONOMY	53,901	(8,269)	45,632	•	53,901	51,498	45,599	43,991	44,588	239,577

Outcomes	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	ovals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	als		
	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment Approvals
	000J	000Э	6000 E	6000	6000	000J	6000	6000 E	6000 E	£000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (continued)										
OURWORLD										
REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE										
LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING										
Transfer Stations	6,684	·	6,684		6,684	•	9,038	9,038		24,760
Closed Landfill Management	20		50		20	1,000			٠	1,050
Landfill Gas Flares Replacement	160		160		160					160
LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING	6,894	,	6,894		6,894	1,000	9:038	9:038		25,970
REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE	6,894		6,894	٠	6,894	1,000	9:038	9.038		25,970
MAKING COMMUNTIES SAFER		Ħ								
ESSEX IS THE SAFEST PLACE IN ENGLAND										
Safety Barriers Replacement	089	(44)	33		689	531	241	552	563	2,867
Safer Roads	2,100	•	2,100	•	2,100	1,639	1,672	1,706	1,740	8,857
Essex Casualty Reduction	260	(260)			260	260	260	260	260	2,800
ESSEX IS THE SAFEST PLACE IN ENGLAND	3,340	(1,207)	2,133		3,340	2,730	2,773	2,818	2,863	14,524
MAKING COMMUNTIES SAFER	3,340	(1,207)	2,133		3,340	2,730	2,773	2,818	2,863	14.524
OUR WORLD	10,234	(1,207)	9,027	•	10,234	3,730	11,811	11,856	2,863	40,494

Dufromes	2010-41	2010-11 Payment Approvals	nvale			Total	Total Payment Annrovals	wale		
			ı							
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	lotal
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment
										Approvals
	£000	£000	E000	£000	£000	6000	£000	£000	6000 E	£000
V										
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (CONTINUED)										
OTHER										
IS Development	5,000	•	5,000	•	5,000		•	•		5,000
Virtual Desktop Infrastructure	3,500	٠	3,500	•	3,500			•	•	3,500
Planned Capitalised Building Maintenance	1,000	٠	1,000	•	1,000	•		•	•	1,000
Voice Over Internet Protocol (VOIP)	1,000	٠	1,000	•	1,000	•	•	•	•	1,000
County Hall Chiller Replacement	375	٠	375	•	375	375	•		٠	750
Minor Works 2010/11	200	٠	200	•	200	•	•	•	•	500
Wireless network	200	٠	200	•	200	٠	٠	•	•	500
Capitalised Building Maintenance	300	٠	300	•	300	٠	,	•	•	300
2010/11 DDA Block	250	٠	250	•	250	•	•		•	250
Magnet House Improvements	200	٠	200	•	200	٠	٠	•	•	200
Smart Metering	120	٠	120	•	120	٠	٠	•	•	120
Ely House Short Term Improvements	100	٠	100	•	100	•		•	•	100
Stanwell House - Remodelling former Essex Records Office Area	85	٠	85	•	85	•	•	•	•	85
Essex Records Office Window Replacement	80	٠	80	•	80	•	•	•	٠	80
Safe Access to C Block Plant Room	09	٠	9	•	9	•	•	•	•	9
Essex Records Office Cooling System for Repositories	09	•	9	•	9	•	•	•	•	9
OTHER	13,130	•	13,130	•	13,130	375	•	•	•	13,505
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11	166,379	(72,937)	93.442	2	166,379	121,607	77,201	137,571	149,829	652,594

	2010-11									
	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment
										Approvals
	f 000	000J	E000	E000	£000	£000	£000	£000	6000	E000
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS										
OUR PEOPLE										
INCREASING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SKILLS										
A HIGHER-SKILLED POPULATION										
Relocation of Basildon Adult Community Learning facilities	•	•	,	•		1,000	1,000	1,000		3,000
Employment & Inclusion							900	200	200	1,500
St Peters College, Chelmstord	•		•			1,000				1,000
A HIGHER-SKILLED POPULATION	•	٠	•		•	2,000	1,500	1,500	200	5,500
A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL										
Basic Needs Schemes										
Primary Secondary						2,934	6,627	5,436	2,249	17,246
							5			
Keorganisation schemes Primary				,		875	2.740	1.385	•	5.000
Secondary	ľ		•	·	•	6,460	10,307	3,833		20,600
Vocational Centres	200	(200)	•		200	1,737	2,145	2,855	1,263	8,500
Modernisation										q
Secondary	'		•				000'6	000,6		18,000
Temporary Accommodation	•	٠	•	•		1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000
Primary Capital Programme	692	(694)	ľ	٠	692	5,384	10,000	10,000	9,230	35,383
Formula Capital Grant	405	(405)			405	5,267	10,129	15,382	24,136	55,319
Special Schools										
Special Schools Modernisation							5,000	5,000	. 84	10,000
Schools Access Initiative			•			1,249	2,776	2,776	2,776	9,577
Building Schools for the Firture										
Woodlands (Wave 4)			•			14,229	18,361	•		32,590
The King John School (Wave 5)				•		•	11,922	15,384		27,306
Mayflower High School (Wave 5)							9,399	12,128		24,750
Beauchamps High School (Wave 5)	•	٠	•	•			66:6	12,128		21,527
Bromfords (Wave 5) The familiation School (Mave c)							8,508	10,978		19,486
The Deanes School (Wave 5)			'	•			7,277	9,390		16,667
Edith Borthwick New Model Special School (Wave 5)				•			5,804	7,489		13,293
Glenwood New Model Special School (Wave 5)			•	•	•	. 9070	4,229	5,458		9,687
Sincielleus (wave 4)						1,346	3,847			5,193
South View (Wave 5)			•		·		1,594	2,057		3,651
Investment in PFI SPV's	•					1,000	850	1,500		3,350
Other									;	
Asset Management Plan - Condition/ Suitability		٠	•	•		8,642	9,801	7,638	7,663	33,744
rutulase of anna aird properly Project Manager's fees					•	420	450	420	420	1,680
A CHOICE OF SCHOOLS THAT SUPPORT CHILDREN TO ACHIEVE THEIR POTENTIAL	1,674	(1,674)	•	•	1,674	53,289	175,901	177,239	56,495	464,598
INCREACING ENICATIONAL ACUIDAMENT AND CALLS	1.3,	(1.6-4)		ľ	ij	000	707	0.0	-600	000 027
INCREASING EVUCALIONAL ACRIETEMENT AND SALLS	t jac	(triate)			1,0/4)))toy()	1//,401	4/G/138	CKKIAC	470,090

Outcomes	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	ovals			Total	Total Payment Approvals	vals		
	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment Approvals
	600 E	600 E	6000	6000 E	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000 E	6000 E
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS (continued)										
OUR PEOPLE (continued)										
SUPPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE										
BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES										
Minor Works - Youth Centre, Children'S Homes, Family Centres		·	•			350	350	350	350	1,400
Harlow Youth Provision			•	•		800		•	•	800
BETTER PREVENTION, EARLY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES	•		ľ	•	ľ	1,150	350	350	350	2,200
OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY										
Day Centres	•	·	ľ	•			200	200	200	1,500
Goldlay Gardens			•	•		3,000		•	•	3,000
Harlow Library Accommodation Frvens Library						1,000	1,000	1.000		3,000
O DE PEOP E ARE RETTER ARE FTO DARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMISSION	Ī	Ī			Ī	900	200	62	ş	6
SUPPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE	•	•	•	•	•	5,150	2,850	1,850	820	10,700
OUR PEOPLE	1,674	(4,674)	•	•	1,674	60,439	180,251	180,589	57,845	480,798

Outcomes	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	ovals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	als.		
				Personal access		1				Takel
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	lotal
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment
										Applovats
	£000	600 E	£000	£000	6000 E	6000 E	£000	£000	£000	6000 E
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS (continued)										
ANUNCES GIO										
PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH										
A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY										
							,			
South Essex Rapid Transit	•	•	•	•		•	6,300	5,200	5,200	16,700
Town Centre Improvements	•	•	•	•	•	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	8,000
Colchester Park & Ride	•	٠	•			200	000'9	•		6,200
Chelmsford Town Centre Improvements	•	•	•			1,000	2,000	•		6,000
A133 Colchester Improvements	•	•	•			1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	5,000
Congestion Management Schemes	•	•	•				1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
Rochford, Sutton Road Improvements	•	•	•			1,000	1,000	•		2,000
Private Streetworks	•	1	•			200	200	200	200	2,000
Chelmsford Rapid Transit	•	•	•			1,600		•		1,600
Chelmsford Cycle Town	•	•	•				200	200	200	1,500
Harlow Cycle Town	•	•	•				200	200	200	1,500
Strategic Bus Corridor Improvements	•	٠	•				200	200	200	1,500
Chelmsford Rail Street Scene	•	•	•	•		1,500		•		1,500
Station Travel Plan Infrastructure	•	•	•	•			200	200	200	1,500
Harlow Area Passenger Transport Improvements	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	1,000	1,000
Jaywick Regeneration	•	•	•	•		100	100	100	100	400
Chelmsford Bus Station Phase 2	•	•	•	•	•	20	•		•	20
Witham Station Footbridge	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
New Junction - A12 - Colchester	•	•	•					•		•
Witham Station Footbridge	•	٠	•					•		•
A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY	•	•	•	•	•	9,170	25,150	12,050	13,050	59,420
PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH	٠	•	•	٠	٠	9,170	25,150	12,050	13,050	59,420
OUR ECONOMY	•	•	•	•	•	9,170	25,150	12,050	13,050	59,420

Outcomes	2010-41	2010-11 Payment Anoroyals	nvals			Total	Total Payment Annrovals	vale		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	000 J	£000	6000	£000	£000	£000	£000	600g	600 E	£000
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS (continued)										
OURWORLD										
REDICING AND RECYCLING WASTE										
LESS LANDFILL WASTE AND INCREASED RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING										
Ansambir Nigaetar Diniart		ľ				2 866	401	707.6		9090
In-Vessel Compositing Plant			ľ	,		1,680	4,193	1,585	ľ	7,458
Courtauld Road Improvements			•						603	603
TECS I ANDRII MACTE AND INCORACED DECYCLING AND COURD CHUC	,		1			71.	9	900	9	
LESS LANDTILL MASTEAND INCREASED RECTAINED AND COMPOSTING	•	•			•	4.540	6,979	4,209	5	16/-/2
REDUCING AND RECYCLING WASTE	٠	٠	•	•	٠	4.546	8,319	4,289	603	17,757
OIR WORLD	•	•	•	•	•	A.546	8,310	4.280	eog	47,757
							A-Clo			lelul-
OTHER										
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2011/12	,	ľ		•		300			•	300
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2012/13			•				300	•		300
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2013/14	٠	•	•	•		•	•	300	•	300
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2014/15	•		•	•		•	•	•	300	300
2011/12 DDA Block		•	•	•		250	•	•	•	250
2012/13 DDA Block		•	•	•		٠	250	•	•	250
2013/14 DDA Block	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	250	•	250
2015/16 DDA Block	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	250	250
Minor Works 2011/12		•	•	•		200			•	200
Minor Works 2012/13		•	•	•			200		•	200
Minor Works 2013/14		•	•	•		•	•	200	•	200
Minor Works 2014/15			•	•			•	•	500	500
OVERED AND THE PROPERTY OF THE	Ī					910	9.0	0.0	9.0	900,
Vines					•	7,050	2,050	2,050	0504	4,200
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS	1,674	(4,674)	•	•	1,674	75,205	214,770	197,978	72,548	562,175
TOTAL	383,921	(238,178)	145,743	168,419	383,921	254,961	315,013	354,657	237,303	1,711,274

Trading Activity Financial Plans

ll entered	RADING ACTIVITIE	S - SUMMA	RY REVENU	IE ACCOUN	I		
	Revenue reserve 1 April 2010	Income	Expenditure	Financing items	(Surplus) / deficit	Appropriations	Revenu reserv 31 Mar 201
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£oo
Schools, Children and Families							
School support							
School improvement & advisory service	(584)	(10,027)	9,781		(246)		(830
Finance	(470)	(1,549)	1,523	-	(26)		(490
Other	(1)	(60)	59		(1)		(:
School staffing insurance scheme	(829)	(3,437)	3,437	-			(829
Adults Health and Community Wellbeing							
Essex equipment service	(756)		-	-	-	-	(75)
Central Services							
Smarte East	(44)	(250)	182	-	(68)	-	(11:
	(- (0.)	()	0 -		(-,-)		(3,02
	(2,684)	(15,323)	14,982	-	(341)	•	

Reserves and Balances

Reserves and Balances	Actual		Estimated closing	balances	
	Balance at 31 March 2009	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo
General Balance	(26,460)	(33,025)	(33,025)	(33,025)	(33,025)
Earmarked Revenue Reserves					
General reserves					
Service improvements	(22,365)	(4,289)		-	
Essex Pledges	(9,021)	(7,526)	-	-	-
Quadrennial Elections reserve	(1,480)	(731)	(731)	(731)	(731)
Capital receipts pump priming	(1,357)	(858)	(858)	(858)	(858)
IMT development	(6,488)	(379)	(379)	(379)	(379)
Partnerships	(1,012)	(1,012)	(1,012)	(1,012)	(1,012)
Insurance	(4,514)	(3,262)	(3,130)	(3,130)	(3,130)
Pensions reserve	(2,627)				
Transformation Reserve	(773)	-		-	
Debt financing reserve	(5,600)	-			
Essex Art Fund	(233)	(258)	(258)	(258)	(258)
LAA performance reserve	(=55)	(10,113)	(2,518)	(2,518)	(2,518)
Health and Safety reserve	(3,005)	(880)	(880)	(880)	(880)
ExDRA partnership reserve	(3,344)	(4,250)	(4,250)	(4,250)	(4,250)
Carbon Reduction reserve	(1,521)	(1,479)	(1,479)	(1,479)	(1,479)
Essex on-line partnership	(352)	(248)	(248)	(248)	(248)
Children's Reserve	(352)	(240)			(4,400)
	(4 (00)	(1,112)	(4,400)	(4,400)	
Essex Transport Reserve	(1,482)	(1,442)	(1,426)	(1,426)	(1,426)
Carry Forwards Reserve	(8,223)	-	-	-	
Developing Partnerships	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500
Life Raft Pledge reserve	•	(815)	(815)	(815)	(815
Personal care	-	-	(1,800)	(1,800)	(1,800
Tendring PPP	(430)	(430)	(430)	(430)	(430
Trading activities	(2,564)	(2,684)	(3,025)	(3,025)	(3,025
	(77,891)	(42,156)	(29,139)	(29,139)	(29,139
Future capital funding					
General	(6,370)	(4,725)	(3,059)	(3,059)	(3,059
Trading	-	-	-	-	
Bellhouse landfill	(61)	(61)	(61)	(61)	(61
Historic Buildings reserve	(120)	(120)	(120)	(120)	(120
	(6,551)	(4,906)	(3,240)	(3,240)	(3,240
Equalisation Reserves					
•					
PFI reserves	(40.505)	(=+ (=+)	(50.500)	(50.500)	(50.50-
A130 PFI	(49,532)	(51,674)	(53,589)	(53,589)	(53,589
Clacton secondary schools' PFI	(4,590)	(4,772)	(4,944)	(4,944)	(4,944
Debden PFI	(5,339)	(5,479)	(5,575)	(5,575)	(5,575
Waste reserve	(23,138)	(38,585)	(62,745)	(91,905)	(126,065
Landfill allowances equalisation	(0)	(**************************************	(+0(0)	(45()	(
	(82,599)	(100,510)	(126,853)	(156,013)	(190,173
Schools	(55,377)	(55,377)	(55,377)	(55,377)	(55,377)
Total	(222,418)	(202,949)	(214,609)	(243,769)	(277,929)

Performance Measures

	What are we measuring?				`	Are we improving?		How do we compare to all authorities (excl	2010/11 Target (2009/10 AY)		Accountable
Ref.	Measure Description	LAA*	Туре	Polarity	07/08 Outturn	08/09 Outurn	09/10 <u>Latest</u>	08/09 Quartile		Cabinet Member for:	Director for:
PUTTING THE	PUTING THE CUSTOMER HISST: SATISFIED CUSTOMERS (OVERARCHING PRIORITY) 11 24 of people who are satisfied with the vices exclusive your received from ECC at interaction points 35 of customers satisfied with the service they have received from ECC at interaction points 36 of residents who feel their local area is a good place to live	No No Yes	Perception Perception Perception	H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	52.2% - 80.5%	46.5%	44.2% 79.1% 83.6%	Best Best	Improved Improved 82%	Leader Leader Leader	Chief Executive Human Resources & Customer Excellence Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration
PUTTING THE II 51 NI 6 NI 8 NI 8	PUTING THE CUSTOMER RISST: GREATER COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT 11 St. 18 of Prepale participating in formati solutioned about local public services 18 of people participating in formati voluntary activities at least once a month in the last 12 months 18 of people who feet able to influence decicions 18 of people who feet able to influence decicions 18 % of the adult population in a local area who participated in sport and active recreation 18 % of the adult population in a local area who participated in sport and active recreation 18 % of the adult population in a local area that have engaged in the arts at least three times in the last 12 months	No Yes Yes Yes	Perception Outcome Perception Outcome	######################################	31.7%	40.6% 24.0% 27.1% 21.6% 43.5%	39.6% - 27.3% - 44.6%	Upper Best Lower Lower	Improved 26.0% 40% 24.5% 46.5%	Leader Leader Leader Education & Bader Education & the Arts Heritage, Culture & the Arts	Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration
PUTTING THE NI 6 NI 7	PUTING THE CUSTOMER PIRST: A LARGER ROLE FOR THE THIRD SECTOR NI 6 % of people participating in formal voluntary activities at least once a month in the last 12 months NI 7 % of third sector organisations giving a positive rating of local statutory bodies' influence on their success	Yes	Outcome	High		24.0%		Best	26.0%	Leader Leader	Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration
PUTTING THE II 52 II 53 II 108	PUTING THE CUSTOMER RISST: KEEP THE HEART IN ESSEX COMMUNITIES 1. 92 1. 93 1. 402 1. 103 1. 103 1. 104	No No Yes	Outcome Outcome Process	5 5 5	8,097,889	8,013,430 344,848 32.2%	348,867		TBC TBC 38.9%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Localism & Planning Localism & Planning	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Danning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Danning & Regeneration
OUR PEOPLE: NI 163 NI 164 NI 165 NI 117	OUR PEDPLE: INCRESSING EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND SKILLS: A HIGHER-SKILLED DOPULATION NI 453 % of population (19-64 for males; 19-59 for frames) with a Level 2 qualification or higher NI 454 % of population (19-64 for males; 19-59 for frames) with a Level 3 qualification or higher NI 455 % of population (19-64 for males; 19-59 for frames) with a Level 4 qualification or higher NI 157 % of 15-63 year olds not in education, employment or framing.	Yes Yes Yes	Outcome Outcome Outcome	High High Low	64.0% 41.9% 25.0% 5.6%	66.6% 43.8% 25.2% 6.7%	7.0	Lower Lower Upper	65% 41.5% 24.0% 5.0%	Leader Leader Leader Leader Education & the 2012 Games	Assistant Chief Executive - Polity, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polity, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polity, Community Planning & Regeneration Schools, Children & Families Schools, Children & Families
OUR PEOPLE. OUR PEOPLE. N 76 N 92 N 93 N 94 N 72 N 86 N 86 N 86 N 86 N 86 N 86 N 154		POTENTAL Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No No No No No No No N	Process Process Process Outcome Outcome Outcome Outcome Outcome Outcome Outcome Process Process Process Process Process Process		45 45 37.9% 83.9% 83.9% 4.1% 7.2% 6.2% 6.2% 8.2%	42 42 35.9% 81.4% 43.8% 43.8% 43.8% 47.7% 7.7%	40 34.1% 45% 45% 72% 50.2% 71% 71% 82.8% 64.2%	Lower Lower Worst Upper Lower	36 4*** 36.65%*** 36.05%*** 55.05%* 77.0% 13.9%* 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Education & the 2013 Games	Schools, Children & Families
OUR PEOPLE: 11 12 0	A regarge mortality are for those in the worst performing quintile per 100,000 population A regarge mortality are for those in the worst performing quintile per 100,000 population & of rhierand and young people participating in this quality PE and spoor & of the adult population in local area who participated in sport and active recreation & of primary school age children at Reception age who are obsess & of primary school age children at Reception age who are obsess & of primary school age children at Vear 6 who are obsess & of primary school age children at Vear 6 who are obsess & of primary school age children at Vear 6 who are obsess & of primary school age children at Vear 6 who are obsess who are obsessed as the per obsessed of the weighted population Rear of another school by car loged 5-16 years) Becentage of change in the rare of under 18 oncedons year 100, and aged 15-27. Number of emergency bed days in hospital per head of the weighted population (Expressed as thousands) Number of emergency behave the information, assistance and support needed to exercise choice and control & of people who feel they have ge per once and support needed to exercise choice and control	V Kes Y Kes Y Kes Y Kes X Kes	Outcome	Low High High Low Low High High High High	705.53 (05-07) 87.0% 87.0% 15.4% 1073 173 28.8% -10.7%		8.2% 16.0% 	Lower Upper Best Best Company	677.53 (08-10) 83.0% 24.5% 15.0% 11276 22.2 28.9% 45.0% 33.000 85.9	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Education & the 2012 Games Education & the 2012 Games Deputy leader Education & the 2012 Games Education & the 2012 Games Education & the 2012 Games Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Highways & Transportation Deputy Leader Moltis, Health & Community Wellbeing Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	Public Health Schools, Children & Families Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planing & Regeneration Schools, Children & Families Schools, Children & Families Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Environment - Sustainability & Highways Schools, Children & Families Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing
OUR PEOPLE: N 57 N 18 N 18 N 11 N 6 OUR PEOPLE: N 112 N 115 N 115 N 115 N 115 N 115 N 115	E. PROMOTING HEALTH AND LEISURE. AN OLYMPIC LEGACY % of children and young peoble participating in high quality PE and sport % of this adult population in a local area who participated in sport and active recreation % of the adult population in a local area who participated in sport and active recreation % of the adult population in a local area who participated in sport and active recreation % of the adult population in a local area that have engaged in the arts at least three times in the last 12 months % of people participating in formal voluntary activities at least once a month in the last 12 months E. SUPPORTING VULNEABLE PROPIE. BETTER PREVENTION, EAXY INTERVENTION AND FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES Percentage change in the rate of funder 18 conceptions per 1.00 gifs aged 15.77 % of volunge invites in people reporting either request missing verleaved at a MARAC within the last 12 months % of volunge people reporting either request missing verleaved at a MARAC within the last 12 months % of volunge finder take mental hashit sondres convergence of fungy volunge at a control in bath neaded	Yes Yes Yes Yes Ves Yes	Outcome Outcome Outcome Outcome Outcome Perception	High High High Low Low	87.0% 21.9% 	83.0% 21.6% 43.5% 24.0% 	44.6%	Lower Lower Best Best	85.0% 24.5% 46.5% 26.0% 145.0% TBC TBC 136.5%	Education & the 2012 Games Education & the 2013 Games Heritage, Cuture & the Arts Leader Deputy Leader (All Full Chief Whip and Environment & Waste Chief Whip and Environment & Waste Chief Whip and Environment & Waste	Schools, Children & Families Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Schools, Children & Families Assistant Chief Executive - Polloy, Community Planning & Regeneration Schools, Children & Families Schools, Children & Families Children & Families Children & Families
88 88	% of schools providing access to the full core offer of extended services	8	Process	High	55%	88%	%06	Upper	%001	Education & the 2012 Games	Schools, Children & Families

Performance Measures (continued)

186** Deputy leader 186** Deputy leader 50.0% Deputy leader 60.0% Deputy leader 186** Deputy to teader 186** Deputy to teader 186** Deputy to teader 186** Deputy to teader 186** Deputy leader 186** Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing 186** Adults,	A THE STATE OF THE				Alle			authorities (excl	2010/11 Tanger (2009/10 AY)		Accounting
		LAA*	Two	Dolarity		on the Outres		Districts)?		Cabinot Mombor for	Disorbox for
Not obtained assess a register to cate of the cate o	ween the restribution	Measure	adkı	r Ordinty		oy os Cutum		oo/oo Quartile		Cabinet Member 101:	Director for:
	OUR PEOPLE: SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE: VULNERABLE POUNG PEOPLE GIVEN A GOOD START IN LIFE MI 6-2. A CHAILING LOADER START WE ARE A CHAILING START OF THE SUPPORT OF THE	QN.	Process	wo	%6 11	40.0%		Ilpnor	10%	Donuty loader	Schoole Children & Eamilies
		No.	Process	Low	32.0%	29.9%	27.2%		TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
\(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		No	Process	High	18.3%	16.3%	15.5%		TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
		Yes	Outcome	High	57.1%	38.5%	45.9%	Worst	%0.09	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
Comparison Com		Yes	Outcome	High	%9'.24	46.2%	%0.94	Lower	62.0%	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
Column C		Yes	Outcome	High	8.7%	8.1%			18.0%	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
Control of the Cont		oN:	Outcome	High	%9.6	7.9%			TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
Second continue to the conti		o N	Outcome	High	72.1%	77.8%	73.0%		TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
A column		oN:	Outcome	Low	55.3%	55.7%	%9.55	Worst	20.0%	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
		o i	Outcome	Low	45.7%	47.5%	46.7%	Lower	45.3%	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
		0 N	Outcome	Light Mod	17.0%	09.9%	63.9%		95.0% TBC**	Deputy Leader Deputy Leader	Schools Children & Families
A column		2	Odecome		20.74	2	20.04		2	in the state of th	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
A cy cy call batch and cycle and care for the control of the cycle and cycle		BEST	SIBLE QUALIT	OFUE							
Not place to contact a con		٥	Outcome	High		7.77%	11.75%		30.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
Second that the content and a reaction of the content and a reac		Yes	Perception	High		26.5%			33.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
No		Yes	Outcome	High	24.5%	25.2%	23.3%	Upper	30.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
Vess Process High 55.5% 57.4% 49.9% Upper IREC- Deptity leader Weeks No Process High 57.5% 6.26 53.2 1.0 IREC- Deptity leader High 67.0 6.20 53.2 1.0 IREC- Deptity leader No Process 1.0 6.6% 72.2% Lower 1.0 1.0 Ithan or equal to four week 1.0 6.6% 72.2% Lower 1.0 Deptity leader Info Process 1.0 6.6% 72.2% Lower 1.0 Deptity leader Info Process 1.0 6.6% 72.4% Vover Deptity leader Deptity leader Info Process 1.0 6.6% 72.4% Vover IREC- Deptity leader Info Process 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 Deptity leader Info Process 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.		No	Process	High	43%	48.6%	61.2%		TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
vests High 7.5.5 6.05.6 5.9.9% Upper IBEL Upperly Leader vests No Process 1.04 3.5.7% 5.0.6% 24.4% - IBEL Upperly Leader vests No Process 1.04 3.5.7% 5.0.6% 24.4% - IBEL Depth Leader Intro Process 1.04 3.5.7% 5.0.6% 24.4% - Depth Leader Intro Process 1.04 3.5.5% 5.0.6% 1.04 9.0.9% Depth Leader Intro Process 1.04 3.5.5% 5.0.6% 1.04 <		Yes	Process	High	58.5%	75.4%	49.5%	Upper	TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
weeks Roberts Frage 60-70 53-2 10-10 Deptity Resident Challs, Health & Community Wellbering from 5 process High 59-36 51-26 51-26 10-40 <		Yes	Process	High	72.5%	80.8%	29.6%	Upper	TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
Process No Process High Sey 5% Sey 6% Sey 6		0 N	Process	Light I	28 7%	26.0%	53.2		TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
Process High 29.2% 6.9% 12.7% Lower TBC** Process High 29.2% 6.9% 12.7% Lower TBC** Process High Process Low 6.6% 6.6% 6.9% 12.7% Lower TBC** Process Low 6.6% 6.9% 12.7% Process Low 15.5% 12.7% Process Low 15.5% 12.7% Process High P		N O	Process	High	89.3%	82.0%	72.2%	Upper	82.0%	Adults. Health & Community Wellbeing	
Process Low 6,6% 12,7% Lower TBC** Deputy Leader Deputy Leader		No	Process	High	92.7%	91.2%	92.2%	Lower	95.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
No		Yes	Process	Low	%9.9	%9.9	7.2%	Lower	TBC**	Deputy Leader	
No Process High 20-3% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14% 71-9% 72-14%		Yes	Process	Low	15.5%	19.6%	12.7%	Worst	TBC**	Deputy Leader	
No Process High 84,0% 99,5% 90,5% Upper IBC*** Deputy Leader	ot	No	Process	High	70.3%	72.14%	71.9%		78.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
No Process High 99,4% 99,4% 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		No	Process	High	84.0%	92.2%	%5'06	Upper	TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
March Marc	2	° :	Process	High	99.1%	98.7%	%4.66		TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
No Outcome High 72.2% 75.2		٥ ۲	Process	High	99.5%	99.3%	88.3%	Lower	100%	Deputy Leader	
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COMMUNITY Ves Outcome High 77.2 % 77.2 % 3.2 % Adults, Health & Community Welbeing COMMUNITY Ves Outcome High 72.2 % 75.2 % 73.2 % 75.2 % Adults, Health & Community Welbeing Inned way Ves Outcome High 75.2 % 75.2 % 1.0 pper 30.0 % Adults, Health & Community Welbeing Yes Outcome Low 2.5 mins p.mlle 2.5 % 2.5 % 2.5 % 1.0 pper 38.0 % Adults, Health & Community Welbeing Yes Outcome Low 2.5 % 2.5 % 2.5 % 2.5 % 3.0 % Adults, Health & Community Welbeing No Outcome Low 2.5 % 2.5 % 2.5 % 2.5 % 3.0 % 4.	145	ON ON	Outcome	L SEL		01./70		Lower	61.7%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
COMMUNTY Yes Outcome High 24.25% 75.25% 178.2% Upper 86.05% Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Medical South Control High 24.55% 25.25% 13.25% 10.50 Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Mount Control High 350.45% 25.25% 1.0 pper 350.5% Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing Vers Outcome High 350.45% 1.0 pper 1.0 pper 440.15, Health & Community Wellbeing Vers Outcome Low 2.19 mins p.mlle 26.5% 1.0 pper Highways & Transportation No Outcome Low 4.8 5% 1.0 pper 7.6 Highways & Iransportation No Outcome Low 4.8 5% 1.0 pper 7.6 Highways & Iransportation No Outcome High 4.3.264,40 6.6.5% 0.9% 1.0 pper 7.6 Highways & Iransportation No Outcome High 4.3.264,40 6.6.5% 0.9% 1.0 pper 4.	0	No Voc	Outcome	High High	. 6	7.9%		nbber	8.6%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
Community Community Well-being Communit		60	onicollie	10	1/3	290	323		777	Addies, reguli & Community WellDenig	
The control The control High 24.2% 25.2% 23.3% Upper 30.0% Adults, Height & Community Wellbeing 1.0%	OUR PEOPLE: SUPPORTING VULNERABLE PEOPLE: OLDER PEOPLE ARE BETTER ABLE TO PARTICIPATE WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY										
Yes Outcome High 39-04 53-2% 13-3% Upper 39-0% Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing I control Yes Outcome High 39-04 56-5% 1-1 TBC Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing 1-1 TBC TBC Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing 1-1 TBC	NI 141 % of people who are receiving a Supporting People Service who left the service and moved on in a planned way	Yes	Outcome	High	72.2%	75.2%	78.2%	Upper	80.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
No Outcome High 3904 5542 1816 Adults, Health & Community Welbeing 167 1816 Adults, Health & Community Welbeing 1816 Adults, Health & Community Welbeing 1816 Adults, Health & Community Welbeing 1816 1		Yes	Outcome	High	24.5%	25.2%	23.3%	Upper	30.0%	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
Yes		O S	Outcome	High	3904	5342			TBC	Adults, Health & Community Wellbeing	
Yes Outcome Low 2.8.6 % 28.7% . TBC Highways & Transportation No Outcome Low 4.8.6 % 5.8.7% . 1.0wer Improved Highways & Transportation No Outcome Low 4.8 5% . 0.0per 4.8 Highways & Transportation No Outcome Low 4.8 5% . 0.0per 4.8 Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 4.3.28,449 45.62,712 . 1.35% Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 4.3.28,449 45.63,712 . 1.35% Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 7.3.0% 7.6.% 6.0% . 40.45,000 Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 7.3.0% 7.6.% 6.0% . 1.0.0% Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 1.0.2.5% of PA 1.0.5.9% of PA . 1.0.0%<		s a	ii oiidania.	E E		20.570			33.0%	Addits, Reguli & Collinging Wellberrig	
Yes Outcome Low 2.39 miles p.mlle . TBC Highways & Iransportation No Outcome Low 4.8% 5.8% . . 7.86 p/k Highways & Iransportation No Outcome Low 4.8% 5.% . . 1.0wer Highways & Iransportation No Outcome Low 6.% 7.% . . 1.0wer Highways & Iransportation No Outcome High 4.3.284.44 4.6.45% 9.7% . 1.0me Highways & Iransportation No Outcome High 4.3.284.44 4.6.45% 9.7% . 1.0me Highways & Iransportation No Outcome High 4.3.284.44 4.6.6.5% 6.0% . 6.5% . 1.0me Highways & Iransportation No Outcome High 4.3.284.44 5.6.6% 6.0% . 6.5% . 1.0me Highways & Iransportation Yes Outcome High </td <td>OUR ECONOMY: IMPROVING TRANSPORT: CONGESTION REDUCED</td> <td></td>	OUR ECONOMY: IMPROVING TRANSPORT: CONGESTION REDUCED										
Yes Outcome Low 28.5% 2.81%		Yes	Outcome		.19 mins p.mile				TBC	Highways & Transportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
No Outcome Low 4% 5% .		Yes	Outcome	Low	28.8%	28.1%		-	28.9%	Highways & Transportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
No Outcome Low 4% 5% . Upper 4% 1% . Upper 4% 1% . Upper 4% 1% . Upper 4% . Upper 7% . Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 45,43% 9.7% 44,450.00 Highways & Transportation No Outcome High 66,3% 66,3% 66,9% 44,450.00 Highways & Iransportation Yes Outcome High 65,3% 78,6% 65,6% Highways & Iransportation Yes Outcome High 102,5% of RA 78,6% 10,0% of RA Highways & Iransportation Yes Outcome High 102,5% of RA 102,5% of RA 10,0% of RA Leader Yes Outcome High 25,9% 5,10% 10,0% of RA Leader		0	nondagaa	E SE		30.070		Lower	Dayoud III	rignways & Iransportation	Environment, Sustainability & nignways
No Outcome Low 6% 7% Upper 4% Highways & Tansportation No Outcome Low 6% 7%	OUR ECONOMY: IMPROVING TRANSPORT: TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVED										
No Outcome Low 6% 7% . Upper 7% Highways & Intrasportation	NI 168 % of principal roads not in good condition	No	Outcome	Low	4%	2%		Upper	4%	Highways & Transportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
No Outcome High 43-284-149 65-67-72		No	Outcome	Low	%9	2%		Upper	1%	Highways & Transportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
No Outcome High 43-284,449 45-682,772 - 4-446,0000 No Outcome High 73-0% 56-6% 6-0% - 4-446,0000 No Perception High 73-0% 78-0% - 1 Yes Outcome High 102-5% of PA 105-5% of PA 102-5% of PA Yes Outcome High 300 6-299 - 518 Leader No Outcome High 65-53-80n 62-57-57 No Outcome High 65-53-80n 62-57-57 No Outcome High 62-53-80n 62-57-57-57 No Outcome High 62-53-80n 62-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-57-		S.	Outcome	High		4.94%	9.1%		13.5%	Highways & Transportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
No Outcome High cec.3% Perception FB.0% Perception High Perception Perception High Perception Perceptio		<u>۶</u>	Outcome	High	43,284,149	45,662,712			40,450,000	Highways & Transportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
Ves Outcome High 102.5% of RA 105,9% of RA 105,0% of RA		ON ON	Outcome	L ISH	66.3%	65.6%	%6.09		65%****	Highways & Iransportation	Environment, Sustainability & Highways
Yes Outcome High 102.5% of PA 105.9% of PA . . 104% of PA Leader Yes Outcome High 300 6.29 . 518 Leader No Outcome High £2.53bn £2.57bn . £2.608bn Leader		2	iio iida ha	E	/3.0.26	/0.0%			navoidiiii	rigilways & Hallsportation	Ell VIIO IIII elit, Sustallido IIIty & riginways
Yes Outcome High 102.5% of RA 102.5% of RA 1.04 of RA Leader No Outcome High £2.538m £2.57m . . £2.608bm Leader	OUR ECONOMY: PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH: A 'GLOBALISED' LOCAL ECONOMY										
res Outcome High £2.538bn £2.573bn . £2.608bn Leader		Yes	Outcome	High		105.9% of RA			104% of RA	Leader	Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration
No Outcome High £2,538bn £2,573bn · · £2,608bn Leader		res	Outcome	E S	300	629			518	Leader	Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration
Tourism spend generated that contributives towards Essex's e-conomy No Outcome High £2,538bn £2,538bn · £2,608bn Leader	OUR ECONOMY: PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH: ESSEX IS A RECOGNISED TOURIST DESTINATION										
		No	Outcome	High	£2.538bn	£2.573bn			£2.608bn	Leader	Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration

Performance Measures (continued)

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Company Comp	Columnia Diagram Columnia Di	Child are we measuring.				Ansı	we improving?		7	(2009/10 AY)		Accountable
Columnic part part part part part part part part	Colst state of the content between the conte		LAA*	Туре		17/08 Outturn		09/10 <u>Latest</u> 0	08/09 Quartile		Cabinet Member for:	Director for:
Total value of concentrate (note of section of section of section of control of section of control of section of sectio	Colon Nation of Contachbile of Classical Section (2014) and Cont	DI DE ECONOMY. DE INFERING VALUE FOR MONEY. TAX PAYERS' MONEY IS SPENT WISE IY (OVERARCHING PRIORITY)										
Total black between the parameter of	Description of control beneficiary swings definitely swings control broaders by swinders of control by swinders and control by swinders of control by swinders	1.48a Total value of cashable efficiency savinss delivered by services for reinyestment in services (thousands)	N _o	Outcome	High		28.080	62.987		58.088	Finance & Change Management	Finance
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% reduction of CO2 entered to the Local area compared to the Local baseline No Perception No Percept	Secreticien of CO2 emissions per capital the local area compared to the 2 oos baseline No Perception High 3-79%		No	Outcome	Low	72,364			W	TBC	Finance & Change Management	Commercial Services
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Rate of proven reoffending by young offenders Rate of first time entrants to the youth justice system (per 100,000 population) Yes Outcome Low 2,040 1,750 . Lower 1,855 Deputy-Leader	Rate of proven reelfecting by young offenders Rate of first time entrants to the young offenders Rate of first time entrants to the young braite system (per 100,000 population) Yes Outcome Low 2.040 1,750 . Lower 1,855 Rate of first time entrants to the young first cases Local Area Agreement The service that LAM upgest as agreeded in dee course with the OCTS. These will be included once finalised. Service that Indivorance and targets is lawer been proposed to the Government Office. The proposed amendments have been included and will be confirmed shortly.			erception	High	44.9%	56.9%	55.9%	Best	50.8%	Chief Whip and Environment & Waste	Assistant Chief Executive - Policy, Community Planning & Regeneration
Rate of first time entrants to the youth justice system (per 100,000 population) Yes Outcome Low 2,040 1,750 . Lower 1,855 Deputy Leader	ss Outcome Low 2,040 1,750 - Lower 1,855 Deputy Leader Luded and will be confirmed shortly.			Outcome	Low		1.0		Lower	TBC**	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families
	Please no that LAA targets are agreed with the Government Office as part of the Essex Local Area Agreement "Please no that ASCF Improvement Motice measures and dragets will be agreed in due course with the DCSF. These will be included once finalised. ** Please no that min or manedments forthe LAA targets have been proposed to the Government Office. The proposed amendments have been included and will be confirmed shortly.	Ī	Yes	Outcome	Low	2,040	1,750		Lower	1,855	Deputy Leader	Schools, Children & Families



Resourcing Essex Works Budget & Corporate Plan 2010-11

Delivering the best quality of life in Britain

Part 2: Portfolio Budgets



Portfolio Budgets

Format of the Budget

The general format of the budget is proposed by Cabinet Members, on the advice of the Chief Financial Officer, and is approved by Council.

The budget format will comply with all legal requirements and reflect the accountabilities of Cabinet Members for service delivery.

The format of the budget determines the level of detail to which financial control and management will be exercised. The format shapes how the rules around virements operate and sets the level at which funds may be reallocated within budgets.

Scheme of Virement

Executive Directors must ensure that spending remains within the service's overall cash limit, and that spending does not exceed individual policy budget headings. It is however permissible, in certain circumstances, to switch resources between approved budget headings, subject to obtaining the necessary approval. The switching of resources between approved policy budget headings is referred to as a virement.

The virement rules are as follows:

General rules:

- No expenditure shall be incurred without appropriate budget provision and, if necessary, a virement should be undertaken to put this in place.
- No virement relating to a specific financial year should be made at the end of the financial year after the date specified within the Chief Financial Officer's timetable for closure of the accounts.
- Virements are not permitted in relation to asset charges or other budget headings that are deemed to be outside the control of the Executive Directors, or where a proposal would adversely affect long-term revenue commitments.
- A virement that is likely to impact on the level of service activity of another Director can be implemented only with the agreement of the relevant Director.
- Amounts that require the approval of a Cabinet Member must specify the proposed expenditure and the source of funding, and must explain the implications in the current and future financial years.
- Where Member approval is required to a virement, this approval will usually be sought via the regular 'financial overview' reports to Cabinet. The prior agreement of the Chief Financial Officer will be required to seek approval to virements via a Cabinet Member Action.
- When a Cabinet Member is making a decision on an operational matter, any necessary virements must be included as part of that decision.

Virements within the same policy budget heading

Virements may be exercised within the same policy based budget, subject to obtaining the relevant approval, as follows:

Approval required	Am	ount of virem	ent
	Up to £50,000	In excess of £50,000 and up to £100,000	In excess of £100,000
Operational budget holder releasing the funds	✓	✓	✓
Head of Service	×	✓	✓
Executive Director	×	*	✓

Virements between policy budget headings within a Portfolio

Virements may be exercised between the policy based budgets of a Portfolio, subject to obtaining the relevant approval, as follows:

Approval required	Am	ount of virem	ent
	Up to £50,000	In excess of £50,000 and up to £200,000	In excess of £200,000
Head of Service	✓	✓	✓
Executive Director	✓	✓	✓
Service Cabinet Member	×	✓	✓
Chief Financial Officer	×	×	✓

Virements between Portfolios

- Where it is proposed to vire any amount between policy headings which are the responsibility of different Cabinet Members, the prior approval of the Cabinet Member for Finance and Change Management is required, after consultation with the Director(s), the Chief Financial Officer and the relevant Service Cabinet Members.
- The prior approval of the Cabinet Member for Finance and Change Management is required, after consultation with the Director(s), the Chief Financial Officer and the relevant Service Cabinet Members, in respect of proposals to transfer part of a trading activity's reserves to finance expenditure by a Service, or to make a contribution from a Service to a trading activity.

Exceptions to the virement rules

- The virement rules do not apply to the movement of budget between the individual budget headings of a trading activity (NB. The approval of the Cabinet Member for Finance and Change Management is however required to transfer resources between trading activities and the General Fund Balance).
- Member approval is not required when the virement reflects the implementation of decisions already taken by Members, except where supplementary funding is required that was not made explicit when the decision was taken.
- Member approval is not required where a budget will continue to be used for the approved purpose but is being transferred to reflect a change in budget holder responsibilities. Such transfers will however require the approval of the Chief Financial Officer where the budget transfer crosses policy budget headings.
- Member approval is not required for budget movements arising in order to comply with the CIPFA Best Value Accounting Code of Practice guidance on accounting for overheads, or budget movements arising in order to comply with proper accounting practice.

The policy based budgets for 2010-11 are set out in the Annex 2.1 and Annex 2.2 to this section of the Budget and Corporate Plan.

Revenue Budget Summary

Total	Net Expenditure £000	•	166,176	166,176		904	123,275	2,564	126,743	411,448	94,289	69,474	28,441	7,188	132		3,758		1,545	5,303	(10,436)				•				•						•	•			904,094		(82,031)	
	Asset charges £000		689	689		·	59,438	9	59,441	1,551	13,466	125	314	1,514	36		88	•	. 8	8	(78,575)				·		170		170	725	•		8	'	•				·			
Add: Controlled elsewhere	Building Maintenance £000	102	484	286			138	2	140	485	40	290	229	. 90	75		165		. 4	105									·	373								(2,652)	•	•	•	
Add: C	Services Fooo	3,026	16,249	19,275		102	10,889	51	11,042	17,110	6,795	3,967	10,284	673	14		499			499			(4 445)	(C+t-t-)	(918)	(3.00c)	(2,2/5)	(Cole)	(15,977)	(14,068)	(8,583)	(1,689)	(7.225)	(2,622)	(5,354)	(2,672)	(6,019)		•			
Controllable	Net Expenditure £000	(3,128)	148,754	145,626		802	52,810	2,508	56,120	392,302	73,988	65,092	17,614	5,001	7		3,006	i	1,545	4.551	68,139		1 447	Î	918		1,525	201	15,807	12,970	8,583	1,689	7.140	2,622	5,354	2,672	6,019	2,652	904,094	٠	(82,031)	
Specific	government grant £000	(144,335)	(6,563)	(150,898)		(825,701)	(4,196)	•	(829,897)	(8,719)	(9,376)	(124)	(14,643)	•			(152)		. (2.5	(352)									•	•			·				•		(1,013,809)	·	(82,031)	
псоше	£000	(3,730)	(11,484)	(15,214)		(2,356)	(10,360)	(53)	(12,769)	(121,113)	(36,926)	(11,238)	(6,306)	(2,077)	(452)		(3,192)	•	. (007.0)	(3,192)	(50,400)		ļ								•				•				(262,031)		•	
Gross	£000	144,937	166,801	311,738		828,859	67,366	2,561	898,786	522,134	120,290	76,454	38,563	7,078	459		6,350	•	1,545	7,095	118,539		7	CH:	918	0	2,2/5	(1)	15,807	12,970	8,583	1,689	7.140	2,622	5,354	2,672	6,019	2,652	2,179,934		•	
	Budget Summary Deputy Leader	Dedicated Schools Budget	Non Dedicated Schools Budget		Education and 2012 Games	Dedicated Schools Budget	Non Dedicated Schools Budget	Lee Valley Park and 2012 Games		Adults, Health and Community Wellbeing				Localism and Planning	Central Services	Finance and Change Management	Central Services	Non distributed costs	Frecepts and Magistrates		Other operating costs	Recharged Support Services	Transportation Contro	Ş		Leader		Central Services				Procurement and Car Provision Scheme	Finance and Change management		Insurance Cost Recovery Account		Iransformation Support Unit	Building Maintenance	Net cost of Services			
	Latest Budget £000	(3,128)	155,222	152,094		4,592	51,565	2,486	58,643	365,207	75,153	63,659	19,919	5,346	(10)		3,019	•	1,341	4,300	15,974		007	2011	953	7100	1.714	î	36,925	14,661	10,020	2,128	20.476	3,659	5,377	3,977	2,435	5,507	876,469	1,635	(74,932)	
2009-10	Onginal Budget £000	(3,132)	130,114	126,982		882	54,318	2,516	57,716	365,413	73,689	61,233	11,740	5,283	25		2,661		1,341	4,002	54,598		15.7.4	Citt	1,029	0	1,954	1000	24,269	13,672	9,253	1,915	12.150	3,715	5,377	4,492	2,717	4,681	854,756	6,000	(57,584)	
2008-09	Actual £000	(3,147)	133,518	130,371		1,197	43,588	2,395	47,180	334,747	74,463	62,827	9,345	6,618	(56)		3,845	2,081	1,166	7,092	81,111		1 275	0.70%	881	260	2,203	1	24,604	14,192	8,768	2,354	14.975	4,113	1,554	4,863	2,279	5,129	847,592	(12,467)	(51,416)	

Deputy Leader (DSG)

Contract of the contract of th			Braffe Inc. Brillian Bridaneta				District of District	Budmet			
בפוונסי	dable net Expendit	2	romonos / romy puggets			ĺ	2020-23			I	
2008-09	2009-10			Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Add: (Add: Controlled elsewhere		Total
Actual	Original	Latest				government	Net	Support	Building	Asset	Net
	Budget	Budget				grant	Expenditure	Services	Maintenance	charges	Expenditure
£000	£000	£000		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
			DEPUTY LEADER (DSG)								
			Schools Budget								
			Individual schools budget								
30,529	28,405	30,150	Special	28,046		·	28,046	•	•	·	28,046
(2,487)	٠	(2,545)	Special School Development grant	·		·	٠	٠	·	·	•
27,193	27,284	28,022	Education for the under 5s	56,532	•	(26,983)	29,549	420	14	•	29,983
344	410	415	Miscellaneous expenditure	413			413	13	•	•	426
77	1,916	781	School specific contingencies	3,385		·	3,385	٠	·	·	3,385
55,656	58,015	56,823		88,376	٠	(26,983)	61,393	433	41	٠	61,840
			Special educational needs (Schools)								
13,814	14,649	15,048	Fees for pupils at independent schools	20,323	٠	(1,232)	19,091	9//	,	•	19,867
4,393	8,968	4,130	Provision for pupils with statements	11,309	•	(826)	10,483	572		•	11,055
3,181	4,068	3,181	Special educational needs support services	3,218			3,218	57	•	•	3,275
٠	٠	•	Promoting good practice	500	•	•	200	•	•	•	500
1,263	892	996	Re-imbursement cross boundary placements	2,926	(1,945)	•	981	91	•	•	1,072
(12)	(12)	(12)	School standards grant Pupil Referral Units	89		(89)	٠	•	•	•	•
5,747	8,488	7,913	Behaviour support plans/Pupil Referral Units	7,651	(356)	(63)	7,232	328	•	٠	7,560
7,703	7,148	7,849	Education out of school	10,202	(1,429)	(14)	8,759	750	88		9,597
391	314	314	Playgroup fees	313		•	313	19		٠	332
•	51	52	Non devolved standards fund - Schools	51		•	51	•	•	•	51
36,480	44.566	39,441		56,561	(3,730)	(2,203)	50,628	2,593	88	•	53,309
92,136	102,581	96,264	Total (prior to Dedicated Schools Grant)	144.937	(3,730)	(29,186)	112,021	3,026	102	•	115,149
(95,283)	(105,713)	(99,392)	Dedicated Schools Grant			(115,149)	(115,149)				(115,149)
(3,147)	(3,132)	(3,128)	Total	144.937	(3,730)	(144,335)	(3,128)	3,026	102		•

Deputy Leader (Non-DSG)

Total	Net Expenditure £000				3,442	22	2,103	(4,722)	69	73		3,652	753	449	15,062	929		53,613	72,172	4,204	146	35	٠	425	1,019	(800)	244	11,061	2,225	166,176
e e	Asset charges £000				215	٠	•	112	•	·		•	٠		٠	·		75	269			٠	٠		٠		•	2	16	689
Add: Controlled elsewhere	Building Maintenance £000				5			92	٠			•	10		•			12.2	255				٠			•	•			484
i S	Support Services £000				413	29	1,759	151		73		106	20	,	652	27		5,260	3,694	331	6	11	·	,	218	4	•	3,294	160	16,249
Controllable	Net Expenditure £000				2,809	(45)	344	(2,077)	69	·		3,546	723	449	14,410	902		48,156	67,954	3,873	137	24	٠	425	801	(804)	244	7,765	2,049	148,754
Specific	government grant £000				(4,089)		·		•	٠		•	٠	٠	•	·		(1,167)	٠	(1,288)	٠	٠	·	٠	(19)	٠		٠		(6,563)
Income	£000				(5)	(1,230)	(2,080)	(124)				•			(9)	٠		(437)	(4,627)	(205)	(310)					(82)		(66)	(2,285)	(11,484)
Gross	600g				6,903	1,185	2,424	(4,953)	69	•		3,546	723	449	14,416	902		49,760	72,581	996'5	447	24	·	425	820	(612)	244	7,855	4,334	166.801
rottottos / rott.) buugats		DEPUTY LEADER (NON DSG)	Schools LA	Access	Asset management	Excluded pupils	Special School Improvement	Service management	Corporate and democratic core	CYP Strategic Partnerships	Special educational needs (LA)		Education related to looked after children	Collaboration	Home to school transport	: Education welfare service	Children's Services	Care management and assessment	Children looked after	Other children's services		t Children's Fund	- Children's Trust			service management	Corporate and Democratic Core	TASCCS teams	Youth Offending Teams	Total
6	Latest Budget £000				4,017	(48)	1,415	(1,995)	74	(2)		3,771	902	408	14,084	898		45,553	69,537	3,530	137	21		424	1,452	441	244	8,810	1,775	155,222
8-09 2009-10	Original Budget £000				604'4	(594)	1,697	(5,009)	74			1,832	902	408	12,740	951		43,775	55,308	2,176	140	24	•	456	(631)	(491)	244	9,865	1,764	130,114
-1																														

Education & 2012 Games (DSG)

2008-09	8-09 2009-10			Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Add: C	Add: Controlled elsewhere	ē	Total
Actual 0 Eooo	Original Budget F	Latest Budget £000		£000	£000	government grant £000	Net Expenditure £000	Support Services £000	Building Maintenance £000	Asset charges £000	Net Expenditure £000
			EDUCATION AND 2012 GAMES (DSG)								
			Schools Budget								
			Individual Schools Budget								
372,994 34	343,032 3	387,734	Primary	344,685	•	•	344,685	•		•	344,685
416,141 3	371,444 49	020,904	Secondary	358,119			358,119				358,119
6,118		6,195	Local Delivery Groups		•	•	•			•	•
	39,067	501	Devolved standards grant	39,055			39,055				39,055
(12,070)	۳	(10,765)	Devolved standards fund	14,562	,	(14,562)	•		,		٠
(38,935)		(38,868)	School Development Grant	44,519		(44,519)	•		,	•	•
1	•		Excellence in cities	•	•		•				•
1			Transitional Support Grant				•				٠
306	365	365	School meals in primary and special schools	370		•	370			•	370
168	173	173	Free school meals eligibility	173		•	173	1		•	174
346	449	487	Licence fees and subscriptions	682			682	9	•		685
1,752	1,776	1,812	School admissions	1,782			1,782	œ			1,790
20	23	24	School forum	24		•	74			•	24
362	371	552	Supply cover	683			683	7		•	9
621	319	311	Termination of employment costs	309	•		309			•	309
427	589	627	Miscellaneous	936		(375)	561		•	•	561
149	6,564	2,587	School specific contingencies	5,648			5,648	٠			5,648
			Grants supporting schools delegated budgets								
		(55,346)	LSC funding for post 16 pupils			(48,887)	(49,887)		•	•	(49,887)
		(39,055)	School Standards grant			(39,055)	(39,055)	•			(39,055)
257	255	494	Non devolved Standards Fund - Schools	5,080	٠	(4,837)	243		•	•	243
(1)			Non devolved School Development Grant				•				
			Devolved School Meals Grant	770		(0/2)	٠		•	•	•
	•		Devolved Targeted School Meals Grant	1,291		(1,291)	•				
(26)	49	(216)	Other specific grant aided schemes	2,568	(2,356)	(163)	49				49
1,863	1,959	2,399	Contribution to combined budgets	5,566			2,566				2,566
	551	367	14-16 More practical learning options	510		•	510				510
		1,115	Capital Expenditure from Revenue	1,288	•		1,288			•	1,288
662,157 67	678,003 60	667,030		825,620	(2,356)	(155,459)	667,805	\$	•	•	667,824
			Special educational needs								
200	557	675	Promoting good practice	203	•	•	703	83		•	786
	2,498	134	Education out of school	2,536			2,536				2,536
662,657 68	681,058 64	667,839	Total (prior to Dedicated Schools Grant)	828,859	(2,356)	(155,459)	671,044	102	•	ľ	671,146
(661,460) (68	(680,176)	(663,247)	Dedicated Schools Grant	•		(670,242)	(670,242)				(670,242)
					,						

Education & 2012 Games (Non-DSG)

	Total	Net Expenditure	fooo f				9,473	3,495		1,848			16,718	106	265	197	12,705	1,179	59,084		13,389	•	98	œ	4,722	123,275
	ē	Asset	£000				·	٠			·		·	•			20	,	59,084		334	·	•		•	59,438
	Add: Controlled elsewhere	Building	£000								•		·				21	•			117					138
udget	Add: Co	Support	£000				6,535	87		1,074	•		703	2	24	•	313	36			1,978				137	10,889
2010-11 Buc	Controllable	Net	£000				2,938	3,408		774	•		16,015	104	241	197	12,351	1,143	•		10,960	•	98	∞	4,585	52,810
	Specific	government	£000							(3,428)	٠		·	٠	٠	•	(88)	•	•		(710)	·	٠	٠	•	(4,196)
	Income		£000				(30)	(299)		(14)	•		(825)		(172)		(4,113)	•			(3,621)	,		•	(918)	(10,360)
	Gross		£000				2,968	4,075		4,216			16,840	104	413	197	16,522	1,143			15,291		98	80	5,503	67,366
Portfolios / Policy Budgets				EDUCATION AND 2012 GAMES (NON DSG)	Schools LA	Strategic management	Statutory and regulatory duties	Early and premature retirement / redundancy costs	Specific Grants	Non Devolved Standards Fund	Non Standards Fund	Access	Home to school/college transport	Pupil support	Outdoor education	Provision of school places	School improvement	Support to students	Asset Charges	Children's Services	Youth Service	Surestart	Connexions	Essex LCSB	Service management	Total
ture	10	Latest	£000				2,863	3,409		(2,246)	•		15,164	104	241	186	13,922	2,023			11,557	٠	84	80	4,250	51,565
Controllable Net Expenditure	2009-10	Original	600g				3,228	3,409		786			15,180	104	250	187	13,625	2,035	•		11,176	٠	66	80	4,231	54,318
Controll	2008-09	Actual	£000				(881)	2,946		(2,529)	(1)		15,574	99	596	65	11,885	1,149	•		10,763	1	725	(16)	3,585	43,588

Education & 2012 Games (Lee Valley & 2012 Games)

Contr	Controllable Net Expenditure	diture	Portfolios / Policy Budgets				2010-11 Budgel	Budget			
2008-09		2009-10		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable		Controlled elsewh	rere	Total
Actual		Latest				government	Net		Support Building	Asset	
	Budget					grant	Expenditure		Maintenance	charges	Expenditure
£000				£000	£000	£000	£000		£000	£000	
			EDUCATION AND 2012 GAMES (LEE VALLEY & 2012 GAMES)								
			2012 Games and sports development								
721	812	782	Sports development	0//	•	•	0//	38	٠		808
78	83	83	Hadleigh Castle Country Park	169	(53)	•	116	13	2	3	134
			Precepts								
1,596	1,621	1,621	Lee Valley Regional Park Precept	1,622	٠	•	1,622	·	·	•	1,622
2,395	2,516		2,486 Total	2,561	(63)		2,508	25	8	3	2,564

Adults, Health and Community Wellbeing (Adult Social Care)

ADULTS, HEALTH AND COMMUNITY WELLBEING
Access, Assessment and Care Management
ed & Provided Care)
Access, Assessment & Care Management
Third Sector Funding (Grants/SLA's)
î
mittee
Recharge of service management costs
Corporate and Democratic Core

Adults, Health and Community Wellbeing (Community Services)

Contro	Controllable Net Expenditure	fure	Portfolios / Policy Budgets				2010-11 Budget	Budget			
2008-09	2009-10	-10		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Add: (Add: Controlled elsewhere	here	Total
Actual		Latest				government			Building		Net
į	Budget	Budget		3	į	grant	Expenditure		Services Maintenance	charges	Expenditure
0007		1000		¥000	1000	¥000			1000		000∓
			ADULTS, HEALTH AND COMMUNITY WELLBEING								
			Community Services								
			Libraries and Information Services								
13,592	14,694	14,745	Library operational services	15,990	(1,952)	·	14,038	2,993	٠	1,043	18,074
3,062	2,900	2,888	Resources	2,929	•	•	2,929	•	•	•	2,929
28	29	28	Community information points	28	•		28	•	•	•	28
•	٠	,	Community Services Finance	٠	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•
16,682	17,623	17,661	17,661 Total Community Services	18,947	(1,952)	•	16,995	2,993	•	1,043	21,031
334.747	365,413	365,207 Total	Total	522,134	(121,113)	(8,719)	392,302	17,110	485	1,551	411,448

Highways and Transportation

Total	Net Expenditure	£000		43,612	(401)	1,857	8,929	7,607	8,299	1,893	1	3,262	558	17,740		932	94,289
are	Asset charges	600g		12,889		,			459	5	•	,	•	113		,	13,466
Add: Controlled elsewhere	Building Maintenance	£000		16						24							04
1	Support Services	£000		2,520	69	89	202	396	1,002	378	T.	195	323	1,624		17	6,795
Controllable	Net Expenditure	£000		28,187	(470)	1,789	8,727	7,211	6,838	1,486	۰	3,067	235	16,003	•	915	73,988
Specific	government grant	600g			•				,				(9,376)				(9,376)
Income		£000		(184)	(1,721)			(4,395)	(626)	(554)		•		(25,311)	(3,782)		(36,926)
Gross		600g		28,371	1,251	1,789	8,727	11,606	7,817	2,040		3,067	9,611	41,314	3,782	915	120,290
rottunes / rout, budges		0	HIGHWAYS AND TRANSPORTATION	Roads and footways	5 Traffic Management Act	1 Bridges	9 Street Lighting	9 Congestion	8 Road Safety	2 Strategic development and transportation	Response accelerated maintenance initiative	7 Public Rights of Way	Asso Private Finance Initiative	6 Passenger transport	- Support services	2 Corporate and Democratic Core	3 Total
-10	Latest Budget	£000		26,405	25	1,621	10,109	6,779	6,078	5,422		3,207	(81)	14,616	•	972	75,153
8-09 2009-10	Original Budget	£000		27,318	(1,199)	1,533	9,952	7,502	6,457	4,876		3,365	(82)	12,988		626	73,689
2008-09	Actual	£000		28,972	(102)	1,960	9,939	6,716	6,256	4,929	909	2,977	(916)	12,084	н	1,041	74,463

Chief Whip, Environment and Waste

Total	Expen	£000 £000				. 24,765	(1,577)	. 17,746	906	5 346	0	. 336	•	. 1,905	1 2,743	75 55,692	14 3,361	. 426	. 328		89 59,807	29 877	7 577	104	. 1,170	1,474	. 150	. 250	•	. 173	4,892	
here	0																															
Add: Controlled elsewhere	Building Maintenance	£000				•			•	4	108	•	·			112	20	•	•		132	129	29	,	•		•	•		•	•	
,	Support Services	£000				446	•	180	14	2	102	2		•		746	80	32	50		836	102	106	2	98	257	•	3		•	2,563	
Controllable	Net Expenditure	£000				24,319	(4,577)	17,566	292	335	8,843	334	•	1,905	2,742	54.759	3,319	394	278	•	58,750	617	435	102	1,072	1,217	150	247	٠	173	2,329	
Specific	government grant	£000				·	٠		٠	·	•	·		•		U		·			ľ	(12)	•		•	(109)						
Income		£000				•	(1,577)		٠	(89)	•	•		(107)	•	(4,752)	(433)	,	(325)		(2,510)	(1,288)	(669)	(24)	(166)	(6,551)					•	
Gross		£000				24,319	•	17,566	292	403	8,843	334		2,012	2,742	56,511	3,752	394	603		61,260	1,920	1,134	126	1,238	7,877	150	247		173	2,329	
engang (ano. / conono.			CHIEF WHIP AND ENVIRONMENT & WASTE	Environment and Commerce	Waste management) Trade waste income	7 Recycling initiatives	3 Tipping away payments	1 Landfill aftercare	3 Civic amenity service	4 Exceptional Wastes	- Waste Performance and efficiency grant	4 Waste Strategy	Waste Management and support services		Trading standards	t Environmental strategy	Natural Environment	. Management and support services	Total Environment and Commerce	3 Country parks	Marsh Farm							Corporate and democratic core	Member support	
0	Latest Budget	£000				25,862	(1,672)	14,147	1,078	411	7,883	184	,	1,764	1,780	51,437	3,259	464	666		56,189	708	(27)	91	1,180	1,739	250	247	•	176	3,106	
08-09 2009-10	Original Budget	£000				25,861	(1,672)	14,065	1,078	411	7,857	184	٠	1,846	1,347	50,977	3,336	624	492		55,429	738	(18)	91	1,126	998	250	247	٠	176	2,328	

Leader

Total	Net	Expenditure £000			2,785	3,750	80	157	6,645	•	4.841			2,763	٠	801		•		1,957	494	2.802			890	200	28,441
	Asset	charges £000			·	•				•	•			309	•	•			•	5	•			٠			314
Add. Controlled eleminors	mirolled elsewii Ruilding	Maintenance £000			٠	•	,							151	٠					75					r	0	229
	Sunnort	Services			,	198			6,645					3,190						157	94	10		٠	C	62	10,284
Spind Manual Sungs	Controllable	Expenditure £000			2,785	3,552	880	751	•	•	A 841	<u> </u>		(887)	٠	801		•	•	1,720	448	2.873		•	y.c.	000	17,614
Cnocific	Specific	grant					ľ			•	(928)	5		(10,137)	٠					(1,410)		(2.720)			ľ		(14,643)
lacomo		£000				(161)		·						(4,658)						(1,335)		(138)	,		(44)	((6,306)
Cross	Second	£000			2,785	3,713	8880	157		٠	5 217			13,908		801		•	,	4,465	448	5.731			C	000	38,563
rottottos/ rotty budgets	*	: # 0	LEADER	Democratic core		5 Corporate management - leadership	Other Forex Initiatives		- Corporate management - resource management	- Publications	Incal Area Acraement nonled funds		Adult Community Learning	b) Adult education	- Community education local funds	8 Residual pension liability	International development		o International Projects	4 Economic Regeneration	o Inward Investment	Skills and International Trade		4 LAA Performance Reward	Touriem		9 Total
	-10	Budget			3,245	3,825	284	306			350			(847)		798			340	2,344	520	2.996	<u>}</u>	5,314	777	444	19,919
Colitionable Net Expellution	2009-10 Original	Budget £000			2,327	3,383	888	223		•	1 222			(817)	6	799			581	2,586	•			·	277	6	11,740
	Artual	£000			1,918	3,146		403			1.237			(227)		785	((376)	282	1,707					027	5	9,345

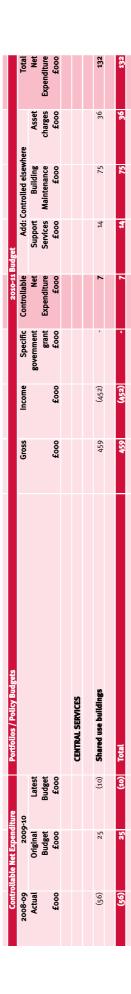
Localism and Planning

Controlla	Controllable Net Expenditure	ure	Portfolios / Policy Budgets				2010-11 Budge	Budget			
2008-09	2009-10	5		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	- PPY	Add: Controlled elsewhere	ere	Total
Actual	Original Budget	Latest Budget				government grant	Net Expenditure		Support Building Services Maintenance	Asset charges	Net Expenditure
£000	£000	£000		£000	6000	£000	6000	£000	600g		£000
			LOCALISM AND PLANNING								
649	588	524	Area and partnership coordination	335			335	н		1,303	1,639
956	902	899	Develop partnerships with Districts	901			901			·	901
348	249	247	Making the Link	237			237			•	237
281	293	336	Rural Issues	281			281				281
51	9	52	Travellers	632	(658)		(26)	87	·	211	272
1,702	1,264	1,217	Sustainable development	686	(129)		860	92	·		952
1,857	858	915	Development management	2,256	(686)		1,317	374	·		1,691
804	1,123	1,156	Environmental planning	1,447	(351)		1,096	119			1,215
	·	,	Service improvement				•			,	,
6,618	5,283	5,346	Total	7,078	(2,077)	Ī	5,001	673		1,514	7,188

Heritage, Culture and the Arts

Contro	Controllable Net Expenditure	ture	Portfolios / Policy Budgets				2010-11 Budget	Sudget			
2008-09	2009-10	5		Gross	Income	Specific	5	Add: (Controlled elsewher	بو	Total
Actual	Original Budget	Latest Budget		9	9	government	Net Expenditure	Support Services	Support Building Services Maintenance	Asset charges	Net Expenditure
0000		0001	HERITAGE, CULTURE AND THE ARTS	000	000	000		0003	000		0003
118	117	108	Cressing Temple	399	(270)	,	129	99	98	2	295
1,151	1,072	1,033	Built environment	1,410	(505)		905	165		•	1,070
2,680	3,382	2,719	Heritage and cultural services	2,962	(969)	•	2,266	365	157	191	2,979
736	592	529	Historic environment	1,439	(873)		999	257	14	∞	845
195	163	147	Quality of Life	147			147				147
4,880	5,326	4,536	4,536 Total	6,357	(2,344)	ľ	4,013	853	269	201	5,336

Central Services



Finance and Change Management

Contro	Controllable Net Expenditure	fure	Portfolios / Policy Budgets				2010-11 Buds	Budget			
2008-09	2009-10	-10		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable		Add: Controlled elsewhere	here	Total
Actual	Original	Latest				government	Net	Support	Building	Asset	Net
	Budget	Budget				grant	Expenditure	Services	Mai	charges	Expenditure
£000	£000	£000		£000	£000	E000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
			FINANCE AND CHANGE MANAGEMENT								
			Central services to the public								
735	35	32	Other services	195	(12)	(152)	33	(122)	٠	·	(61)
1,103	995	995	Second Homes Discount Scheme	1,100	•	•	1,100	•	٠	•	1,100
084	411	379	Registration of births, deaths and marriages	2,191	(2,020)	•	171	426	19	24	640
1,459	1,229	1,622	Coroners' courts	2,747	(1,034)	•	1,713	188	•	•	1,901
9	(72)	(72)	Surplus properties	53	(126)	•	(23)	5	146	99	142
65	63	63	Other property services	99	•	•	64	2	•	,	99
3,845	2,661	3,019		6,350	(3,192)	(152)	3,006	499	165	88	3,758
			Non distributed costs								
328		٠	Past service cost/(gains)	٠	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	٠
1,753	٠	•	Curtailment	٠	•	•	٠	•	٠	·	٠
2,081				•	•	•	•		•	•	•
			Precepts								
944	1,126	1,126	Environment Agency	1,315	•	•	1,315	•	•	•	1,315
222	215	215	Kent and Essex Sea Fisheries	230	٠	٠	230	•	•	•	230
1,166	1,341	1,341		1,545	•		1,545	•	•	•	1,545
7,092	4,002	4.360	Total	7,895	(3,192)	(452)	4,551	499	165	88	5,303

Other Operating Costs

			Gross	псоше	Specific	Controllable	Add: C	Add: Controlled elsewhere		
Actual Original Budget £000	Latest Budget £000		£000		government grant £000	Net Expenditure £000	Support Services £000	Building Maintenance £000	Asset charges £000	Net Expenditure £000
		OPERATING COSTS								
		Interest receivable								
	(4,101)	External interest receivable		(2,931)		(2,931)				
5,710 3,831	801	Interest on earmarked reserves		2,006		2,006				
		Interest Payable								
2	13,903		20,395		٠	20,395				20,395
	(728)	Contributions towards transferred debt	(469)	,		(469)			•	
(132) (130)	(130)	Loan charges grant		(130)		(130)	•			
		Capital financing								
		Depreciation			٠		٠		(78,575)	(78,575)
	•	Government grants	29,787	(29,787)		٠	•			
21,044 23,375	23,516	Repayment of external loans	28,508			28,508				28,508
		Pension interest & return on assets								
. (73,350)	,	Expected retum on pension assets			·	•	·		•	
102,395	•	Pension interest			٠		,		٠	
. (21,193)	•	Pension reserve (FRS 17)				•	•			
		Appropriations								
2,475	•	Schools				•	٠		٠	
		Capital Financing								
18,145 4,000	683	Future capital funding	,			•				
	'				•	٠			•	
		PFI capital financing equalisation reserves								
2,764 2,142	2,142	A130 reserve	1,915			1,915				
	140	Clarton Secondary School DEI	90			s į				
. 10160	162	Waste reserve	34.160			24.160			ľ	
	/ 44 ,C1	Tendring DDD	74,100			74,100				24,100
		General Reserves						'		
(13,758) (15,133)	(18,076)	Service improvements reserve	·	(4,289)		(4,289)	•			(4,289)
	(1,495)	Essex Pledges reserve	•	(2,526)	٠	(2,526)	·	٠	•	(7,526)
	(749)	Quadrennial Elections Reserve			٠	•	٠	٠	٠	
1,357	(664)	Capital Receipts Pump Priming Reserve	•			•		·	•	
- 602	(6,109)	IMT reserve				٠	,	٠	٠	
	•	Partnerships	•		٠	•				
	(1,252)	Insurance reserve		(132)		(132)				
2,627 (2,627)	(2,627)	Pension Fund deficit	•			•				
- (2,227)	(773)	Transformation reserve		,		•				
(2,6	(5,600)	Debt financing reserve								
52 25	25	Essex Arr Fund	•	' (10)		. ()				
	10,113	LAA perrormance reserve		(7,595)		(7,595)				(7,595)
993 (1,500)	(2,125)	Health and safety reserve								
	. , ,	Landnii Ailowances Equalisation reserve	•							
1,519	906	Carbon Dedication appare								
416 -	(42)	Carbon Keduction reserve								
352	(104)	Essex on-tine partnersnip reserve				. !				
7,000		Ciliureli s reserve	4,400			4,400				
1.482	(07)	Essex Transport reserve		(16)		(16)				
8,223	(8,223)	Carry Forwards reserve		,						
	815	Life Raft Pledge reserve								
		Personal care reserve	1,800			1.800				1.800
(3,303) 7	(56)	Trading activities				•	•		·	
8.000		Emergency contingency	8.000			8.000	•		•	8.000
		fa0								

Recharged Strategic Support Services

Contr	Controllable Net Expenditure	Iture	Portfolios / Policy Budgets				2010-11 Budge	udget			
2008-09	2009-10	9-10		Gross	Income	Specific	Controllable	Add: C	Add: Controlled elsewhere	ere	Total
Actual	Original	Latest				government	Net	Support	Building	Asset	Net
	Budget					grant	Expenditure	Services	Maintenance	charges	Expenditure
£000	£000	6000 E		£000	£000	£000	£000	E000	£000	6000	£000
			RECHARGED STRATEGIC SUPPORT SERVICES								
			Highways and Transportation								
1,375	1,475	1,400	Transport Coordination Centre	1,415	•	•	1,415	(1,415)	•	•	
			Chief Whip and Environment & Waste								
881	1,029	953	Democratic Services	918	,	•	918	(918)		·	•
			Leader								
2,263	2,050	2,356	Communications and customer relations	2,275	·	·	2,275	(2,275)	•	·	•
1,664	1,954	1,714	Customer Contact Centre	1,525			1,525	(1,695)		170	٠
			Central Services								
24,604	24,269	36,925	Information Services	15,807	,	·	15,807	(15,977)	·	170	٠
14,192	13,672	14,661	Facilities Management Service	12,970		٠	12,970	(14,068)	373	725	•
8,768	9,253	10,020	Human Resources	8,583		٠	8,583	(8,583)		٠	•
2,354	1,915	2,128	Procurement and Car Provision Scheme	1,689	•	٠	1,689	(1,689)	·	•	•
			Finance and Change Management								
14,975	12,150	20,476	Finance	7,140	•	•	7,140	(7,225)	٠	85	٠
4,113	3,715	3,659	Essex Legal Services	2,622			2,622	(2,622)			•
1,554	5,377	5,377	Insurance Cost Recovery Account	5,354		٠	5,354	(5,354)		٠	•
4,863	4,492	3,977	Asset Management	2,672	٠	٠	2,672	(2,672)		٠	•
2,279	2,717	2,435	Transformation Support Unit	6,019			6,019	(6,019)	٠		•
83,885	84,068	106,081	Total	68,989	•	•	68,989	(70,512)	373	1,150	•
5,129	4,681		5,507 BUILDING MAINTENANCE	2,652	٠	•	2,652	•	(2,652)	•	•

Capital Programme Summary

Portfolio			2010-11 Capita	al Programme		
	Contributions	Grants	Reserve for	Supported	Unsupported	Total
			Future Capital	Borrowing	Borrowing	Payment
			Funding			Approvals
	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo	£ooo
DEPUTY LEADER	-	21,187	-	2,492	6,910	30,589
EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES	1,672	127,597	-	18,800	14,519	162,588
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING	-	3,072	-	-	9,984	13,056
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION	2,691	77,557	-	30,252	23,804	134,304
CHIEF WHIP, ENVIRONMENT & WASTE	1,432	-	56	-	12,658	14,146
LEADER	-	760	-	-	4,805	5,565
LOCALISM & PLANNING	-	2,210	-	-	1,620	3,830
HERITAGE, CULTURE & THE ARTS	-	-	-	-	3,253	3,253
CENTRAL SERVICES	-	-	1,610	-	13,130	14,740
FINANCE & CHANGE MANAGEMENT	-	-	-	-	1,850	1,850
TOTAL	5,795	232,383	1,666	51,544	92,533	383,921

Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Earlier Years

SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS DEPUTY LEADER Special Schools Schools Access initiative Special School Improvements Children & Families				,						Payment Approvals
CHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS DEPUTY LEADER Special Schools Childrens' Centres Schools Access Initiative Special School Improvements Shedal School Improvements	£000	£000	f000	600 E	f000	f000	6000	f000	f000	f000
DEPUTY LEADER Special Schools Childrens Centres Schools Access Initiative Special School Improvements										
Special Schools Childrens' Centres Schools Access Initiative Special School Improvements										
Childrens' Centres Schools Acress Initiative Special School Improvements FAIIdran & Familiae										
Scribous Access initiative Special School Improvements Falidran & Familiae	8,526	(8,526)		20,284	8,526		•		•	28,810
Childran & Emillac	1,305	(230)	1,305	2,634	1,305					4,019
Aiming High For Disabled Children	2,282	(2,282)		140	2,282		•	•		2,422
DEPUTY LEADER	12,423	(11,038)	1,385	23,328	12,423	•	٠	•	٠	35,751
EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES										
Schools										
Basic Need Schemes										
Witham, Chipping Hill Primary (Maltings Lane) الالتالية التالية	4,877	(3,912)	965	179	4,877		•		• ,	5,056
Buckliulst mit, buckliulst mit minialy Colchester, Queen Boudica Primary	1,200		1,200	N '	1,879	200		' '	'	2,079
Secondary Additional Places	138	(138)		1,000	138					1,138
Temporary Accommodation	325	(325)	ľ	421	325					942
Donmanication Schamae										
Harlow Passmores Redevelopment	14,657	(2,849)	11,808	2,613	14,657	5,565			•	22,835
Hutton Willowbrook Primary School	3,638	•	3,638	1,139	3,638	1,773	•		•	6,550
Pitsea Felmores School	890		890	3,963	890		•			4,853
Post 16 Provision	493	(463)	•	207	493	•	•	•		1,000
Modernisation Schemes	100	(1001)		4 100	4 200	ľ		,		000
ומוצרונים בשטונים!	1,205	(502,1)	•	1,/93	1,205	•	•	•	•	2,990
Primary Schools Halls	1,212	(1,212)		899	1,212	1,954	1,241	414		5,489
Academies										
Basildon Upper Academy Rasildon Inwer Academy	8,834	(8,834)		11,635	8,834	4,321				24,790
With am Academies	26,256	(26,256)	ľ	8,000	26,256	10,903			•	45,159
Primary Capital Programme										
Primary Capital	9,523	(6,523)	•	9,267	9,523	2,026	99/'5	12,288	11,518	50,388
Formula Capital Grant	7,873	(7,873)		17,314	7,873	6,970	2,932			35,089
Other										
Asset Management Plan - Condition/Suitability	3,772	(3,272)	200	15,000	3,772		•		•	18,772
Decondary Schools Sports Fees	696	(63)	' '	1,846	909		•		'	1,909
Extended Schools	1,944	(1,944)		2,342	1,944					4,286
Youth										
Danbury Outdoors Site Facility Mereas Outdoors Site Facility	2,022	(2,022)		F2 F	2,022					2,097
Metsea Outdoors Site facility	1,500	(4,5 09)		e	4,509			•		1,004
2012 Games Hadleigh Farm Park - 2012 Games	350	•	350	·	350	162			•	512
	3		3		3					
EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES	95,763	(74.533)	21,230	91,425	95.763	34,623	9:939	12,702	11,518	255,970

Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Earlier Years (continued)

	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years	11-0102	2011-12	0		; }	Payment
	£000	£000	000J	000J	600 E	£000	000J	6000	£000	000J
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS (continued)										
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING										
Springfield Library Facility	621		621	81	621	190			ľ	89
Radio-frequency identification (RFID) extension	2,250		2,250	530	2,250					2,780
Shaftesbury Extra Care	2,653	(2,653)	1	2,653	2,653				•	5,30
II Initastructure grant Leaming Disability Residential Reprovision	419	(419)	1.413	758	1.413	834				2.906
OSCARS phase 2	3,500		3,500		3,500	5 '				3,500
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING	10,856	(3,072)	7.784	4,681	10,856	1,024	•	·	•	16,561
HICHMING & TRANSPORTATION										
FIGHTALS & IXANSPORIATION										
79-81 New Farm Road Bus Stop Upgrade	20	(20)	•	•	20		•			20
A13 Passenger Transport Corridor Improvements	5,250	(2,000)	250	•	5,250	2,050	•			7,300
A130 Bypass A13. St Rotolphs Roundahout Improvements Colchester	100	. (00%)	100	. 66	100	102	104	100	108	520
A 34 Subscriptus Adminatorus improvements), Colonesses Basildon Enterprise Corridor	8.344	(8,314)		11,140	8,314	100				19,554
Braintree Freeport Footbridge	730	(430)	300	. 9	730		•		ľ	79
Brentwood High Street	370	(202)	168	•	370				•	376
Bus Stop Improvements, Hythe Hill	71	(17)	'	•	17					
butt koad bus Stop Improvements Chelmsford Chelmer Valley Park & Bide	18	(18)	1.840		1007	1 800				2 70%
Chelmsford Park and Ride Sandon Expansion	170	(170)	1		170	'			ľ	170
Chelmsford Walking and Cycling	110		110		110					110
Colchester A134 St Botophi's Roundabout Colchester Cycle Town	300	(300)	' 00		300	1.800	1.800	1.800	1.800	300
Colchester Road, Halstead	19	(19)	•	·	19					
Colchester Town Centre	120	(100)	20		120				•	120
Colonester, Station Havel Pidi Coldnaithurst Avenue Upgrade Bus Stop	200	· (4)	700		70					N
Covered Salt Storage	151		151	,	151	•	•	•	•	#
Demonstration Cycling Town - Harlow	20	. ()	20		50					Α !
cpping rolest italispoit strategy Great Notley Bypass Dualling	450		150		450					450
Hadleigh Farm Access Improvements	1,700		1,700	250	1,700				•	1,950
Harlow A414 Capacity Improvements	166	(166)	•	•	166					166
Harlow A414 M11J7 To Southern Way Dualling Harlow Area December Transport Improvements	7,350			198	7,350					7,548
Harlow Eastwick Junction (A414)	135		135		135	ľ			ľ	, t
Harlow First Avenue Bus Lane Phase2	200	(200)	•	•	200		•		•	200
Gt. Notley Bypass Dualling Multi-modal Interchance at Andlay End Great Chaeterford	34	. (443)	₹ '		¥ ;					34
New Junction - A12 - Colchester	7,548	(6,948)	900	1,510	7,548				ľ	9,058
New Real Time Passanger Information and Bus Priority Equipment	007	(004)	•		400		•			400
Roscommon Way Phase1	7,431	(6,932)	499	4,451	7,431	100				11,982
Keal Time PassengerInformation signs at Brentwood Station Saddlers Farm Linction Improvement	30.000	(30.000)		15.162	30.000	15.000	. 600			60.861
Safety Camera Rollout	393	(393)	•	,	393	-			ľ	393
Saffron Walden Town Square Improvements	35	(32)	•	•	35		•		•	
Springwood Avenue Made-up Road, Braintree	442	(42)	•	•	45			•		45
Stuffler Fallsti Iniprovements Tackling Congestion Improvement Scheme	320	(g)	350		350					. Y
The Street, Rayne	18	(18)	•	•	18		•		·	18
Traffic Asset Management Plan (TAMP)	225	(225)	•		225				•	225
Traffic Management Improvements Traffic Management Improvements Braintrae	259		259		259					259
Traffic Management Sign and Bus Shelter Laindon	30	(30)	Š '	•	3 %				ľ	30
Upper Maynes/Cranes Farm Road Improvements	310	(310)	·	,	310				•	310
Witham Station Footbridge Extension	1,524	(824)	670	2,655	1,524			•		4,179
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION	70.320	(70.772)	8	700.00						

Schemes Starting in 2009-10 and Earlier Years (continued)

Portfello	2010-11	Payment Approvals	ovals			Total	Payment Approvals	wals		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure	2	Expenditure	earlier vears	200	71107	C1 2102	tr C103	C; \$10.7	Pavment
				200						Approvals
										:
	E000	600 E	E000	6000 E	6000 E	E000	6000 E	f000	E000	f000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS (continued)										
CHIEF WHIP, ENVIRONMENT & WASTE										
Gt Dunmow Resource Management Centre	4,332	(1,432)	2,900	110	4,332	•	•	•	•	4,442
Weald Country Park	791	•	791	109	791		•	•	•	900
New Braintree Civic Amenity Site	81		. 83	2,129	. g	•	•	•		2,210
Inames Chase Visitor Centre Thompon Boundary Engine	50 5		56	543	8. Y					599
Similari Dagilidari Letrini S	ŝ		ç		2					cc C
CHIEF WHIP, ENVIRONMENT & WASTE	5,295	(1,432)	3,863	2,891	5,295	•	•	•	٠	8,186
IZAND										
LAWER										
Haven Gateway Partnership	760	(260)	•	•	760	•	ľ		ľ	760
Maldon Learning Hub	1,149	•	1,149	1	1,149	20	•	•	•	1,200
Chelmsford Innovation Centre	1,000		1,000	300	1,000			•		1,300
LEADER	2,909	(260)	2,149	301	2,909	20	•	•	٠	3,260
LOCALISM & PLANNING										
Community Initiatives Scheme	1,500		1,500	1,675	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	9,175
Colchester Gypsy Site / Severalls East	1,900	(1,900)	•	75	1,900	•	•	•	•	1,975
Gypsy And Traveller Pitch And Site Improvement	80	(9)	20	•	80		•	•	٠	80
LOCALISM & PLANNING	3,480	(1,960)	1,520	1,750	3,480	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	11,230
HERITAGE, CULTURE & THE ARTS										
Public Art - General	1.500	•	1.500	9	1.500	•		•	ľ	7.500
Public Att Sadlers Fam	405	'	405	E C	405	,		•	•	482
Public Art Common Fund	291	ľ	291	113	291		•	•	٠	404
Public Art Park & Ride Network	82		82	14	82	•	•	•	•	96
Public Art Fryerns & Craylands	58		58	92	58					114
Fubit At Bettimood nign street Dubits At Gooine Losi	2 -		12	χ,	12					45
במסור את מפנוומז המי	n		n	n	n	•		•		9
HERITAGE, CULTURE & THE ARTS	2,353	•	2,353	6,298	2,353	•	•	•	•	8,651
CENTRAL SERVICES										
Wide Area Network (WAN) replacement	1,610	ľ	1,610	2,012	1,610			•	ľ	3,622
CENTRAL SERVICES	1,610	•	1,610	2,012	1,610	•	٠	•		3,622
FINANCE & CHANGE MANAGEMENT										
Office Strategy - To Exit Leased Offices	1,385	•	1,385	•	1,385	T		•		1,385
Financial Systems Upgrade	215		215	•	215					215
TINANCE & CINANCE MANAGEMENT	1,850		1,850	•	1,850	•	•	•		1,550
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2009-10 AND EARLIER YEARS	215,868	(163,567)	52,304	168,412	215,868	58,149	23,042	16,108	14,926	496,505

Schemes Starting in 2010-11

Portfolio	2010-11 P	2010-11 Payment Approvals	vals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	als		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment
										Approvals
	600 E	600 E	600 E	000J	6000	6000	600 E	600j	600 E	6000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11										
DEPUTY LEADER										
Special Schools										
Childrens Centres	523	(523)	•		523		•	•	٠	523
Early Years & Childcare Grant	7,411	(7,411)	•	•	7,411	٠	٠	٠	٠	7,411
Schools Access Initiative	1,107	•	1,107		1,107	1,527	•	٠	•	2,634
Site Acquisition For Special School	2,500	•	2,500	•	2,500	•	•	•	•	2,500
Children & Families										
Basildon SPACE	3,200	(1,600)	1,600		3,200	3,200	•	٠		6,400
Children With Disabilities Respite Centre (De La Salle)	2,000	٠	2,000	•	2,000	٠	٠	٠	٠	2,000
Minor Works - Family Centre Extensions	200	٠	200	•	200	٠	٠	٠	٠	200
Minor Works - Upgrade Residential Homes	150	•	150	•	150	٠	,		٠	150
Playbuilder Capital Grant	615	(615)	•	•	615	٠	,		٠	615
Repair & Upgrade Swimming Pool Hargrave House	760	•	460	•	460	•			•	460
DEPUTY LEADER	18,166	(10,149)	8,017	•	18,166	4.727	•	•	•	22,893

Schemes Starting in 2010-11 (continued)

organis.	Gross Expenditure	Income	Net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total Payment
										Approvals
	E000	6000 E	E000	6000 E	6000	E000	6000	f000	000J	f000
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (continued)										
EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES										
Crhose										
Basic Need Schemes										
Stansted, Rochford Nurseries Primary	1,588		1,588	7	1,588	4,272				5,867
Takeley, Priors Green Primary Basic Need - Selective Secondary Provision	278		278		278	4,473	1,823			6,574
	i.		f		÷	e e				-661
Temporary Accommodation	887	(887)	•	•	887	•				887
Paoresaltation Schamac										
St Helena, Colchester - Temporary Expansion	266	•	266	•	566		•		•	266
Philip Morant, Colchester - Temporary Expansion	603	ľ	603	•	603	1,333			ľ	1,936
Post 16 Provision	116	(4/2)	•	•	9//	625	•	•	•	1,401
Vocational Centres	443	•	443	•	443	1,000	•	•		1,443
Modernisation Schemes										
Food Technology	1,500	(1,500)	•	•	1,500				•	1,500
Primary Capital Programme Primary Capital	401	(401)	•	•	401	ľ	ľ	ľ	ľ	401
Formula Capital Grant	3,288	(3,288)		·	3,288	7,714	7,714	3,857		22,573
Other										
Asset Management Plan - Condition/Suitability	4,050	(4,050)	•	•	4,050	462	•	•	•	4,512
Secondary Schools Sports Facilities Block	583	(583)	•	•	583	417	•	•	•	1,000
Purchase of Land and Property	20	(19)	31	•	20		•		•	50
Project Managers' Fees	420	. (017.7)	420	•	420					420
Exterided Schools	041,1	(1,140)		•	1,140					1,140
Building Schools for the Future										
De La Salle (Wave 4)	4,250	•	4,250	٠	4,250	2,141	8,246	•	٠	14,637
Castle View (Wave 4)	16,228	(16,228)	•	•	16,228	12,851	•		•	29,079
Cornellus Vermuyden (Wave 4) The Disness School (Marie 2)	11,155	(11,155)	•	•	11,155	8,834	•	•		19,989
Colimbia School And College (Wave 4)	10.005	(10, 995)	'		10.995	8.707			ľ	19.702
Alderman Blaxill (Wave 6)	49	-	9	•	64	92		1,090	1,588	2,818
The Gilberd (Wave 6)	79	•	9	•	9	9/	•	9,256	12,124	21,520
Philip Morant (Wave 6)	199	•	64	•	9	92 '	•	11,649	15,212	27,001
St Helena (Wave 6)	79		64		79	2 4		7,330	9,639	17,109
Stanway (Waye 6)	79		9	•	70	2 92		9,520	12,465	22.125
Thomas Lord Audley (Wave 6)	79		99	•	79	92	•	1,090	1,588	2,818
Thurstable (Wave 6)	79	•	64	٠	79	9/	•	8,436	11,066	19,645
Colchester Pru (Wave 6)	99	•	64		64	92 '		1,036	1,517	2,693
The Greensward Academy (Wave 6)	70	•	94		70	2 1		10,164	13,295	23,599
IIIe filcwilliaic, rayleigii (wave 6) Homestead (Mave 6)	79		94		70 0	2 %		0,369	11,005	19,534
Investment in LEP	07	•	01	•	1 2	2 '	•	'	,	10
Youth Resolved Outdoore Sta Escility	6		6	,	607	001.0		ľ	ľ	200
Minar Works - Outdoor Education Centres	2,500		2,500		2,500	2,500				5,000
Millol Works - Outdool Education Centres Youth Capital Fund	150	. (614)		'	150	150	150	150	150	614
nun i mardan i mort		Ť c			Ţ					•
2012 Games										
Adizones	350		350	•	320	320				700
EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES	65,151	(53,062)	12,089	_	65,151	59,371	17,933	80,923	101,565	324,950

Schemes Starting in 2010-11 (continued)

Portfolio	2010-11	2010-11 Payment Approvals	ovals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	rals		
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment Approvals
	food	food	food	food	food	food	food	food	food	food
	2004	2004	0004		0001	0004	2004	2004	2004	
SCHEMES STARTING IN 2010-11 (continued)										
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING										
Community Wellbeing PFI	2,000	•	2,000	•	2,000		•	•	•	2,000
Accommodation/Housing Strategies	200	•	200	•	200	200	200	200	200	1,000
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING	2.200	•	2.200	•	2.200	200	200	200	200	3.000
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION										
Colchester Town Centre Improvements	200	•	500	•	200	2,000	2,000	•	•	4,500
Community Link	150	•	150	•	150	150	119	122	124	665
County Bridges Maintenance	6,631	•	6,631	•	6,631	6,769	6,904	7,042	7,183	34,529
County Roads Maintenance	11,708	•	11,708	•	11,708	11,798	12,034	12,274	12,520	60,334
Essex Casualty Reduction	260	(260)	•	•	260	260	260	260	260	2,800
Essex Community Infrastructure Fund	1,000	•	1,000	•	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000
Footways Maintenance	2,000	•	2,000	•	2,000	2,042	2,082	2,124	2,166	10,414
Frinton Town Centre Improvements	265	•	597	•	265	•	•	•	•	597
Harlow Cycle Town	900	•	900	•	900	•	•	•	•	006
Highways Maintenance Initiative	10,000	•	10,000	•	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	50,000
Major Schemes Planning & Management	3,000	•	3,000	•	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	15,000
Northern Approaches Road 3 - Colchester	4,269	(4,269)	•	•	4,269	4,487	197	•	•	8,953
Passenger Transport	3,000	(3,000)	•	•	3,000	3,000	2,389	2,437	2,485	13,311
Public Rights Of Way	740	•	740	•	740	578	589	601	613	3,121
Safer Roads	2,100	•	2,100	•	2,100	1,639	1,672	1,706	1,740	8,857
Safety Barriers Replacement	089	(44)	33	•	680	531	541	552	263	2,867
Street Lighting Replacement	770	•	770	•	0//	786	802	818	834	4,010
Surface Water Alleviation	1,000	(1,000)	•	•	1,000	781	962	812	828	4,217
Tackling Congestion	3,500	•	3,500		3,500	2,732	2,787	2,843	2,899	14,761
Traffic Management Improvements	200	•	200	•	200	390	398	904	414	2,108
Traffic Signal Refurb ishment	200	•	500	•	200	390	398	904	414	2,108
Walking And Cycling	870	•	870	•	870	629	693	707	721	3,670
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION	54.975	(9,476)	45,499	•	54.975	53,312	48,961	47,410	48,064	252,722

Schemes Starting in 2010-11 (continued)

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50 - 50 160 - 160
8,851 - 8,851
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2,656 - 2,656
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006 - 006
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100 - 100
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13,130 - 13,130

Indicative Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years

Company Comp		Gross Expenditure	III.come Ex	Expenditure earlier years		7010-11	2011-12	61 1101	t G	2014-15	Payment
1		£000	000J	6000 f		6000	£000	6000	£000	600 E	fooo
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	NDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS										
	DEPUTY LEADER										
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Special Schools										
1,199 2,176 2,17	Special Schools Modernisation			·				2,000	2,000	•	10,000
Conditions Sharing, Sample Sha	Special Schools Reorganisation Schools Access Initiative			1			1.249	469	1,875	1,875	4,219
1,000 1,00							2				
1,000 1,00	DEPUTY LEADER			•	•		1,249	8,245	9,651	4,651	23,796
Condition Stability Centres 1000 1,000 1	EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES										
Condition/Sultability (New S) (year)	Basic Needs Schemes										
Contition (Suitability Patients, Family Centres) 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000	Primary						2,934	6,627	5,436	2,249	17,246
Croid tiers's Homes, Family Centres	Secondary						+	2,154	10,013	5,833	18,000
Condition Sultability Contrees Condition Sultability Condition Sul	Temporary Accommodation						1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,000
Condition/Sultability	Reorganisation Schemes										
Condition/Suitability Cond	Primary						875	2,740	1,385		5,000
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Secondary		,				9,460	10,307	3,833	•	20,600
1,000 1,00	Vocational Centres	900	(200)			200	1,737	2,145	2,855	1,263	8,500
Condition/Suitability	Modernisation										
405 (405)	Secondary							000'6	000'6	•	18,000
Condition/Suitability Cond	Primary Capital Programme	69/	(69/)			492	5,384	10,000	10,000	9,230	35,383
Condition/Suitability erety condition/Suitability condition/Suitab	Formula Capital Grant	405	(405)			405	5,267	10,129	15,382	24,136	55,319
Condition/Suitability Suitability Suitabil	Other										
Lune Feet Manage	Asset Management Plan - Condition/Suitability			ľ			8,642	9,801	7,638	2,663	33,744
Lune Lune 420 </td <td>Purchase of Land and Property</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>İ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>20</td> <td>20</td> <td>20</td> <td>20</td> <td>200</td>	Purchase of Land and Property			İ			20	20	20	20	200
ture ture <th< td=""><td>Project Managers' Fees</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>420</td><td>420</td><td>420</td><td>420</td><td>1,680</td></th<>	Project Managers' Fees		•				420	420	420	420	1,680
(Wave 5) (Wave 6) (Wave 5) (Wave 6) (Wave 5) (Wave 6) (Wave 7) (Wa	Building Schools for the Future										
(Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School	James Hornsby High (Wave 4)	•		•			1,346	3,847			5,193
(Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5) (Special School (Wave 5)) (Special School (Wave 5)) (Special Scho	Shorefields (Wave 4) Mondlands (Mave 4)						2,696	3,443			6,139
Same State School (Wave St	Beauchamps High School (Wave 5)	•						6,399	12,128		21,527
is Special School (Wave 5) cial School (Wav	Bromfords (Wave 5)	•		•				8,508	10,978		19,486
e 5) e 5) e 5) e 5) e 5) e 5) e 6) e 7,828 e 7	Edith Borthwick New Model Special School (Wave 5)		٠					5,804	7,489		13,293
e.5) e.5) e.5) e.5) e.5) e.5) e.5) e.5)	otenwood new model special school (wave 5) Mayflower High School (Wave 5)						٠.	4,229	5,450		21.527
e 5) e 5) e 7,828 10,100 e 5) e 5) e 7,277 5) e 5) e 7,277 7,392 e 7,327 8,340 e 7,327 8,340 e 7,327 8,340 e 7,327 8,340 e 7,327 8,340 e 7,320	South View (Wave 5)	•						1,594	2,057		3,651
e 5) 5) 6 5) 6 6) 7) 8 7 27 7 39 64 7 7 277 8 9390 8 7 28 8 930 1,500 8 7 28 8 930 1,500 8 7 28 8 930 1,500 8 7 28 8 930 1,500 8 7 28 8 930 1,500 8 7 28 8 930 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500	The Appleton School (Wave 5)		·				•	7,828	10,100	•	17,928
e, Children's Homes, Family Centres e, Children	The Billericay School (Wave 5)		•	·				10,822	13,964	•	24,786
e, Children'S Homes, Family Centres	The Ving John School (Wave 5)		•	•				7,277	9,390		16,667
e, Children'S Homes, Family Centres	Investment in PH SPV's						1,000	850	1,500		3,350
e, Children'S Homes, Family Centres 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350	Vonth										
	Minor Works - Youth Centre, Children'S Homes, Family Centres			ľ			350	350	350	350	1,400
1,674 (1,674) - 1,674 (1,674) 168,006 167,003	Harlow Youth Provision	,					800				800
office postory physics that the property of th	EDUCATION & 2012 GAMES	1,674	(4,674)			1,674	53,190	168.006	167.038	52.104	443.002

Indicative Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years (continued)

- Particular Particula		alamana Anamana at a cons	- Carlo			Total	Total Darmont Appropriate	9		
			ı			- Constant				
	Gross	Income	Net	2009-10 and	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Total
	Expenditure		Expenditure	earlier years						Payment
										Approvals
	£000	fooo	fooo	fooo	fooo	fooo	fooo	fooo	fooo	fooo
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2013-12 AND LATER YEARS (continued)										
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING										
11										
riems Library		•	'			1,000	1,000	1,000	•	3,000
Goldlay Gardens	•	•	•	•		3,000	•	•	•	3,000
Day Centres		•	•	•	•	•	200	200	200	1,500
Employment & Inclusion	•	•	•	•	•		200	200	200	1,500
Harlow Library Accommodation		•	•	•			1,000	•	•	1,000
ADULTS, HEALTH & COMMUNITY WELLBEING	•	٠	•	•		4,000	3,000	2,000	1,000	10,000
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION										
South Essex Rapid Transit		•	•	1			6,300	5,200	5,200	16,700
Town Centre Improvements		•	•	•		2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	8,000
Colchester Park & Ride		٠	•	•	•	200	6,000	•	٠	6,200
Chelmsford Town Centre Improvements		•	•	,		1,000	5,000	٠	•	6,000
A133 Colchester Improvements		٠	•	•		1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	5,000
Congestion Management Schemes		•	•	1			1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
Rochford, Sutton Road Improvements		٠	•			1,000	1,000		٠	2,000
Private Streetworks		•	•	,		200	200	200	200	2,000
Chelmsford Rapid Transit		•	•	,		1,600	•	٠	•	1,600
Chelmsford Cycle Town		•	•	,			200	200	200	1,500
Harlow Cycle Town		٠	•	•			200	200	200	1,500
Strategic Bus Corridor Improvements		•	•	T			200	200	200	1,500
Chelmsford Rail Street Scene		•	•	,		1,500	•	٠	•	1,500
Station Travel Plan Infrastructure		•	•	,			200	200	200	1,500
Harlow Area Passenger Transport Improvements		•	•	1				•	1,000	1,000
Jaywick Regeneration		•	•			100	100	100	100	400
Chelmsford Bus Station Phase 2		•	•	•	•	20	•	•	٠	20
Witham Station Footbridge		•	•				•	٠	•	•
New Junction - A12 - Colchester		•	•					•	•	•
Witham Station Footbridge		•	•	•				•	•	•
HIGHWAYS & TRANSPORTATION	•	•		•	•	9,170	25,150	12,050	13,050	59,420

Indicative Schemes Starting in 2011-12 and Later Years (continued)

Portfollo	2010-11 P	2010-11 Payment Approvals	wals			Total P	Total Payment Approvals	sle		
			ı	Part of the same						H
	eross Expenditure	n come	net Expenditure	2009-10 and earlier years	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	Payment Approvals
	£000	E000	E000	6000 E	6000	E000	E000	6000	6000	6000 E
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STARTING IN 2011-12 AND LATER YEARS (continued)										
CHIEF WHIP, ENVIRONMENT & WASTE										
Anaerohir Disestor Project	ŀ		•		ŀ	2.866	901.7	2.70%	ľ	99'0
In-vessel compositing Plant		•	•	•		1,680	4,193	1,585	ľ	7,458
Courtauld Road Improvements	,	•	•	•		•	•		603	603
CHIEF WHIP, ENVIRONMENT & WASTE	•	•	•	•	•	4.546	8,319	4,289	603	17.757
LEADER										
Relocation of Basildon Adult Community Leaming facilities		ľ	•			1,000	1,000	1,000		3,000
St Peters College, Chelmsford		٠	•			1,000			•	1,000
LEADER	•	•				2,000	1,000	1,000	٠	4,000
CENTRAL SERVICES										
Minor Works 2011/12	•		•			200	٠		٠	500
Minor Works 2012/13	•	•	•	•	•	•	200	•	•	200
Minor Works 2013/14		٠	•					200	•	200
Minor Works 2014/15	•	•	•	•					200	200
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2011/12		•	•			300			٠	300
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2012/13			•				300		•	300
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2013/14		•	•	•		•	•	300	•	300
Capitalised Building Maintenance 2014/15	•	•	•	•		•	•		300	300
2011/12 DDA Block		•	•	•		250			•	250
2012/13 DDA Block	•	•	•				250		٠	250
2013/14 DDA Block		,	•					250	٠	250
2015/16 DDA Block			•				•	•	250	250
CENTRAL SERVICES	•	Ì	•	•	•	1,050	1,050	1,050	1,050	4,200
HINTER COLLEGE CONTINUE III										
INDICATIVE SCHEMES STAKTING IN 2015-12 AND LATER TEAKS	1,674	(3,674)	•	•	1,074	75,205	234,770	197,978	72,548	562,175
TOTAL	200 cgc	(ang tag)	445 740	468 440	260 cac	9000	245 043	and but	000 100	4 744 9774
	303984	(a) rings)	20/10	Ketetooe	3030344	4.248.90A	Confee	1Cosecc	6210303	to I was a line



Resourcing Essex Works Budget & Corporate Plan 2010-11

Delivering the best quality of life in Britain

Part 3:
Prudential Indicators, Treasury
Management Strategy & Revenue
Provision for Debt Repayment
Policy



Introduction

Background

The Council has a statutory duty to:

- Comply with the following Codes of Practice issued by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA):
 - The Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code).
 - The Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice and Cross-sectoral Guidance Notes (the Treasury Management Code).
- Determine an investment strategy in accordance with guidance issued under Section 15 (1) (a) of the Local Government Act 2003 (Investments guidance).
- Determine an annual policy that indicates how the Council will discharge its duty to make a prudent revenue provision for the repayment of debt.

This section of the Budget and Corporate Plan is therefore presented in compliance with these Codes of Practice and statutory regulations.

Revised editions of the CIPFA Codes were issued in November 2009; the requirements of the revised guidance have been incorporated. In addition, the CLG is currently consulting on changes to the guidance on investments issued under Section 15 (1) (a) of the Local Government Act 2003. The CLG proposals have therefore also been incorporated where these do not conflict with current guidance.

Prudential Code

The Local Government Act 2003 places a requirement upon the Council to determine, and keep under review, how much money it can afford to borrow for capital financing purposes. Regulations issued under the Local Government Act 2003 specifically require the Council to determine the affordability of its borrowing in compliance with the CIPFA Prudential Code.

Compliance with the Prudential Code enables the Council to demonstrate, via a series of prudential indicators, that its capital investment plans are affordable, that consequential borrowing is at a prudent and sustainable level and that treasury management decisions will be undertaken in accordance with good professional practice.

Prudential indicators for 2009-10 to 2011-12 were approved as part of the 2009-10 budget setting last year. These indicators have now been reviewed and updated, and extended to include 2012-13, 2013-14 and 2014-15. The revised indicators are presented in Annex 3.1, with explanatory commentary on pages 122 to 125.

Treasury Management Code / Investments Guidance

Treasury Management activities are those associated with the management of the Council's cash flows and its borrowing and investments. A fundamental aim is to effectively control the risks associated with these activities and to pursue value for money, in so far as this is consistent with the effective management of risk.

The Local Government (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 require the Council to comply with the CIPFA Treasury Management Code.

The Treasury Management Code requires the Council to have in place:

- A Policy Statement which states the Council's treasury management policies, objectives and approach to risk management.
- Treasury Management Practices (TMPs) which set out the manner in which the Council will seek to achieve those policies and objectives, and prescribe how these activities will be managed and controlled.
- An annual Treasury Management Strategy that outlines the expected treasury activity for the forthcoming three years. This must address the matters specifically required by the Secretary of State's guidance on investments. In particular, the strategy must define the Council's policies for managing its investments and for giving priority to the security and liquidity of those investments.

The requirements of the Treasury Management Code are addressed on pages 126 to 132.

Revenue Provision for the Repayment of Debt

When the Council chooses to finance capital expenditure from borrowing, it is required to make an annual provision for the repayment of that borrowing from the Revenue Budget (referred to as the 'Minimum Revenue Provision' or MRP).

The Council has a statutory duty to determine a <u>prudent</u> level of revenue provision which ensures that debt is repaid over a period that is either reasonably commensurate with the period over which the capital expenditure provides benefit or, in the case of borrowing supported by the Government, reasonably commensurate with the period implicit in the determination of that support.

The Council's policy for ensuring a prudent level of revenue provision for the repayment of debt in 2010-11 is set out on pages 133 to 135.

Prudential Indicators

Context

The Prudential Code provides a framework that enables the Council to assess the affordability, prudence and sustainability of its capital investment plans and ensure that consequential treasury management decisions are taken in accordance with good professional practice.

This framework highlights, via a set of prudential indicators, the level of the Council's capital expenditure, the impact of that expenditure upon its borrowing and investment levels and the overall controls in place to ensure that the activity remains affordable, prudent and sustainable. The prudential indicators therefore draw together the Council's 2008-09 Balance Sheet, its revenue budget proposals, capital expenditure plans and treasury management strategy.

The prudential indicators are either indicators of affordability or prudence. This distinction is necessary in order to understand the role each indicator plays in the overall decision making framework.

The indicators of affordability are intended to ensure that total capital investment remains within sustainable limits and that the impact upon council tax is acceptable. The indicators of affordability therefore include:

- Capital expenditure
- Capital Financing Requirement
- External debt authorised limit
- External debt operational boundary
- External debt actual external debt
- Ratio of financing costs to net revenue streams
- Incremental impact on Council Tax

The indicators of prudence are:

- Net borrowing and capital financing requirement
- Adoption of CIPFA Treasury Management Code.

There are a number of treasury management indicators which previously formed part of the Prudential Code that are now linked to the Treasury Management Code and are hence incorporated into the Treasury Management Strategy. These include:

- Interest rate exposures
- Maturity structure of borrowing
- Total principal sums invested

It is nevertheless still necessary to have regard to these indicators when assessing prudence of the Council's capital investment plans.

Prudential indicators for 2009-10 to 2011-12 were approved as part of the 2009-10 budget setting. Those indicators have now been reviewed and updated, and extended to include 2012-13, 2013-14 and 2014-15. A summary of the Prudential Indicators for each of these years is provided in Annex 3.1. Explanatory comments are set out in the following paragraphs.

Capital Expenditure Plans

The Council's capital expenditure plans and sources of financing for 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-11 are summarised in Annex 3.1. The capital expenditure plans for 2010-11 are presented in detail in Parts 1 and 2 of this Budget and Corporate Plan.

Indicative figures are also provided for the following four years, although these only have the status of planning guidelines at this stage.

Capital Financing Requirement

The Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) is a vital component of the Council's capital financing strategy as it represents the cumulative total of the Council's capital expenditure that has not yet been paid for from cash resources (i.e. capital receipts, capital grants and contributions from the revenue budget). It therefore provides a measure of the Council's need to borrow for capital financing purposes.

The actual CFR for 2008-09 is derived directly from the Council's 2008-09 Balance Sheet. The annual movements in the CFR from this point forward are the net result of:

- Increases, as new capital expenditure is financed from borrowing.
- Reductions, as provision is made within the Revenue Budget for the repayment of debt.

In addition, there is a one-off stepped increase in the CFR in 2009-10, as a consequence of a change in accounting rules that requires the Council to bring its PFI schemes onto the Balance Sheet, effectively recognising these as a form of credit arrangement (see comments on External Debt on page 124 for further detail).

The actual CFR for 2008-09 and the estimated movements for the current and forthcoming five years are set out in Annex 3.1.

The estimates set out within Annex 3.1 indicate that the CFR will increase year on year because annual borrowing is forecast to exceed the annual provision for the repayment of debt. It should however be borne in mind that the capital financing plans for 2011-12 through to 2014-15 are only indicative at this stage, hence the CFR may not necessarily reach the levels implied in Annex 3.1.

The Council has a statutory duty to determine a <u>prudent</u> level of revenue provision for the repayment of debt. The policy for 2010-11 commences on page 133.

Net Borrowing and the Capital Financing Requirement

As the Council is only permitted to undertake long term borrowing in order to finance its capital expenditure, it follows that borrowing and other credit arrangements should not exceed the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). However, the Council does have some flexibility to borrow in advance of its need to do so (e.g. to take advantage of favourable interest rates), provided that net borrowing does not exceed the medium term forecast of the CFR.

The medium term forecast of the CFR is determined by aggregating the CFR for the preceding year and the additional financing requirement for the current and subsequent two financial years.

The level of borrowing that would be permitted each year by applying this rule, together with a projection of the actual level of the Council's external borrowing, are set out within Annex 3.1. This shows that the Council has complied with the requirement to keep net borrowing below the medium term forecast of the CFR in 2008-09, and that it envisages being able to do so in the current and subsequent five years. This assessment takes account of current commitments and plans, the capital programme proposals summarised in Annex 3.1 and the impact of recategorising PFI schemes as credit arrangements in 2009-10.

External Debt

In order to ensure that external debt is maintained at a level consistent with the Council's capital financing decisions, limits are established upon the level of the Council's external debt, as follows:

- Authorised limit defines the maximum amount of debt permitted by the Council, and represents the statutory limit determined under section 3 (1) of the Local Government Act 2003.
- Operational boundary is an estimate of the probable level of the Council's debt, and provides the means by which external debt is managed to ensure that the 'authorised limit' is not breached.

External debt for this purpose is deemed to represent the sum of borrowing and other long term liabilities. Other long term liabilities are credit arrangements that are used to acquire fixed assets on deferred payment terms, such as via finance lease. They are included within the scope of the Prudential Framework as they have the same practical impact as borrowing.

Previously, it has not been necessary to specifically set an authorised limit or operational boundary to take account of credit arrangements, as the Council had very few finance lease arrangements in place. However, as a consequence of a change in accounting rules in 2009-10, the Council's PFI arrangements must now be recognised as a credit arrangement.

Limits are proposed for external debt within Annex 3.1. These take account of the capital financing assumptions (also summarised within Annex 3.1), and the need to recognise the Council's PFI schemes as a credit arrangement with effect from 2009-10. These limits are based upon an estimate of the most likely, prudent, but not worst case scenarios. They allow sufficient headroom for fluctuations in the level of cash balances.

The proposed limits for external debt are below the Capital Financing Requirement. The Council is able to maintain this position by temporarily utilising cash that has been set aside, such as in earmarked revenue reserves, as a short to medium term alternative to external borrowing. This practice does not diminish the magnitude of funds held in reserves and balances; the funds are merely being borrowed to defer external borrowing. Further comments on the Council's borrowing strategy are set out within the Treasury Management Strategy that commences on page 126.

Ratio of Financing Costs to Net Revenue Streams

This indicator identifies the trend in the cost of capital (i.e. borrowing costs, net of investment income) in relation to the Council's overall revenue budget requirement.

The actual ratio for 2008-09 and estimates for the current and forthcoming five years are set out within Annex 3.1.

Incremental Impact of Capital Investment Decisions on Council Tax

A key measure of the affordability of new capital investment is the impact upon council tax. This indicator therefore identifies the revenue costs associated with capital schemes proposed to start in 2010-11 and later years.

The incremental impact of the capital investment plans upon council tax is shown in Annex 3.1. The indicators represent the difference between:

- A council tax (at band D) that would result from only continuing schemes already under way in 2009-10; and
- A council tax (at band D) that would arise from undertaking the schemes proposed to start in 2010-11 and subsequent years.

Hence, the intention of this indicator is to demonstrate the increase in revenue costs that result from commencing new schemes in 2010-11 and subsequent years.

In reality, the actual impact upon council tax may be lower than that implied by the indicators set out in Annex 3.1 because:

- The revenue costs flowing from capital schemes will not be financed entirely from council tax – they will be financed from a combination of general grants, non domestic rates and council tax income.
- No account has been taken of any savings that may accrue from invest to save / improve schemes.

Treasury Management

The Prudential Code focuses on capital finance and effective capital planning. The CIPFA Treasury Management Code focuses on effective treasury management and also requires a number of treasury management indicators which are complementary to the Prudential Code.

The Prudential Code requires the Council to confirm adherence to the principles of CIPFA Treasury Management Code. This confirmation is provided within the Treasury Management Strategy which commences on page 126.

Summary

The prudential indicators set out within Annex 3.1 aim to demonstrate that the capital expenditure plans presented elsewhere within the Budget Book are affordable, prudent and sustainable, and that the associated borrowing will be managed within a sound treasury management framework.

Treasury Management Strategy

Introduction

Treasury management is an important aspect of the overall financial management of the Council. The Prudential Indicators, as summarised in Annex 3.1 and explained in pages 122 to 125, considered the affordability and impact of the Council's capital expenditure proposals; this section considers funding of these decisions.

The Council's treasury activities are strictly regulated by the CIPFA Treasury Management Code and statutory requirements.

The Treasury Management Code requires the Council to have in place:

- A Policy Statement which states the Council's treasury management policies, objectives and approach to risk management.
- Treasury Management Practices (TMPs) which set out the manner in which the Council will seek to achieve those policies and objectives, and prescribing how these activities will be managed and controlled.

The Policy Statement and TMPs have been updated, to take account of recent changes to the CIPFA Treasury Management Code, and are attached in annexes 3.5 and 3.6.

In addition, the Treasury Management Code requires the Council to produce an annual **Treasury Management Strategy** that outlines the expected treasury activity for the forthcoming three years.

In addition to addressing the requirements of the Treasury Management Code, the annual treasury management strategy must address matters specifically required by guidance issued under Section 15 (1) (a) of the Local Government Act 2003 on investments (Investments Guidance). In particular, the strategy must define the Council's policies for managing its investments and for giving priority to the security and liquidity of those investments. The CLG is currently consulting on changes to the Investments Guidance. The CLG proposals have been incorporated into this Treasury Management strategy where these do not conflict with current guidance. If necessary, the Treasury Management Strategy will be revised during 2010-11 if any elements of the final CLG Investment Guidance are not adequately addressed here.

The Treasury Management Strategy for the forthcoming three years, which is set out in the subsequent paragraphs, includes:

- Borrowing and investment projections.
- The expected movements in interest rates.
- Borrowing and investment strategies.
- Treasury management performance indicators.
- Specific limits on treasury activities.

Borrowing and Investment Projections

The Council primarily undertakes borrowing in order to finance its capital programmes. Separately, the Council has cash backed resources which it has set aside for longer term purposes (such as funds set aside in reserves and balances) that are available to be invested.

The Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) provides a measure of how much the Council needs to borrow for capital financing purposes (see comments on page 123 and figures in Annex 3.1). In reality, the Council is able to maintain external borrowing at a level below its CFR by making use, temporarily, of some of the cash it has set aside for longer term purposes. This practice is referred to as 'internal borrowing', and means that there is no immediate link between the need to borrow to pay for capital spend and the level of external borrowing. The use of internal borrowing only defers the need for external borrowing though; as reserves and balances are used for their intended purpose, the Council will need to substitute internal for external borrowing. An important consideration for the forthcoming three years will be the extent to which the CFR is financed from external borrowing or from additional internal borrowing. The effect of financing the CFR from further internal borrowing will be to reduce the level of cash available for investment.

Greater reliance was placed upon internal borrowing during 2009-10 because:

- It was more beneficial to use cash balances to defer external borrowing rather than to hold them for investment.
- This reduced the amount of cash the Council had to invest, thereby reducing the risks associated with this activity.

This has widened the gap between the CFR and external borrowing though, making it probable that some catch-up external borrowing will be required over the forthcoming three years.

A forecast of the amount of external borrowing and investment balances for the forthcoming three years is provided in Annex 3.2. Revenue budget provision for interest payments and investments income has been determined on the basis of these estimates.

Interest Rates

Short term rates are expected to remain on hold for a considerable time. The recovery of the economy has commenced, but there is a danger that early reversal of monetary ease (rate cuts and Quantitative Easing (QE)) could trigger a dip back to negative growth.

The main drag upon the economy is expected to be weak consumers' expenditure growth. The combination of the desire to reduce the level of personal debt and job uncertainty is likely to weigh heavily upon spending. This will be amplified by the recent increase in VAT and prospective increase in National Insurance. Without a rebound in this key element of UK GDP growth, any recovery in the economy is set to be weak and protracted.

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) will continue to promote easy credit conditions via quantitative monetary measures. QE has been extended to a total of £200bn and there is still an outside chance that it could be expanded further. Whether this has much impact in the near term remains a moot point given the personal sector's reluctance to take on more debt and add to its already unhealthy balance sheet.

With inflation set to remain subdued in the next few years (though a sharp blip is forecast for the next few months), the pressure upon the MPC to increase rates will remain moderate. Some increase will be seen as necessary in 2010 to counter the effects of external cost pressures (as commodity price strength filters through) and to avoid damage that sterling could endure if the UK is seen to defy an international move to commence policy exit strategies.

The outlook for long-term fixed interest rates is a lot less favourable. While the UK's fiscal burden should ease in the future, this will be a lengthy process and deficits over the next two to three financial years will require a very heavy programme of gilt issuance. The market will no longer be able to rely upon QE to alleviate this enormous burden.

The QE programme might well end in February, especially if the economy has returned to a recovery path as seems very likely. With growth back on the agenda and inflation challenging the upper limit of the Government's target range, the majority of MPC members may feel enough assistance has been given to ensure lack of credit is no longer a fundamental threat to the welfare of the economy

The absence of the Bank of England as the largest buyer of gilts will shift the balance between supply and demand in the gilt-edged market. Other investors will almost certainly require some incentive to continue buying government paper.

This incentive will take the form of higher interest rates. The longer fixed interest rates will suffer from the lack of support from the major savings institutions – pension funds and insurance companies who will continue to favour other investment instruments as a source of value and performance. The shorter fixed interest rates will be pressured higher by the impact of rising money market rates. While bank purchases in this part of the market will continue to feature as these institutions meet regulatory obligations, this process will be insufficiently strong to resist the upward trend in yields.

An estimate of the movement in interest rates over the forthcoming three years is provided in Annex 3.2.

Sensitivity to Interest Rate Movements

A 1% movement in interest rates would have the following implications for the Council:

- Increase / decrease the cost of <u>new</u> long and short term borrowing (i.e. existing arrangements would be unaffected).
- Increase / decrease the level of income earned from short term investments.
- Increase / decrease the level of interest attributed to reserves and sums on deposit.

The costs of longer term debt of a callable nature may also change if interest movements coincide with scheduled 'option' dates; these being dates on which the lender has the opportunity to renegotiate over the interest rates of the borrowing.

Revenue budget provision for interest payable and receivable has been determined in accordance with the interest rate forecasts set out within Annex 3.2. An estimate of the impact of a 1% variance from these rates is provided in Annex 3.2.

Borrowing Strategy

Borrowing requirement

Estimates of the Council's net additional borrowing requirements are set out within Annex 3.2. These estimates take account of:

- The borrowing required to finance the capital programme (as set out within Annex 3.1).
- The need to replace previous 'internal borrowing' with external loans (see comments on page 127).
- The annual revenue provision for the repayment of debt.
- Maturing loans, which it is assumed will be refinanced, depending upon interest rates and the prevailing cash flow position.

The net additional borrowing requirement can be accommodated within both the authorised limit and operational boundary for external debt (as set out within Annex 3.1 and explained on page 124).

Borrowing in advance

The Council has some flexibility to borrow funds in advance of need if, for example, a sharp rise in interest rates is expected and borrowing early may help mitigate the impact of this rise upon the revenue budget. No provision has been made for advance borrowing within the Borrowing Requirement figures set out within Annex 3.2. However, borrowing may be undertaken in advance of need where there is a clear business case for doing so. A cautious approach will be taken to advance borrowing though, such that it will be limited to:

- The value of capital payments flowing from the current year's capital programme in future years that it is planned to finance from supported or unsupported borrowing.
- The value of supported borrowing announced via the Comprehensive Spending Review for the forthcoming period.
- The refinancing of existing loans that are due to mature within the first six months of the following financial year.

Long and short term borrowing

Long term borrowing, for capital financing purposes, will only be undertaken for periods in excess of 364 days. Short term borrowing will be undertaken to manage cash flow fluctuations and, if appropriate, to defer long term borrowing until interest rates are considered favourable.

Before any long term borrowing is undertaken, consideration will be given to the prevailing and forecast interest rates, the Council's underlying cash balances and other relevant factors.

Counterparties

The Government intends that the Public Works Loans Board (PWLB), which operates from within the UK Debt Management Office, will be able to meet every local authority's legitimate need for long term borrowing (i.e. up to the available capacity within their authorised borrowing limit). Applications for loans from the PWLB are considered without regard to an authority's ability to raise funds elsewhere. Thus, the Council will be able, if it so wishes, to satisfy the whole of its borrowing requirement from the PWLB over the forthcoming three years.

Loans are provided by the PWLB at rates of interest determined by the Treasury. Loans can be secured from the PWLB on either of the following bases:

- Fixed interest loans the rate of interest is fixed for the life of the loan; and
- Variable rate loans the rate of interest is varied at fixed intervals of one, three or six months.

Existing PWLB loans have all been secured at fixed interest rates, because this gives certainty regarding cost of the loan over its life. Variable rate loans will however also be considered over the forthcoming three years.

The rates of interest payable on PWLB loans are generally lower than those available on equivalent loans from the money markets. However, money market loans from UK financial institutions will continue to be considered alongside those offered by the PWLB, as will opportunities to borrow from other local authorities.

If short term borrowing is necessary, this will be secured via the money markets, from the Debt Management Office or from other local authorities.

Maturity structure of borrowing

In order to avoid having large amounts of debt maturing in any one year, upper and lower limits are proposed in Annex 3.2 for the maturity structure of borrowing.

Interest rate exposure

In order to manage and minimise the impact of movements in interest rates, limits are proposed within Annex 3.2 that will establish the ranges within which fixed and variable rate borrowing will be undertaken.

Performance indicators

The Treasury Management Code requires the establishment of performance indicators that can be used as a benchmark to assess treasury management performance over the year. It is proposed that new long term borrowing is assessed against the average PWLB rate for the year.

Investment Strategy

Key objectives

The primary objectives of investment activities are:

- Firstly, to safeguard the principal sums invested;
- Secondly, to ensure adequate liquidity; and
- Lastly, to consider investment returns or yield.

Risk benchmarking

The current investment climate has one over-riding risk consideration – that of counterparty security risk. As a result of these underlying concerns, it is intended to apply risk benchmarking for the forthcoming period. This includes the benchmarking of security, liquidity and yield.

It is intended to benchmark security risk by assessing the historic level of default against the minimum criteria used in drawing up the Council's lending list as follows:

Historic risk of default	Maximum
Whole portfolio	0.04%
Investments for up to one year	0.03%
Investments for up to two years	0.00%
Investments for up to three years	0.00%
Investments for up to four years	0.03%
Investments for up to five years	0.06%

These benchmarks are embodied in the criteria for selecting cash investment counterparties. Where a counterparty is not credit rated, a proxy rating will be applied.

Liquidity is defined as having adequate, but not excessive cash resources, borrowing arrangements and overdraft or standby facilities to ensure that funds are available, at all times, for the achievement of the Council's objectives. In this respect, the Council will seek to maintain a contingency of **£10m** of cash available with a week's notice. This will be in excess of amounts available at short notice for managing expected cash flows.

Yield will be measured against the 7 Day Local Authority Seven Day rate.

Short and long term investments

Surplus cash balances will usually be invested on a short term basis (up to a maximum period of 364 days) until the funds are next required. However, funds may be invested beyond 364 days, up to the maximum limits specified within Annex 3.2. Funds will only be invested for periods beyond 364 days if the cash is not required to defer further long term borrowing.

Investment counterparty selection criteria

Funds will primarily be invested according to the Secretary of State's definition of specified investments, these being sterling deposits made for periods of less than one year, offering high security and high liquidity. Specified investments may include deposits with the UK Government, other local authorities, money market funds and bodies of high credit quality.

Funds may be invested according to the Secretary of State's definition of non specified investments. Non specified investments are undertaken for longer periods, or with bodies that are not of high credit quality. Their <u>sole use</u> in this Strategy is for the purpose of investing funds for periods in excess of one year (i.e. up to the limit set out within Annex 3.2).

A lending list will be compiled to include counterparties satisfying the criteria set out within Annex 3.3. The lending limits that will be applied to counterparties satisfying these criteria are also set out within Annex 3.3.

Whilst the criteria set out within Annex 3.3 rely on the application of credit ratings, additional operational market information will be applied before making any specific investment decision from the pool of counterparties. This additional market information (e.g. Credit Default Swaps, negative rating watches/outlooks) will be applied to compare the relative security of differing investment counterparties.

The criteria for choosing counterparties set out within Annex 3.3 provide a sound approach to investment in normal market circumstances. Under exceptional market circumstances, the Chief Financial Officer may temporarily limit investment activity to those counterparties considered of higher credit quality than the minimum criteria set out within Annex 3.3.

Interest rate exposure

In order to manage and minimise the impact of movements in interest rates, limits are proposed within Annex 3.2 that will establish the ranges within which fixed and variable rate investments will be undertaken.

Treasury Management Advisors

The Council uses Butlers as its treasury management advisor. Butlers provide a range of services to the Council, including:

- Technical support on treasury matters and capital finance issues;
- Economic and interest rate analysis;
- Debt services, which includes advice on the timing of long term borrowing;
- Debt re-scheduling advice in relation to the Council's existing portfolio of loans;
- Generic investment advice on interest rates, timing and investment instruments;
- Credit ratings/market information comprising the three main credit rating agencies.

Whilst Butlers provide support to the Council in these areas, the final decision on all treasury matters rests with the Council.

The services received from Butlers are kept under regular review.

Other Matters

Essex Cares Ltd and Essex Probation Board

The Council will borrow the surplus funds of Essex Cares Ltd and those of the Essex Probation Board, or lend to them to cover temporary shortfalls of cash, as part of its agreement to provide treasury management support to these organisations. Any amounts borrowed from, or lent to, these organisations will be consolidated on a daily basis with the Council's cash balances, and the Council will invest or borrow on the basis of the net position. The Council will charge interest on amounts lent to these organisations, or pay interest on amounts borrowed, in accordance with the terms of formal agreements with these bodies.

Essex Pension Fund

Currently, the cash balances of the Council and Pension Fund are pooled together and the Council invests or borrows funds on the basis of the net position, paying interest to the Pension Fund at an appropriate rate. With effect from 2010-11, the Pension Fund will operate independently for treasury management purposes, in accordance with its own Treasury Management Strategy.

Revenue Provision for the Repayment of Debt Policy

Introduction

The Council has a statutory duty to make an annual provision, from the Revenue Budget, for the repayment of debt. Debt for this purpose is deemed to represent the total of borrowing undertaken for capital financing purposes and credit arrangements used to acquire fixed assets under deferred payment terms, such as via finance lease or PFI arrangements. Previously, the basis of the annual provision for the repayment of this debt was prescribed by government regulations. Now, the Council has a general duty to determine, for itself, a <u>prudent</u> level of revenue provision.

Prudent Provision

The broad aim of a prudent provision is to ensure that debt is repaid over a period that is reasonably commensurate with that over which the capital expenditure, or the asset acquired via a credit arrangement, provides benefit. For the element of capital expenditure met from borrowing supported by the government a prudent revenue provision should ensure that debt is repaid over a period commensurate with the period implicit in the determination of the government grant.

Four options are specified by the Government as methods of making a prudent provision, although other options are not ruled out. The four options are summarised as follows:

Option 1 – regulatory method

This represents a continuation of the methodology previously prescribed by the Capital Financing Regulations. This method can now only be used in respect of capital expenditure incurred before 1 April 2008 and in respect of subsequent expenditure financed from government supported borrowing.

Option 2 – CFR method

This is similar to, but slightly simpler than, the regulatory method and is determined at a rate of 4% of the Capital Financing Requirement at the end of the preceding financial year.

As with option 1, it can only be used in respect of capital expenditure incurred before 1 April 2008 and in respect of subsequent expenditure financed from government supported borrowing.

Option 3 – asset life method

This option provides a simple framework for spreading capital expenditure financed from borrowing, which falls outside of the scope of options 1 and 2, over the useful life estimated at the start of the relevant asset's life.

Revenue provision is chargeable in the first financial year <u>after</u> the relevant asset becomes operational. At that point, the estimated useful life of the asset is fixed and annual revenue provision is determined using an equal instalments or annuity method.

Option 4 – depreciation method

This option is available to be applied to any capital expenditure incurred by the Council. Unless option 3 is applied, option 4 must be applied in respect of all capital expenditure

incurred on or after 1 April 2008 that cannot be financed from government supported borrowing.

This option is applied to particular items of capital expenditure and places reliance on standard depreciation accounting procedures in setting revenue provision charges. Provision for the repayment of debt is charged by making debits to the Revenue Account for depreciation and impairments which would count as expenditure that scores against the General Fund balance (i.e. these charges would not be reversed out of the Revenue Account, as would normally be the case with depreciation). Depreciation and impairments would continue to score against the General Fund balance until the cumulative charge equals the amount of capital expenditure originally financed from borrowing.

In summary, each of these options can only be applied to determine a prudent provision for the repayment of debt in certain circumstances, as follows:

Borrowing		Opt	ions	
	1	2	3	4
Pre 1 April 2008	✓	✓	✓	✓
1 April 2008 and later:				
 Government supported 	✓	✓	✓	✓
 Unsupported 	×	×	✓	✓

In the case of finance leases, and on balance sheet PFI contracts, the MRP requirement is regarded as met by a charge equal to the element of rent or charge that goes to write down the balance sheet liability.

The statutory guidance does not require the amount of Revenue Provision for the forthcoming year to be specified and there is no requirement for the Council to confirm the actual amount of Revenue Provision once it has been determined.

Revenue Provision for Debt Repayment Policy 2010-11

In accordance with the requirement to make a prudent provision for the repayment of borrowing undertaken for capital financing purposes, the Council will ensure that debt is repaid over a period that is either reasonably commensurate with that over which the capital expenditure provides benefits, or, in the case of borrowing supported by the Government, reasonably commensurate with the period implicit in the determination of that support.

This will be achieved by:

- Applying the Regulatory Method (Option 1) to determine revenue provision in relation to borrowing undertaken prior to 1 April 2008, and in relation to government supported borrowing undertaken since this date.
 - This approach is consistent with the basis applied to determine the Council's revenue support grant entitlement in relation to government supported borrowing.
- Applying the Asset Life Method (Option 3) to determine Revenue Provision in relation to unsupported borrowing undertaken since 1 April 2008.

Revenue Provision will be determined on an equal instalments basis, as this will ensure that annual charges are predictable for all future financial years once expenditure has been nominated for treatment under this option.

Asset lives for Revenue Provision purposes will normally be consistent with the useful life determined for depreciation purposes at the time that an asset is brought into use, with the distinction that it is not then expected to be reviewed over the remaining life of the asset.

The Council will however keep under review its general responsibility to make a prudent provision and will apply a shorter useful life in any circumstances where use of the standard useful life would not be supportable as prudent.

In the case of finance leases, and on balance sheet PFI contracts, the requirement to make a prudent revenue provision will be met by a charge equal to the element of the rent or charge that goes to write down the balance sheet liability. Thus, the **Asset Life Method** (Option 3) will be applied in a modified form.

The revenue budget provision for Revenue Provision charges in 2010-11 has been compiled on a basis consistent with this policy.

Prudential Indicators

Summary of prudential indicators		2008-09	2009-10	10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
		Actual	Original Estimate	Updated Estimate	Estimate	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
Capital expenditure & financing									
Capital Expenditure	£m	184	303	292	384	255	315	352	237
Capital Financing	,	,		,		,	,		,
Supported borrowing Unsupported borrowing	######################################	61	50 64	63 60	55 87 87	63 42	56 72	55 51	56
Grants and contributions Capital receipts and earmarked reserves	₩, ₩,	68	174	158	238	150	187	246	166
Total capital financing	£m	184	303	292	384	255	315	352	237
Capital financing requirement Capital financing requirement (CFR)									
Opening CFR	£m	520	581	568	1,018	1,134	1,204	1,294	1,359
Add Additional borrowing Reclassification of PFI schemes as credit arrangements	£	69	114	123 350	144	105	128	106	71
		589	969	1,041	1,162	1,239	1,332	1,400	1,430
Less Revenue provision for debt repayment	£m	(21)	(24)	(23)	(28)	(35)	(38)	(41)	(42)
Capital Financing Requirement	£m	268	671	1,018	1,134	1,204	1,294	1,359	1,388
Net borrowing and the CFR									
Medium term forecast of CFR Forecast external debt (long term) and credit arrangements	₩ ₩	784 337	826	1,204	1,294 874	1,359 995	1,388	1,408	1,426
Неаdroom	£m	447	315	497	420	364	269	224	212

Prudential Indicators

Summary of prudential indicators		2008-09	2009-10	9	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15
		Actual	Original Estimate	Updated Estimate	Estimate	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
External debt									
Authorised limit									
Borrowing Other long term liabilities	###	540	670	630	670	750	840 350	900	930
Total authorised limit	£m	540	029	980	1,020	1,100	1,190	1,250	1,280
Operational boundary									
Borrowing Other long term liabilities	##	994	960	550 350	550	630	710 350	770 350	790
Total operational boundary	£m	460	260	900	006	086	1,060	1,120	1,140
Actual external debt	£m	348	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Financing & net revenue streams Ratio of financing costs to net revenue streams	%	3.4%	5.1%	4.5%	5.7%	7.2%	7.9%	8.5%	8.5%
Incremental impact on Council Tax									
Effect of capital schemes starting in: 2010/11	41		,	£0.02	£4.85	£19.48	£27.37	£36.64	£40.91
2011/12	· Ч ·			,	£0.02	£2.50	£11.60	£24.35	£31.49
2012/13 2012/14	44 44						£0.62	£2.23 £1.03	£2.35 £1.76
2014/15	ı 4ı	•	•	•	•		•) :	£0.17
Total	τĐ		•	£0.02	£4.87	£21.98	£39.59	£64.25	£76.68

Treasury Management Summary

Treasury Management Summary		2009-10 Latest Estimate	2010-11 Estimate	2011-12 Forecast	2012-13 Forecast
Estimated debt and investments					
Investments (average balance at each 31st March)	£m	60	100	140	170
External debt (operational boundary for borrowing)	£m	550	550	630	710
Expected movement in interest rates					
Bank Rate	%	0.5%	1.0%	2.0%	4.5%
Money rates	ov.	. 00/	01	. 0/	00/
3 month 1 year	% %	0.8% 1.4%	1.5% 2.3%	2.5% 3.3%	4.8% 5.3%
PWLB (borrowing) rates					
5 year	% %	3.2%	4.0%	4.3%	5.3%
20 year 50 year	% %	4.4% 4.6%	5.0% 5.2%	5.3% 5.3%	5.5% 5.3%
Source: Butlers [January 2010]					
Effect of 1% increase in interest rates					
Interest on borrowing	£ooo		1,499		
Interest on investments	£ooo		(943)		
Interest attributed to reserves & balances	£ooo		1,917		
Interest attributed to other bodies Net total	£ooo £ooo	-	122 2,595		
Note This shows the effect of a 1% deviation from the rates assumed in the Revenue Budget. The Revenue Budget has been compiled taking account of the interest rate forecasts referred to above.	f				
Borrowing requirement	£m	100	167	121	124
Interest rate exposures					
Upper limits for exposure to fixed rates					
Net exposure Debt	% %	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%
Investments	% %	100%	100%	100%	100%
Upper limits for exposure to variance rates					
Net exposure	%	70%	70%	70%	70%
Debt Investments	% %	30% 100%	30% 100%	30% 100%	30% 100%
Maturity structure of borrowing (upper limit)					
Under 12 months	%	20%	20%	20%	20%
12 months and within 24 months 24 months and within 5 years	% %	40% 60%	40% 60%	40% 60%	40% 60%
5 years and within 10 years	%	80%	80%	80%	80%
10 years and within 25 years	% %	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%	100% 100%
25 years and within 40 years 40 years and within 50 years	% %	100% 100%	100%	100% 100%	100%
50 years and above	%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Maturity structure of borrowing (lower limit) All maturity periods	%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total sums invested for more than 364 days Upper limit for sums invested for more than 364 days	£m	60	50	50	50
Actual sums invested for more than 364 days (maximum)	£m	60	N/A	N/A	N/A

Counterparty Criteria for Investments

Lending List

The Council will only invest its funds with UK banks and building societies, and non UK banks domiciled in a country with a minimum sovereign long term rating of **AA**, that have credit ratings equivalent to or better than the following:

Rating category	C	redit rating agenci	es
	Fitch	Standard and Poor	Moody's
Short term rating	F1	A-1	P-1
Long term rating	Α	Α	A2
Individual / financial strength rating	В	-	С
Support rating	3	-	-

The Council may also use eligible institutions for the HM Treasury Credit Guarantee Scheme initially announced on 13 October 2008, that satisfy the minimum short and long term ratings set out above.

In addition, the Council may invest its funds with:

- The UK Government.
- Other local authorities.
- Pooled investment vehicles (i.e. Money Market Funds) that have been awarded an AAA credit rating.
- Financial institutions nationalised by the UK Government whose credit ratings do not meet the above criteria.
- Bank subsidiaries and treasury operations where their parent bank has the necessary ratings outlined above. In addition, the subsidiary must itself have a short and long term rating meeting the above criteria or be guaranteed by the parent bank.

Finally, the Council may use banks and building societies whose ratings fall below the criteria specified above if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- Wholesale deposits in the bank are covered by a government guarantee;
- The government providing the guarantee is rated AAA by Fitch, Standard and Poor and Moody's.
- The Council's investments with the bank are limited to amounts and maturities within the terms of the stipulated guarantee.

Notes:

- The criteria outlined above will ensure that the Council's funds are only invested with high quality counterparties.
- Not all ratings categories are assessed by each of the ratings agencies.

- Counterparties will only be considered for inclusion on the Council's lending list if they have all of the following credit ratings:
 - Short term rating.
 - Long term rating.
 - Individual / financial strength rating.
 - Support rating.
- Where a counterparty is rated by more than one credit rating agency, the lowest ratings will be used to determine whether or not it is included on the counterparty list.
- Credit ratings are continually monitored, and counterparties will be removed from the Council's lending list in the event that they receive a downgrading to their credit rating status below the minimum criteria outlined above. Counterparties will also be suspended from the lending list in the event that they are placed on 'negative ratings watch'.
- Money Market Funds (MMFs) are short term investment instruments; they are pooled investments that are placed, by a manager, in a wide range of money market instruments. The size of the investment pool of a MMF enables the manager to not only offer the flexibility of overnight and call money, but also the stability and returns of longer dated deposits. Strict rules and criteria are set down by the official rating agencies, covering the types of investment counterparties used, the maturity distribution of the funds and investment concentrations. The MMFs that the Council would use will all be denominated in sterling and be regulated within the EU.
- In the event that the Council's own banker falls below the minimum credit rating criteria outlined above, the bank will be used for transactional purposes only, and not as an active outlet for investments.
- Organisations that are Eligible Institutions for the HM Treasury Credit Guarantee Scheme are authorised UK deposit-takers which have a substantial business in the UK or are UK building societies. The Government considers the role of institutions in the UK banking system, and to the overall economy, when considering applications to the Credit Guarantee Scheme. The Credit Guarantee Scheme provides Eligible Institutions with access to government help in raising capital and with the ability to issue securities with a government guarantee, thus enabling the organisations in question to meet their funding needs.

Lending Limits

For banks and building societies satisfying the 'lending list' criteria, lending limits will be determined with reference to the counterparties' short and long term credit ratings, as follows:

• Investment limit of £60m for investments of up to 5 years:

Rating category		Credit rating agencies	
	Fitch	Standard and Poor	Moody's
Short term rating	F1+	A-1+	P-1
Long term rating	AA	AA	Aa2

• Investment limit of £50m for investments of up to 4 years:

Rating category		Credit rating agencies	
	Fitch	Standard and Poor	Moody's
Short term rating	F1+	A-1	P-1
Long term rating	AA-	AA-	Aa3

• Investment limit of £35m for investments of up to 1 year:

Rating category		Credit rating agencies	;
	Fitch	Standard and Poor	Moody's
Short term rating	F1	A-1	P-1
Long term rating	Α	Α	A2

The lending limits for organisations that are Eligible Institutions for the HM Treasury Credit Guarantee Scheme will also be determined with reference to the counterparties' short and long term credit ratings, as outlined above. However, investments with these counterparties will be restricted to periods of up to 1 year.

Lending limits for other counterparties will be as follows:

- No restrictions will be placed on the amounts that can be invested with the UK Government (i.e. Debt Management Office).
- An investment limit of £50m will be applied for investments of up to one year with individual Money Market Funds.
- An investment limit of £25m will be applied for investments of up to one year with individual top tier local authorities.
- An investment limit of £15m will be applied for investments of up to one year with individual lower tier local authorities.
- In addition to the limits outlined above, a further restriction will be applied in respect of investments with non UK financial institutions; that is, a country limit of £35m will be applied and investments outside of the UK will only be made for periods of up to one year. Thus, the individual limits for non UK financial institutions will be the lower of the country limit or the limit that results from applying the credit rating criteria outlined above. In addition, the country limit will restrict the total amount that can be invested within any one country outside of the UK at any one time.

Notes:

- The above lending limits represent the <u>maximum</u> amounts that can be placed with counterparties; the Chief Financial Officer may apply lower limits for management purposes, to ensure that funds are managed prudently according to prevailing circumstances.
- The short, long term, individual and support ratings will be used to determine the pool of counterparties with whom the Council can transact. The short and long term ratings will then be used further, to determine the maximum amount that can be invested with each of these counterparties, and for what period.
- Top tier local authorities will include county councils, unitary and metropolitan authorities and London boroughs.
- Lower tier local authorities will include district / borough councils, police and fire authorities, and passenger transport authorities

Credit Ratings

Credit Ratings

There are three main agencies assigning credit ratings to financial institutions, namely Fitch, Standard and Poor and Moody's. When these agencies assign ratings, they take account of any country specific circumstances. Ratings are therefore applicable worldwide; hence the risk of investing with two different counterparties that have similar ratings is the same, irrespective of their country of origin.

Fitch Credit Ratings

Description	Rating	Definition		
Short term rating	F1	Indicates the strongest capacity for timely repayment of financial commitments. The addition of + denotes any exceptionally strong credit feature.		
Long term ratings	AAA	Indicates lowest expectation of credit risk. This rating is assigned only in the case of exceptionally strong capacity for timely repayment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.		
	AA	Indicates a very low expectation of credit risk, with a very strong capacity for timely repayment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events. The addition of + or - indicate the bank's position within the category. i.e. the order of ranking is AA +, AA, AA		
	A	Indicates a low expectation of credit risk, with a strong capacity for timely repayment of financial commitments. This capacity may be more vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings. The addition of + or - indicate the bank's position within the category.		
Individual ratings	A	A very strong bank. Characteristics may include outstanding profitability and balance sheet integrity, franchise management, operating environment or prospects.		
	В	A strong bank. There are no major concerns regarding the bank. Characteristics may include strong profitability and balance sheet integrity, franchise management, operating environment or prospects.		

Description	Rating	Definition
Support ratings	1	Denotes a bank for which there is extremely high probability of external support. The potential provider of support is very highly rated in its own right and has a very high propensity to support the bank in question.
	2	Denotes a bank for which there is a high probability of external support. The potential provider of support is highly rated in its own right and has a high propensity to support the bank in question.
	3	Denotes a bank for which there is a moderate probability of external support because of uncertainties about the ability or propensity of the potential provider of support to do so.
Money Market Funds rating	AAA	Indicates lowest expectation of credit risk. This rating is assigned only in the case of exceptionally strong capacity for timely repayment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

Standard and Poor's

Description	Rating	Definition
Short term rating	A-1	Indicates a strong capacity to meet its financial commitments. It is rated in the highest category by Standard and Poor's. The addition of + denotes an extremely strong capacity to meet its financial commitments.
Long term ratings	AAA	Indicates an extremely strong capacity to meet its financial commitments.
	AA	Indicates a very strong capacity to meet its financial commitments. The addition of + or - indicate the bank's position within the category. i.e. the order of ranking is AA+, AA, AA
	A	Indicates a strong capacity to meet its financial commitments, but is susceptible to the adverse effects of changes in circumstances and economic conditions. The addition of + or - indicates the bank's position within the category.
Money Market Funds rating	AAA	The fund's portfolio holdings provide extremely strong protection against losses from credit defaults.

Moody's

Description	Rating	Definition	
Short term rating	P-1	Banks rated P-1 for deposits offer superior credit quality and a very strong capacity for timely payment of short term deposits.	
Long term ratings	Aaa	Indicates exceptional credit quality and have the smallest degree of risk. Whilst credit qualities may change, such changes as can be visualised are most unlikely to materially impair the bank's strong position.	
	Aa	Indicates excellent credit quality, but a greater susceptibility to long term risks than those banks rated Aaa. The addition of numerical modifiers 1, 2 or 3 indicates the bank's position within the category. (i.e the addition of 1 indicates the bank is in the highest end of its letter rating category, 2 indicates a mid range ranking and 3 indicates the bank is in the lower end of the ranking).	
	Α	Indicates good credit quality. However elements may be present that suggest a susceptibility to impairment over the long term. The addition of numerical modifiers 1, 2 or 3 indicates the bank's position within the category.	
Financial strength ratings	Α	Possesses superior intrinsic financial strength. Typically, they will be institutions with highly valuable and defensible business franchises, strong financial fundamentals and a very predictable and stable operating environment.	
	В	Possesses strong intrinsic financial strength. Typically, they will be institutions with valuable and defensible business franchises, good financial fundamentals and a predictable and stable operating environment.	
	С	Possesses adequate intrinsic financial strength. Typically, they will be institutions with more limited but still valuable business franchises. These banks will display either acceptable financial fundamentals within a predicable and stable operating environment or good financial fundamentals within a less predictable and stable operating environment.	
Money Market Funds rating	Aaa	Money Market Funds and Bond Funds rated Aaa are judged to be of an investment quality similar to Aaa-rated fixed income obligations — that is, they are judged to be of the best quality.	

Treasury Management Policy Statement

1. Purpose

The purpose of the Treasury Management Policy Statement is to define the policies and objectives of the Council's treasury management activities.

2. Definition of treasury management activities

Treasury management activities are defined as the:

- Management of the Council's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions;
- Effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and
- Pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

3. Policies and objectives

The Council regards the successful identification, monitoring and control of risks to be the prime criteria by which the effectiveness of its treasury management activities will be measured. Accordingly, the analysis and reporting of treasury management activities will focus on their risk implications for the Council.

The Council acknowledges that effective treasury management will provide support towards the achievement of its business and service objectives. It is therefore committed to the principles of achieving value for money in treasury management and to employing suitable comprehensive performance management techniques, within the context of effective risk management.

Treasury Management Practices (TMPs)

Policy	Details			
TMP 1	Risk management			
	Arrangements are in place for the identification, management and control of treasury management risk. Specifically:			
	1. Credit and counter party risk management			
	The risk of failure by a counterparty to meet its contractual obligations to the Council under an investment, borrowing or other financing arrangement will be managed by:			
	 Giving priority to the security of sums invested. 			
	 Determining counterparty lists and limits that reflect a prudent attitude towards organisations with whom funds may be deposited. 			
	 Limiting investment activities to the instruments, methods and techniques referred to in TMP 4: Approved instruments, methods and techniques. 			
	 Maintaining a formal counterparty policy in respect of those organisations from which funds may be borrowed, or with whom other financing arrangements may be obtained. 			
	2. Liquidity risk management			
	The risk that cash will not be available when it is needed, or that ineffective management of liquidity creates additional costs, will be mitigated by ensuring that:			
	 Adequate, though not excessive cash resources, borrowing arrangements, overdraft or standby facilities are maintained to ensure sufficient funds are available for the achievement of the Council's objectives. 			
	 Borrowing will only be undertaken in advance of need where there is a clear business case for doing so, and only for the current capital programme or to finance future debt maturities. 			
	3. Interest rate risk management			
	The risk that fluctuations in the levels of interest rates creates an unexpected or unbudgeted burden for the Council will be minimised by:			
	 Ensuring that exposure to interest rate movements is managed, as far as it is possible to do so, in accordance with the Revenue Budget and TMP 6: Reporting requirements and management information arrangements. The prudent use of approved financing and investment instruments, methods and techniques, primarily to create stability and certainty of costs and revenues, whilst maintaining sufficient flexibility to take 			
	advantage of changes in interest rates.			

Policy	Details
TMP 1	Risk management (continued)
	4. Exchange rate risk management
	Exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates will be minimised, to avoid any detrimental impact upon budgeted income/expenditure.
	5. Refinancing risk management
	The risk that maturing borrowing, and other financing arrangements, cannot be refinanced on terms consistent with provisions made for those refinancings will be alleviated by ensuring that:
	 Borrowing, private financing and partnership arrangements are secured at as competitive and favourable terms as can reasonably be achieved in the light of market conditions prevailing at the time.
	 Over reliance is not placed upon any one source of funding if this would jeopardise the achievement of competitive and favourable terms.
	6. Legal and regulatory risk management
	Treasury management activities will be undertaken in compliance with statutory powers and regulatory requirements to mitigate the likelihood of losses.
	7. Fraud, error and corruption, and contingency management
	Exposure to the risk of losses as a result of fraud, error, corruption or other eventualities in the Council's treasury management dealings, will be alleviated by:
	 Keeping under review the circumstances which may expose the Council to such losses; and
	 Having suitable systems, procedures and contingency arrangements in place to mitigate these risks.
	8. Market risk management
	Treasury management policies and objectives are compiled to mitigate the risk of loss as a consequence of adverse market fluctuations in the value of principal sums invested.
TMP 2	Performance measurement
	The Council is committed to the pursuit of value for money in its treasury management activities and to the use of performance methodology in support of that aim within the framework set out within the Treasury Management Policy Statement.
	 The performance of the treasury management function will be measured in accordance with the benchmarks set within the annual Treasury Management Strategy.

Policy	Details	
TMP 3	Decision making and analysis	
	 Records will be maintained of all treasury management decisions, and of the processes and practices applied in reaching those decisions, in order to demonstrate that reasonable steps were taken to consider all relevant issues. 	
TMP 4	Approved instruments, methods and techniques	
	 Treasury management activities will be undertaken by employing only those instruments, methods and techniques detailed in the annual Treasury Management Strategy. 	
TMP 5	Organisation, clarity and segregation of responsibilities, and dealing arrangements	
	 Treasury management activities will be structured and managed in a fully integrated manner, and in a way that ensures there is, at all times, clarity regarding treasury management responsibilities. 	
	A clear distinction will be made between those setting treasury management policies and those implementing and controlling these policies, particularly with regard to the execution and transmission of funds, the recording and administering of treasury management decisions, and the audit and review of the treasury management function.	
	 Delegations in respect of treasury management are set out within the Council's Financial Regulations and Scheme of Delegation for Financial Management. In accordance with these delegations, the Chief Financial Officer will ensure that: 	
	 Clear written statements of the responsibilities of each post engaged in treasury management are in place; 	
	- Arrangements are in place for absence cover;	
	 Those engaged in treasury management follow agreed policies and procedures; 	
	 Proper documentation is available for recording all deals and transactions; 	
	- Procedures exist for the effective transmission of funds.	
	The Chief Financial Officer will fulfil all such responsibilities in accordance with the Treasury Management Policy Statement, these TMP's and CIPFA's Standard of Professional Practice on Treasury Management.	

Policy	Details			
TMP 6	Reporting requirements and management information arrangements			
	 Regular reports will be made on: Implementation of the Council's treasury management policies; Effects of decisions taken and transactions executed in pursuit of these policies; Implications of changes, particularly budgetary, resulting from regulatory, economic, market or other factors affecting treasury management activities; and Performance of the treasury management function. These reporting requirements will be addressed by the provision of: An annual report to full Council on the strategy and plan to be pursued in the coming year. Quarterly financial overview reports, including an outturn report, to Cabinet, which will include performance of the treasury management function, the effects of the decisions taken and the transactions executed, and on any circumstances of non-compliance with the Council's treasury management policy statement, TMPs and Annual Treasury Management Strategy. The Executive Scrutiny Committee will have responsibility for the scrutiny of treasury management policies and practices. 			
TMP 7	Budgeting, accounting and audit arrangements			
	 The annual revenue budget will include provision for: Running of the treasury management function (to be included as part of the cost of the Finance Recharged Strategic Support Service); and Interest payable on borrowing, investments income and interest attributed to reserves and balances (to be included as part of the 'Operating Costs' budget). The Chief Financial Officer will ensure that effective controls are in place to monitor these budgets, and will report upon any changes required in accordance with TMP 6: Reporting requirements and management information arrangements. Treasury management activities will be accounted for in accordance with appropriate accounting practices and standards, and with statutory and regulatory requirements. 			

Policy	Details
TMP 8	Cash and cash flow management
	 Unless statutory or regulatory requirements demand otherwise, all monies in the hands of the Council will be under the control of the Chief Financial Officer, and will be aggregated for cash flow and investment management purposes.
	 Cash flow projections will be prepared and updated on a regular and timely basis to ensure compliance with TMP 1.2 Liquidity risk management.
TMP 9	Money laundering
	 Procedures are in place for verifying and recording the identity of counterparties.
	 In accordance with the Council's Anti-money laundering policy, any suspected attempts to use the Council to launder money will be reported to the Council's Money Laundering Responsible Officer.
TMP 10	Training and qualifications
	 All staff involved in the treasury management function are equipped to undertake the duties that are allocated to them. They receive regular training to ensure they maintain an appropriate level of expertise, knowledge and skills.
	 The Chief Financial Officer will ensure that those Members with treasury management responsibilities, including those responsible for scrutiny, have access to training relevant to their needs and those responsibilities.
	 Those charged with governance recognise their individual responsibilities to ensure they have the necessary skills to complete their role effectively.
TMP 11	Use of external service providers
	 The responsibility for treasury management decisions remains with the Council at all times.
	 The potential value of employing external providers of treasury management services, in order to acquire access to specialist skills and resources, is recognised.
	 When such service providers are employed, the terms of their appointment are properly agreed and documented, and are subject to regular review by the Chief Financial Officer.
	 Where feasible, and if appropriate, a spread of service providers will be used, to avoid over reliance on one or a small number of companies.

Policy	Details
TMP 12	Corporate Governance
	 The treasury management function will be undertaken with openness and transparency, honesty, integrity and accountability. The key principles of the CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice and Cross-sectoral Guidance Notes have been adopted and
	implemented. This adoption is considered vital to the achievement of proper corporate governance in treasury management.
	 The Chief Financial Officer will monitor, and where necessary, report upon the effectiveness of these arrangements



Resourcing Essex *Works*Budget & Corporate Plan 2010-11

Delivering the best quality of life in Britain

Part 4:
Section 151 Officer's Report:
Review of the Budget and the
Adequacy of Reserves



Review of the Budget and the Adequacy of Reserves

Introduction

The Council is statutorily required, in accordance with Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003 to, when deciding the budget and council tax precept, receive and have regard to a report from its Section 151 Officer on the robustness of the estimates made in the budget setting and the adequacy of the Council's reserves.

The items set out below represent my assessment of these matters based on:

- information from services about financial risks; and
- the knowledge and experience of myself and the finance department.

Summary and Recommendation

Summary view of the Chief Financial Officer: In the light of the information made available during the budget process, and taking account of the considerations set out in this report, it is my view that there is sufficient robustness within the Council's estimates and that the level of reserves are adequate. However, in light of the challenging financial position experienced in 2009-10, the significant level of change the authority is embarking on and the level of risk incorporated in the budget it is imperative that robust financial management is demonstrated by all staff in the authority during 2010-11 and projects and programmes of change are monitored closely to ensure expected benefits are delivered.

It is recommended that the Council have regard to this report in considering the budget.

Background to the Budget

In arriving at the budget for 2010-11 (both revenue and capital), account has been taken of the following factors:

- Policy and service priorities.
- Increases in demand for services and other growth pressures.
- The impact of current and the proposed capital programme on the revenue financing budgets.
- Impact of expected pay and price increases.
- Transformation and efficiency programmes underway.
- Adjustments to reflect changing responsibilities, funding transfers and other technical adjustments.
- Any potential impacts of the current economic climate.
- Emerging issues from the projected 2009-10 outturn as reported in the Third Quarter Financial Review to Cabinet on 26 January 2010.

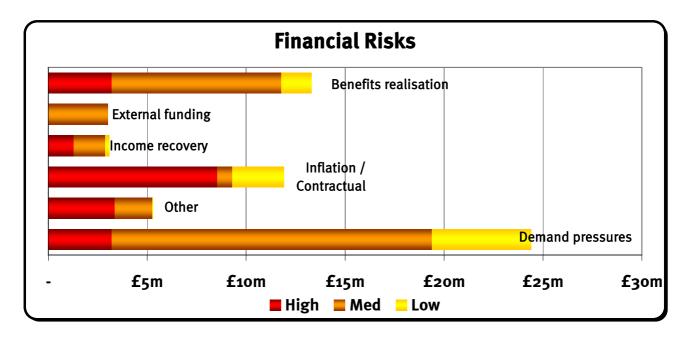
In keeping with the developing risk management agenda within the Council, all services were asked to complete specific risks assessments in their service plans, and this work, along with the service and corporate risk registers has been taken into account when compiling this report.

Assessment of Risks

Although best estimates have been taken into account when compiling the budget, the nature of the services provided by the Council means that there will always be a level of financial risk which needs to be monitored and managed.

In 2010-11, these risks have been assessed as having a value of £61 million (7% of the net revenue budget). Of these:

- £20 million have been assessed as having a high probability of materialising;
- £32 million as having a medium probability; and
- £9 million as having a low probability.



Demand Pressures

£25 million (41%) relates to the risk of demand pressures from service users resulting in costs exceeding budget provision (particularly relating to adult social care, support for vulnerable young people and waste disposal).

The Council is responsible for the care of some 24,000 adult service users, including some whose needs are severe and complex. Pressures can arise both from increases in the numbers of service users beyond expectations and changes in the average cost of packages of care due to changes in the mix of severity of cases and of care solutions. The average cost of an older person receiving home care is £6,000 per year, a residential care package could cost up to £23,000 per year, and someone with complex learning disabilities could require care costing on average £67,000 per year (although more complex cases can cost more than double this amount).

The numbers and type of care package for 'looked after children' significantly impact on the total costs of providing Children's Services. The cost of a residential care package can be around £180,000 per year whilst the average cost of supporting a child or young person in a fostering placement is £26,000 per year.

Waste costs will vary according to the level of waste which needs to be disposed. A 1% increase in waste volume could cost an additional £200,000 to £250,000.

Benefits Realisation

£13 million (21%) of the risk profile relates to the delivery of savings and efficiency programmes.

The Council is delivering an ambitious transformation programme to ensure we deliver the best quality of life to our residents in addition to delivering savings and efficiencies programmes totalling £88 million in 2010-11.

Strong project management, benefits tracking and robust financial management will be key to ensuring these risks do not materialise, combined with appropriate governance structures which support decision making.

Inflation and Contract Prices

£12 million (20%) relates to the risk of inflation or other negotiated contract prices exceeding budgeted levels.

Having regard to the current economic conditions, our estimates of the impact of inflation over the coming year, and the expectation that we will work with our supply chain to minimise contract price increases, we have budgeted for an inflationary pay increase of 0.2% and for general inflationary increases of 0.3%. There are specific areas where costs will increase by more than these figures as a result of increases in taxation or where specific contractual indexation terms apply, and these have been taken into account in the compilation of the budget.

The Council has experienced significant financial pressures in 2009-10 relating to the Schools, Children and Families service, and these have been reported regularly to Cabinet throughout the year. Additional resources have been built into the 2010-11 budget to reflect this situation, and a further £4.4 million is held in the Children's Reserve to further support the improvement plan should this be necessary.

Other Quantified Risks

The following risks have also been quantified:

- £3 million (5%) relates to the risk of anticipated funding from external bodies not materialising.
- £3 million (5%) relates to a failure to recover income.
- £5 million (8%) relates to other risks.

Unquantified Risks

The following risks have not been explicitly quantified in the analysis above but should they materialise could have a significant impact on the Council's finances:

- The Council manages the financial aspect of insurance claims through a combination of bought-in insurance cover and self insurance. The level of the insurance provision and reserve is reviewed on a regular basis to ensure appropriate levels are held. The largest single outstanding claim has been valued at just under £1 million, and the current estimated value of all paid and outstanding claims the last financial year amounts to just under £8 million.
- An unexpected significant business continuity event such as the impact of flu pandemic: the impact of such an event could be severe and require additional financial expense to ensure services are delivered at a particularly critical time.
- A systems connectivity failure which has an impact on multiple services: the cost of such an
 event would depend on the extent to which services were affected (particularly statutory
 services).
- Procurement activity relating to some of our major services, in particular, Building Schools for the Future, and the Waste Strategy.
- Interest rate fluctuations: The Treasury Management Strategy, included in Part3 of this report, outlines the risk relating to interest rate fluctuations and this is quantified in the Treasury Management Summary on page 138.

Steps to Minimise and Manage Risk

In building the budget, the authority has considered the risks inherent within it and has mitigated these as follows:

- The consideration of specific service contractual obligations which may not conform to general inflation levels.
- The on-going impact of the Schools, Children and Families improvement programme, and the additional impact of the 'Baby P' case.
- The reflection of lower interest rates on the investment returns budgets.
- The absence of the use of capital receipts to finance the capital programme to reflect the fall of activity in this area.
- The Council's insurance arrangements the overall budget and insurance provision allow for estimated excesses on claims and costs that fall to the council.
- The level of the Council's emergency contingency, which is set at £8 million.

In addition, the authority has a number of processes embedded within its day to day working to minimise, and manage its risks, including:

- Promoting a robust approach to financial planning with services, looking at both the near and longer term.
- Use of performance reporting and balanced scorecards to act as an early warning system.
- Regular reporting to Members of the projected outturn, including outlining remedial action where appropriate – the quarterly reports to Cabinet are also considered by the Executive Scrutiny Committee.
- An established system of financial management, culminating in the presentation of monthly reports to the Corporate Leadership Team.
- The operation of a risk management approach as set out in our Risk Management Policy and Strategy: *Prudence, Strength and Performance*.
- The presence of the Council's internal control framework, including the Financial Regulations and Schemes of Delegation for Financial Management which provides the framework for delegated budget management.
- The operation of the internal audit function and its role in assessing controls and processes to highlight critical or major weaknesses and also advise on best practice.
- An annual review of the status of the control environment leading to the published Annual Governance Statement within the Statement of Accounts.
- The operation of the Outcomes and Delivery Boards to provide a challenge and quality assurance process to business developments to ensure they are soundly based.

However, it has to be recognised that these steps will not serve to eliminate risk entirely, especially for those that come from external sources, such as the demand pressure for social care support, and price fluctuations beyond those already included in the budget. There are further measures that can be taken to diminish the overall financial effect of these risks:

- Slowing down or stopping spending or increasing income elsewhere in the organisation. The greater the extent that this is possible, the lower the overall impact of risks.
- The extent to which it is possible to move funds around the organisation, and so utilise savings in one area against pressure in another.

The authority has demonstrated its ability and willingness to take the above steps in the past when it has been necessary.

A further source of funding is, of course, the Council's reserves and balances.

The Adequacy of Reserves and Balances

Projected Level of Reserves and Balances

Annex 1.4 of the Part 1 of the Budget and Corporate Plan sets out the projected level of reserves and balances.

Reserves and balances are of the following types:

- The General Balance, which is forecast to be £33.025 million at 1 April 2010.
- Reserves for future capital financing.
- Equalisation reserves, set aside for a specific purpose to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in revenue costs of PFI schemes and rising costs of waste disposal.
- Other earmarked reserves set aside for specific purposes.

In addition, Schools have their own reserves, which in an emergency, may be 'borrowed' by the Council, although this must be repaid with interest.

With the exception of the General Balance, reserves are set up and maintained for specific purposes. If they are used to meet unexpected pressures of the nature outlined above, due consideration should be given on the impact of their usage in this alternative way, rather than the original purpose.

Repayment of Reserves

During 2009-10 the Council withdrew funds from the Waste Reserve to finance some early transformation work, on the understanding that this would be replenished from future savings.

The Council will withdraw further funds from reserves in the course of setting the budget for 2010-11 and may make further withdrawals to pump-prime saving and efficiencies to be delivered by transformation projects. It is important that any additional financial savings delivered by transformation projects completed during the financial year and utilised in the following order:

- 1. To replenish any balances 'borrowed' from equalisation or other earmarked reserves.
- 2. To ensure the General Balance is maintained at a prudent level.
- 3. For any other purpose, including pump-priming further transformation projects or service improvements.

Rules of Engagement

To support our drive to reduce costs across the organisation we have put together some 'Rules of Engagement' to provide clear guidelines on financial management at the Council.

Directorate leadership teams have been asked to cascade the rules across their services and put them into action immediately. The 'Rules of Engagement' will be communicated to employees.

Budget Holder Accountability is Enhanced

If expenditure is required, and there is insufficient budget, the budget holder must escalate prior to any ordering, and appropriate budget vired to support the expenditure. Any budget holder being found to commit expenditure without available budget provision will be subject to disciplinary procedures (as per Financial Regulations).

Budget Recovery Plans

Should any budget holder find that they have an uncontrollable budget overspend (e.g. due to exceptional demand), they will produce, within 10 working days, a budget recovery plan in conjunction with their Head of Finance and signed off by their Directorate Leadership Team lead and Executive Director. The budget recovery plan must set out all options for containment of the budget within cash limit, moving through the hierarchy of the portfolio.

New and Additional Investment

No plans, new ideas or policies requiring new or additional investment can be put before Members without:

- specific comment on funding source and impact in the current and future years; and
- being signed off by the Corporate Leadership Team (CLT) lead, who has either found the required funding from own budgets, or gained Section 151 comment.

Please note that no service should be seeking approval to a policy without awareness of its financial impact.

Appointment of Staff (Including Agency and Interim Appointments)

Establishment Control processes are being introduced across the authority. CLT must approve all non-essential appointments (it will be up to each CLT member to determine what constitutes essential / non-essential for their area).

Costing of Projects / Initiatives

All projects are to be costed on a total cost basis, incorporating appropriate overheads, the costs of borrowing etc. Where these projects are funded from grants, these indirect costs should be allocated to these funding streams.

Booking venues for events

No external facilities can be booked for meetings/workshops etc – the use of Essex County Council premises must be maximised to reduce cash outflows. Any exceptions to this can only be approved by CLT members, and it is expected that this will only be given where suitable internal Essex County Council facilities are not available.

Attendance at External Conferences

There must be greater co-ordination of attendance at external Conferences to minimise cost to the council. It is expected that attendance at any one conference will be limited to a maximum of two Essex County Council officers. Messages/learning gained through conference attendance should be shared wider to maximise benefit.

Legal Support

All legal support must be commissioned through Legal Services — no other services can approach external lawyers or Counsel. Legal Services will source the required provision appropriately, agree charges with services and recharge them for the cost.

Finance Support

All finance support must be commissioned through Finance (via Head of Finance or the Chief Financial Officer) – no other services can approach external consultancy or advice directly. The Head of Finance will work with the service manager to support the acquisition of the required provision appropriately.

Corporate Contracts

There must be compliance to corporate contracts — any breach of this will result in disciplinary action (per Financial Regulations)

Car Sharing and Conference Calls

Use of car sharing / conference calls must be maximised to reduce costs.

Training Courses

All services are required to review of how training courses are procured and compare packages to ensure best value.

Fees and Charges

All Directorates to participate in a review of all fees and charges with a Cabinet fees and charges policy report to be delivered in the first quarter of 2010, for implementation in 2010-11.

Conclusion

The Council has set out an ambitious vision within its budget report to deliver public services to the people of Essex against a backdrop of an increasing demand, rising public expectation and economic recession.

The delivery of this programme is not without financial risks, some of which have been specifically mentioned in this report.

The analysis set out in earlier paragraphs assumes that the following actions to manage financial risk, amongst others, continue:

- Continued regular reporting of budgets to managers, Corporate Leadership Team and Portfolio Holders each month.
- Quarterly reports to Cabinet and the Executive Scrutiny Committee.
- Clear monitoring of delivery of savings within service figures.
- Sign off and review of key projects through the Outcomes and Delivery Boards.
- Action plans for portfolios to deal with any projected overspends.
- The 'Rules of Engagement' are communicated to and owned by all budget holders.

The resources available to meet the financial risks facing the Council should they materialise are:

- the Emergency Contingency;
- the Earmarked Reserves: and
- the General Balance.

In the light of this, and the information made available during the budget process, and taking account of the considerations set out in this report, it is my view that there is sufficient robustness within the Council's estimates and that the level of reserves are adequate. However, in light of the challenging financial position experienced in 2009-10, the significant level of change the authority is embarking on and the level of risk incorporated in the budget it is imperative that robust financial management is demonstrated by all staff in the authority during 2010-11.

Chief Financial Officer 9 February 2010



Resourcing Essex *Works*Budget & Corporate Plan 2010-11

Delivering the best quality of life in Britain

Part 5: Feedback Form



Feedback Form

We would appreciate it if you could take the time to complete this questionnaire.

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Please return it us at Essex County Council, Corporate Finance, PO Box 11, County Hall, Chelmsford, Essex CM1 1LX



If you would rather complete this form online, you can access a copy at: www.essex.gov.uk/financefeedback

1.	Is the information provided useful?	Yes/No *			
2.	Is the document easy to read?	Yes/No *			
3.	Is the information provided easy to understand?	Yes/No *			
	If no, what would aid your understanding? e.g. increased use of charts/graphs, written explanations, more non financial information				
4.	4. Is there any additional information that you would like to see in the document?				
5.	Are there any other ways we could improve the document?	•			
6.	Are you responding as an Essex resident / an Essex business / other stake	eholder? *			
* F	* Please delete as applicable.				

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire



This book is issued by

Essex County Council's Corporate Finance; Performance, Planning & Improvement; and Policy Teams

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