# Better Care Fund 2021-22 Year-end Template

1. Guidance

The Better Care Fund (BCF) reporting requirements are set out in the BCF Planning Requirements document for 2021-22, which supports the aims of the BCF Policy Framework and the BCF programme; jointly led and developed by the national partners Department of Health (DHSC), Department for Levelling Up, Hosusing and Communities, NHS England (NHSE), Local Government Association (LGA), working with the Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS).

The key purposes of BCF reporting are:

1) To confirm the status of continued compliance against the requirements of the fund (BCF)

2) To confirm actual income and expenditure in BCF plans at the end of the financial year

3) To provide information from local areas on challenges, achievements and support needs in progressing the delivery of BCF plans

4) To enable the use of this information for national partners to inform future direction and for local areas to inform improvements

BCF quarterly reporting is likely to be used by local areas, alongside any other information to help inform HWBs on progress on integration and the BCF. It is also intended to inform BCF national partners as well as those responsible for delivering the BCF plans at a local level (including clinical commissioning groups, local authorities and service providers) for the purposes noted above.

BCF quarterly reports submitted by local areas are required to be signed off by HWBs as the accountable governance body for the BCF locally and these reports are therefore part of the official suite of HWB documents.

The BCF quarterly reports in aggregated form will be shared with local areas prior to publication in order to support the aforementioned purposes of BCF reporting. In relation to this, the BCF Team will make the aggregated BCF quarterly reporting information in entirety available to local areas in a closed forum on the Better Care Exchange (BCEx) prior to publication.

#### Note on entering information into this template

Throughout the template, cells which are open for input have a yellow background and those that are pre-populated have a grey background, as below:

Data needs inputting in the cell

Pre-populated cells

Note on viewing the sheets optimally

To more optimally view each of the sheets and in particular the drop down lists clearly on screen, please change the zoom level between 90% - 100%. Most drop downs are also available to view as lists within the relevant sheet or in the guidance tab for readability if required.

The details of each sheet within the template are outlined below.

## Checklist ( 2. Cover )

1. This section helps identify the sheets that have not been completed. All fields that appear as incomplete should be complete before sending to the BCF Team.

2. The checker column, which can be found on the individual sheets, updates automatically as questions are completed. It will appear 'Red' and contain the word 'No' if the information has not been completed. Once completed the checker column will change to 'Green' and contain the word 'Yes'

3. The 'sheet completed' cell will update when all 'checker' values for the sheet are green containing the word 'Yes'.

Once the checker column contains all cells marked 'Yes' the 'Incomplete Template' cell (below the title) will change to 'Template Complete'.
 Please ensure that all boxes on the checklist are green before submission.

#### 2. Cover

1. The cover sheet provides essential information on the area for which the template is being completed, contacts and sign off.

2. Question completion tracks the number of questions that have been completed; when all the questions in each section of the template have been completed the cell will turn green. Only when all cells are green should the template be sent to:

england.bettercaresupport@nhs.net

(please also copy in your respective Better Care Manager)

3. Please note that in line with fair processing of personal data we request email addresses for individuals completing the reporting template in order to communicate with and resolve any issues arising during the reporting cycle. We remove these addresses from the supplied templates when they are collated and delete them when they are no longer needed.

3. National Conditions

This section requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to confirm whether the four national conditions detailed in the Better Care Fund planning requirements for 2021-22 (link below) continue to be met through the delivery of your plan. Please confirm as at the time of completion. https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/better-care-fund-planning-requirements-2021-22/

This sheet sets out the four conditions and requires the Health & Wellbeing Board to confirm 'Yes' or 'No' that these continue to be met. Should 'No' be selected, please provide an explanation as to why the condition was not met within the quarter and how this is being addressed. Please note that where a National Condition is not being met, the HWB is expected to contact their Better Care Manager in the first instance.

In summary, the four national conditions are as below:

National condition 1: Plans to be jointly agreed

National condition 2: NHS contribution to adult social care is maintained in line with the uplift to CCG Minimum Contribution

National condition 3: Agreement to invest in NHS commissioned out-of-hospital services

National condition 4: Plan for improving outcomes for people being discharged from hospital

4. Metrics

Overview

The BCF plan includes the following metrics: Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions, Proportion of hospital stays that are 14 days or over, Proportion of hospital stays that are 14 days or over, Proportion of discharges to a person's usual place of residence, Residential Admissions and Reablement. Plans for these metrics were agreed as part of the BCF planning process.

This section captures a confidence assessment on achieving the plans for each of the BCF metrics.

A brief commentary is requested for each metric outlining the challenges faced in achieving the metric plans, any support needs and successes that have been achieved.

The BCF Team publish data from the Secondary Uses Service (SUS) dataset for Long length of stay (14 and 21 days) and Dischaege to usual place of residence at a local authority level to assist systems in understanding performance at local authority level.

The metris worksheet seeks a best estimate of confidence on progress against the achievement of BCF metric plans and the related narrative information and it is advised that:

- In making the confidence assessment on progress, please utilise the available published metric data (which should be typically available for 2 of the 3 months) in conjunction with the interim/proxy metric information for the third month (which is eventually the source of the published data once agreed and validated) to provide a directional estimate.

- In providing the narrative on Challenges and Support needs, and Achievements, most areas have a sufficiently good perspective on these themes by the end of the quarter and the unavailability of published metric data for one of the three months of the quarter is not expected to hinder the ability to provide this useful information. Please also reflect on the metric performance trend when compared to the quarter from the previous year - emphasising any improvement or deterioration observed or anticipated and any associated comments to explain.

Please note that the metrics themselves will be referenced (and reported as required) as per the standard national published datasets. 5. Income and Expenditure

The Better Care Fund 2021-22 pool constitutes mandatory funding sources and any voluntary additional pooling from LAs (Local Authorities) and CCGs. The mandatory funding sources are the DFG (Disabled Facilities Grant), the improved Better Care Fund (iBCF) grant, and the minimum CCG contribution. A large proportion of areas also planned to pool additional contributions from LA and CCGs.

## Income section:

- Please confirm the total HWB level actual BCF pooled income for 2021-22 by reporting any changes to the planned additional contributions by LAs and CCGs as was reported on the BCF planning template.

- The template will automatically pre populate the planned expenditure in 2021-22 from BCF plans, including additional contributions.

- If the amount of additional pooled funding placed intothe area's section 75 agreement is different to the amount in the plan, you should select 'Yes'. You will then be able to enter a revised figure. Please enter the **actual income** from additional CCG or LA contributions in 2021-22 in the yellow boxes provided, **NOT** the difference between the planned and actual income.

- Please provide any comments that may be useful for local context for the reported actual income in 20121-22.

## Expenditure section:

- Please select from the drop down box to indicate whether the actual expenditure in you BCF section 75 is different to the planned amount.

- If you select 'Yes', the boxes to record actual spend, and expanatory comments will unlock.

- You can then enter the total, HWB level, actual BCF expenditure for 2021-22 in the yellow box provided and also enter a short commentary on the reasons for the change.

- Please provide any comments that may be useful for local context for the reported actual expenditure in 2019/20.

### 6. Year End Feedback

This section provides an opportunity to provide feedback on delivering the BCF in 2021-22 through a set of survey questions

These questions are kept consistent from year to year to provide a time series.

The purpose of this survey is to provide an opportunity for local areas to consider the impact of BCF and to provide the BCF national partners a view on the impact across the country. There are a total of 9 questions. These are set out below.

## Part 1 - Delivery of the Better Care Fund

There are a total of 3 questions in this section. Each is set out as a statement, for which you are asked to select one of the following responses: - Strongly Agree

- Agree

- Neither Agree Nor Disagree

- Disagree
- Strongly Disagree

The questions are:

1. The overall delivery of the BCF has improved joint working between health and social care in our locality

2. Our BCF schemes were implemented as planned in 2021-22

3. The delivery of our BCF plan in 2021-22 had a positive impact on the integration of health and social care in our locality

### Part 2 - Successes and Challenges

This part of the survey utilises the SCIE (Social Care Institue for Excellence) Integration Logic Model published on this link below to capture two key challenges and successes against the 'Enablers for integration' expressed in the Logic Model.

Please highlight:

8. Two key successes observed toward driving the enablers for integration (expressed in SCIE's logic model) in 2021-22.

9. Two key challenges observed toward driving the enablers for integration (expressed in SCIE's logic model) in 2021-22?

For each success and challenge, please select the most relevant enabler from the SCIE logic model and provide a narrative describing the issues, and how you have made progress locally.

# SCIE - Integrated care Logic Model

1. Local contextual factors (e.g. financial health, funding arrangements, demographics, urban vs rurual factors)

2. Strong, system-wide governance and systems leadership

3. Integrated electronic records and sharing across the system with service users

4. Empowering users to have choice and control through an asset based approach, shared decision making and co-production

5. Integrated workforce: joint approach to training and upskilling of workforce

6. Good quality and sustainable provider market that can meet demand

7. Joined-up regulatory approach

8. Pooled or aligned resources

9. Joint commissioning of health and social care

# 7. ASC fee rates

This section collects data on average fees paid by the local authority for social care.

Specific guidance on individual questions can be found on the relevant tab.





Better Care Fund 2021-22 Year-end Template

2. Cover

Version 2.0

#### Please Note:

- The BCF end of year reports are categorised as 'Management Information' and data from them will published in an aggregated form on the NHSE website. Narrative sections of the reports will not be published. However as with all information collected and stored by public bodies, all BCF information including any narrative is subject to Freedom of Information requests.

- At a local level it is for the HWB to decide what information it needs to publish as part of wider local government reporting and transparency requirements. Until BCF information is published, recipients of BCF reporting information (including recipients who access any information placed on the BCE) are prohibited from making this information available on any public domain or providing this information for the purposes of journalism or research without prior consent from the HWB (where it concerns a single HWB) or the BCF national partners for the aggregated information.

- All information, including that provided on local authority fee rates, will be supplied to BCF partners to inform policy development.
 - This template is password protected to ensure data integrity and accurate aggregation of collected information. A resubmission may be required if this is breached.

Health and Wellbeing Board:	Essex						
Completed by:	Will Herbert						
E-mail:	will.herbert@essex.gov.u	k					
Contact number:	03330 136550						
Has this report been signed off by (or on behalf of) the HWB at the time of submission?	No, subject to sign-off						
If no, please indicate when the report is expected to be signed off:	Wed 20/07/2022	<< Please enter using the format, DD/MM/YYYY					
Please indicate who is signing off the report for submission on behalf of the HWB (delegated authority is also accepted):							
Job Title:	Cabinet Member for Adul	t Social Care and Health, Chair of the E					
Name:	Cllr John Spence (during t	he meeting above)					



Question Completion - when all questions have been answered and the validation boxes below have turned green you should send the template to <u>england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net</u> saving the file as 'Name HWB' for example 'County Durham HWB'

	Complete:
2. Cover	Yes
3. National Conditions	Yes
4. Metrics	Yes
5. Income and Expenditure actual	Yes
6. Year-End Feedback	Yes
7. ASC fee rates	Yes

< Link to the Guidance sheet

^^ Link back to top

Better Care Fund 2021-22 Year-end Te	mpiate	
3. National Conditions		-
lected Health and Wellbeing Board:	Essex	
onfirmation of Nation Conditions		
lational Condition	Confirmation	If the answer is "No" please provide an explanation as to why the condition was not met in 2021-22:
) A Plan has been agreed for the Health and Wellbeing oard area that includes all mandatory funding and this s included in a pooled fund governed under section 75 f the NHS Act 2006? This should include engagement with district councils n use of Disabled Facilities Grant in two tier areas)	Yes	
Planned contribution to social care from the CCG inimum contribution is agreed in line with the BCF slicy?	Yes	
I) Agreement to invest in NHS commissioned out of nospital services?	Yes	
) Plan for improving outcomes for people being ischarged from hospital	Yes	

# Better Care Fund 2021-22 Year-end Template 4. Metrics

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

National data may like be unavailable at the time of reporting. As such, please utilise data that may only be available system-wide and other local intelligence.

Essex

Challenges and<br/>Support NeedsPlease describe any challenges faced in meeting the planned target, and please highlight any support that may facilitate or ease the achievements of metric plansSupport NeedsPlease describe any achievements, impact observed or lessons learnt when considering improvements being pursued for the respective metrics

Metric	Definition		Fastinfarm.	Allen Mar		A	Challenges and any Support Needs	Achievements		Complete:
wetric	Definition	For information - Your planned performance as reported in 2021-22				Achievements				
				the reporting period						
Avoidable admissions	Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions (NHS Outcome Framework indicator 2.3i)			On track to meet target	per year by NHSD so we can only provide	The latest available data is for 2020/21. The Essex rate for this measure is 638.1, meeting the target of 825.6. Unplanned admission rates have fell almost everywhere in the region in 2020/21 due		Yes		
Length of Stay	Proportion of inpatients resident for: i) 14 days or more ii) 21 days or more	14 days or more (Q3) 10.0%	14 days or more (Q4) 10.0%	21 days or more (Q3) 5.0%				Essex was performing well on this metric for a large part of the year, with the proportion of patients staying for 14+ days generally being similar to or lower than the regional value. A rise from		Yes
Discharge to normal place of residence	Percentage of people who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal place of residence	93.4%			93.4%	On track to meet target		The current discharge rate is 93.1%, meeting the proposed target. Essex reached one of its highest discharge rates in April 2021 (93.8%) and has since declined.		Yes
Res Admissions*	Rate of permanent admissions to residential care per 100,000 population (65+)				450	Not on track to meet target		Overall there were 1,484 admissions in 2021-22, giving a rate per 100,000 population aged 65+ of 478.9. This is slightly over the target of 1,420 for the year. From a high starting position in		Yes
Reablement	Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services				90.1%	·	None - There is some impact of Covid coming through with changes to discharge processes and strategic intent to support people in their own homes (plus less use of care home beds during the early waves	-		Yes

Checklist

\* In the absense of 2021-22 population estimates (due to the devolution of North Northamptonshire and West Northamptonshire), the denominator for the Residential Admissions metric is based on 2020-21 estimates

Better Care Fund 202 5. Income and	21-22 Year-er Expenditure act					
Selected Health and Wellbein	g Board:	Essex				
Income						
			2021-22			1
Disabled Facilities Grant Improved Better Care Fund CCG Minimum Fund	£11,885,44 £45,016,94 £108,355,05	7				<u>.</u>
Minimum Sub Total	Pla	£165,257,448 anned		Actual	1	
CCG Additional Funding	£84,000		Do you wish to change yo additional actual CCG fun Do you wish to change yo	nding? <mark>yes</mark> our	£7,417,600	
LA Additional Funding Additional Sub Total	£	0 £84,000	additional actual LA fund	ing? <mark>No</mark>		£7,417,600
Total BCF Pooled Fund	Planned 21-2 £165,341,444					
Please provide any comments useful for local context where difference between planned a income for 2021-22	there is a		ution to iBCF from each CCG p nes i.e. reablement, bridging,			to help fund
Expenditure						
Plan	2021-2 £165,341,44					
Do you wish to change your a	ctual BCF expen	diture? Ye	es			
Actual	£164,866,83	5				
Please provide any comments useful for local context where difference between the plann expenditure for 2021-22	there is a	Lower actual spend	d due to revised Programme a	and Admin and local i	BCF schemes.	

#### Better Care Fund 2021-22 Year-end Template 6. Year-End Feedback

The purpose of this survey is to provide an opportunity for local areas to consider and give feedback on the impact of the BCF. Covid-19 had a significant impact on services and schemes delivered on the ground which may have changed the context. However, national BCF partners would value and appreciate local area feedback to understand views and reflections of the progress and challenges faced during 2021-22 There is a total of 5 questions. These are set out below.

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:	Essex	]	
Part 1: Delivery of the Better Care Fund			
Please use the below form to indicate to what extent you agree wit	h the following statements and then de	etail any further supporting information in the corresponding comment boxes.	
Statement:	Response:	Comments: Please detail any further supporting information for each response	Checklist Complete:
<ol> <li>The overall delivery of the BCF has improved joint working between health and social care in our locality</li> </ol>	Agree	The BCF continues to help drive forward integration in Essex, both the local networks and groups that oversee the day-to-day activity on the BCF and the local alliances and countywide forums they feed into have seen the benefits from the connections and ways of working the BCF has established.	Yes
2. Our BCF schemes were implemented as planned in 2021-22	Agree	The pandemic continued to cause challenges for the system, with pressure from both additional capacity required to support those suffering from COVID and staff absences impact on NHS, Local Government, and providers. Despite this we have continued to progress with the planned BCF actions.	Yes
3. The delivery of our BCF plan in 2021-22 had a positive impact on the integration of health and social care in our locality	Agree	The focus on place and neighbourhoods in our BCF plan has helped strengthen integration. Each of our alliances within integrated care systems is working on models of integrated health and care and physical and mental health teams at neighbourhood level. The BCF has help us to develop the Neighbourhood Co-ordinator roles to strengthen the contribution of	Yes
Part 2: Successes and Challenges Please select two Enablers from the SCIE Logic model which you ha challenge in progressing. Please provide a brief description alongside.	we observed demonstrable success in	progressing and two Enablers which you have experienced a relatively greater degree of	
4. Outline two key successes observed toward driving the enablers for integration (expressed in SCIE's logical model) in 2021 22	SCIE Logic Model Enablers, Response category:	Response - Please detail your greatest successes	
Success 1	Other	Essex Connect - Our Connect programme, aims to improve outcomes for around 8000 older adults per year through new ways of working across 5 workstreams. This includes the introduction of early MDTs for adults using our reablement services and strengthening the link and impact of our care technology arrangements by offering training to all reablement assessors and care delivery staff. outcomes to date include: 2,200 people better supported with new ways of working.	Yes
Success 2	<ol> <li>Good quality and sustainable provider market that can meet demand</li> </ol>	The BCF has also supported innovation across the care market including the Community Micro-enterprises (CMB project. The North East Esser CME Project was launched in August 2021. The project aims to support the creation of small local business that can deliver a wide range of personalised care and supports to older people, people with disabilities or to help improve mental health and wellbeing. Local people/projects are supported to set up viable and sustainable enterprises that can provide safe and quality services to people who receive Direct Payments funding from ASC, or that fund their care and	Yes
5. Outline two key challenges observed toward driving the enablers for integration (expressed in SCIE's logical model) in 2021 22	SCIE Logic Model Enablers, Response category:	Response - Please detail your greatest challenges	
Challenge 1	<ol> <li>Good quality and sustainable provider market that can meet demand</li> </ol>	Challenges within the domiciliary care market have constrained the number of adults to whom we have been able to offer reablement services. A number of initiatives have been launched to support the domiciliary care market, and measures are reported regularly to monitor progress and impact.	Yes
Challenge 2	<ol> <li>Local contextual factors (e.g. financial health, funding arrangements, demographics, urban vs rural factors)</li> </ol>	One of the biggest challenges remains the complex system geography that creates challenges in terms of capacity and consistency due to ECC being in the nationally unique position of being in three integrated care systems. While the BCF is utilised on an Essex footprint and at locality levels within the ECC boundaries we are mindful of the the impact BCF decisions have on ICS partners in other LA boundaries and this adds an extra layer of consultation, engagement and negotiation to decision making.	Yes

Footnotes: Question 4 and 5 are should be assigned to one of the following categories: 1. Local contextual factors (e.g. financial health, funding arrangements, demographics, urban vs rural factors) 2. Strong, system-wide governance and systems leadership 3. Integrated electronic records and sharing arcoss the system with service users 4. Empowering users to have choice and control through an asset based approach, shared decision making and co-production 5. Integrated workforce: joint approach to training and upskilling of workforce 6. Good quality and sustainable provider market that can meet demand 7. Joined-up regulatory approach 8. Pooled or aligned resources 9. Joint commissioning of health and social care Other

Better Care Fund 2021-22 Year-end Template	
7. ASC fee rates	-

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

The iBCF fee rate collection gives us better and more timely insight into the fee rates paid to external care providers, which is a key part of social care reform.

Essex

Given the introduction of the Market Sustainability and Fair Cost of Care Fund in 2022-23, we are exploring where best to collect this data in future, but have chosen to collect 2021-22 data through the iBCF for consistency with previous years.

These questions cover average fees paid by your local authority (gross of client contributions/user charges) to external care providers for your local authority's eligible clients. The averages will likely need to be calculated from records of payments paid to social care providers and the number of client weeks they relate to, unless you already have suitable management information.

We are interested ONLY in the average fees actually received by external care providers for your local authority's eligible supported clients (gross of client contributions/user charges), reflecting what your local authority is able to afford.

In 2020-21, areas were asked to provide actual average rates (excluding whole market support such as the Infection Control Fund but otherwise; including additional funding to cover cost pressures related to management of the COVID-19 pandemic), as well as a 'counterfactual' rate that would have been paid had the pandemic not occurred. This counterfactual calculation was intended to provide data on the long term costs of providing care to inform policymaking. In 2021-22, areas are only asked to provide the actual rate paid to providers (not the counterfactual), subject to than the exclusions set out below.

#### Specifically the averages SHOULD therefore:

SPECIALIZE/BENET OF any amounts that you usually include in reported fee rates but are not paid to care providers e.g. your local authority's own staff costs in managing the commissioning of places.
 EXCLUDE/JENET OF any amounts that are paid from sources other than eligible local authority funding and client contributions/user charges, i.e. you should EXCLUDE third party top-ups, NHS
 EXCLUDE/JENET OF whole-market COVID-19 support such as Infection Control Fund payments.

INCLUDE/BE GROSS OF client contributions /user charges.
 INCLUDE fees paid under spot and block contracts, fees paid under a dynamic purchasing system, payments for travel time in home care, any allowances for external provider staff training, fees directly commissioned by your local authority and fees commissioned by your local authority as part of a Managed Personal Budget.
 EXCLUDE care packages which are part funded by Continuing Health Care funding.

If you only have average fees at a more detailed breakdown level than the three service types of home care, 65+ residential and 65+ nursing requested below (e.g. you have the more detailed categories of 65+ residential without dementia, 65+ residential with dementia) **please calculate for each of the three service types an average weighted by the proportion of clients that receive each detailed category**: 1. Take the number of clients receiving the service for each detailed category. 2. Divide the number of clients receiving the service for each detailed category (e.g. age 65+ residential without dementia) by the total number of clients receiving the relevant service (e.g. age 65+ residential with dementia). 3. Multiply the resultant proportions from Step 2 by the corresponding fee paid for each detailed category. 4. For each service type, sum the resultant detailed category figures from Step 3.

Please leave any missing data cells as blank e.g. do not attempt to enter '0' or 'N/A'.

	For information - your 2020 21 fee as reported in 2020- 21 end of year reporting	Average 2020/21 fee. If you have newer/better data than End of year 2020/21, enter it below and explain why it differs in the comments. Otherwise enter the end of year 2020-21 value	What was your actual average fee rate per actual	
<ol> <li>Please provide the average amount that you paid to external providers for home care, calculated on a consistent basis.</li> <li>(F per contact hour, following the exclusions as in the instructions above)</li> </ol>	£18.00	£18.00	£19.02	5.7%
2. Please provide the average amount that you paid for external provider care homes without nursing for dients aged 65+, calculated on a consistent basis. (£ per client per week, following the exclusions as in the instructions above)	£578.76	£578.76	£604.53	4.5%
<ol> <li>Please provide the average amount that you paid for external provider care homes with nursing for clients aged 65+, calculated on a consistent basis.</li> <li>(£ per client per week, following the exclusions in the instructions above)</li> </ol>	£713.24	£713.24	£778.78	9.2%
<ol> <li>Please provide additional commentary if your 2020-21 fee is different from that reported in your 2020-21 end of year report.</li> <li>Please do not use more than 250 characters.</li> </ol>				



ootnotes:

".." in the column C lookup means that no 2020-21 fee was reported by your council in the 2020-21 EoY report

\*\* For column F, please calculate your fee rate as the expenditure during the year divided by the number of actual client weeks during the year

This will pick up any support that you have provided in terms of occupancy guarantees (Occupancy guarantees should result in a higher rate per actual user.)

\*\*\* Both North Northamptonshire & West Northamptonshire will pull the same last year figures as reported by the former Northamptonshire County Council.