Appendix B - Essex Climate Action Commission Interim Report Recommendations

It should be noted that many of the Commission's recommendations are for other public sector bodies, businesses, charities, community groups and residents to deliver. However, ECC is working with stakeholders and aims to support businesses and residents in taking climate action.

Recommendation

New Homes and Communities

All new homes consented to be carbon zero by 2025.

All new schools commissioned to be carbon zero by 2022.

All new commercial buildings to be carbon zero by 2025.

All new schools commissioned to be carbon positive by 2030.

All new homes and non-domestic buildings consented to be carbon positive by 2030.

Active travel prioritised: designing walkable and low traffic neighbourhoods, exploring built-in last mile delivery solutions (among other options), and delivering Walkable Neighbourhoods; workshops to commence from October 2020

Publish a Climate Change Compendium through the Essex Design Guide in 2021

The creation and maintenance of 'Healthy Places' in terms of design, placemaking and place management to ensure these locations both positively contribute to physical and mental health and mitigate climate change

Review highways and transportation policies where they impact on place shaping, the provision of sustainable transport and sustainable construction practices

Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) as the default in all new developments, as set out in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

A nature-based approach to design and green infrastructure requirements included in local planning guidance

Developers to implement green procurement standards for construction

Engagement and partnership with developers, including the establishment of an Essex Developers' Group to collaborate and set up demonstrators of green construction

Explore the establishment of an 'Energy Sector Alliance and Innovation Hub' to build and develop climate action and resilience-related construction skills

A net zero major demonstrator project by Essex Housing to commence building by 2023

Delivering a Flood Resilience Levy by 2022

Recommendation

Existing Buildings & Urban Regeneration

Incorporate national green infrastructure requirements from the government's 25 Year Environment Plan into local planning Two-thirds of homes should be retrofitted to net zero standards by 2030

From existing residential buildings, a 50% carbon reduction by 2030 and zero carbon by 2040.

One-third of commercial buildings should be retrofitted as far as is possible with renewable energy systems by 2030

Set goals for reversing the national decline in urban greenspace and include greenspace 'retrofit' programmes in Local Plans Including water efficiency in energy efficiency retrofit plans

Partnerships with businesses and green construction training for a zero-carbon future

Resilience to Coastal and Surface Flooding and Extreme Weather

Coastal flood resilience schemes in critical areas to be implemented by 2023

The scale and impact of change is acknowledged by those with responsibility for the coast and communicated to the people who live there

A new policy for coastal flood risk and erosion management is drawn up with clear, evidence-based outcomes

SuDS is implemented in all new developments and enforced, with clarity over who adopts and maintains it

A support service on adaptation for businesses is re-established – this could be at local or national government level

Transport & Highways

Introduce three new subsidy-free Park and Choose sites by 2030

Introduce 20 Low Traffic Neighbourhoods per annum from 2022 to 2030

Introduce an additional 20 school streets per year to 2050

Introduce dedicated, well-planned cycling and walking routes across all urban and rural locations, and to all rail stations

Upgrade and expand the National Cycle Network and integrate with existing local routes

Work with business to improve on-site facilities and develop routes

ECC to publicly state its commitment and funding to rebuild passenger transport services hit by market failure since the pandemic

To invest in innovative passenger transport solutions such as demand responsive transport using electric vehicles, aiming for commercial viability

Promote safe and accessible public rights of way

Expand the three existing Park and Ride and school zones projects

Updated: Wednesday, 03 February 2021

Recommendation

Improve cycling infrastructure to/from schools

Introduce school streets for 25 schools by 2022

Introduce six e-scooter pilot schemes across the county by the end of 2020

Introduce emissions charging and/or parking charges in town centres and ringfence income to invest in public transport and active travel schemes

Introduce five workplace levy schemes

Explore car sharing options

Launch county-wide National Car-Free Day

Support innovative solutions for last mile deliveries, introduce 10 local delivery hubs by 2022 and explore options such as retiming deliveries to reduce peak time congestion

Grow the electric vehicle charging network and capitalise on the facilities provided by the new Gridserve electric forecourt to charge and promote electric vehicles to encourage uptake of electrical vehicles (EV Strategy)

Electrify the authority's fleet

Park and Ride: Embed micro-mobility solutions and EV charging points at all sites; use Park and Ride as a stepping stone to public transport and ringfence income for sustainable transport investment.

Energy And Waste

(substantial further recommendations have been approved post the interim report)

Partnership with businesses to support them to move to carbon zero and use green procurement practices, for example promoting the financial benefits of installing renewables and smart meters

A feasibility study into Energy Sector Alliance and Innovation Hub by 2021

Engaging Our Communities

(substantial further recommendations have been approved post the interim report)

Encourage large businesses to disclose physical risks of climate change, using frameworks such as the Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosure, or the Adaptation Reporting Power

Actively promote energy efficiency advice and guidance to communities and businesses, particularly SMEs

For local authorities and businesses to work together to improve on-site facilities for cyclists

For the Essex Developers Group to set up a working group to develop a Climate Change Charter and run demonstrator projects.

Updated: Wednesday, 03 February 2021

Recommendation

Public Sector Leadership

The ECC estate will have net zero greenhouse emissions by 2030

All new schools commissioned to be carbon zero in terms of the operation of buildings 2022.

All anchor institutions (such as universities) buildings to be retrofitted to net zero carbon by 2030

50 per cent of schools retrofitted to net zero by 2025 and 100 per cent by 2030

Installing renewables on public sector buildings

Development of action plans to reduce overheating risk in all schools, care homes, hospitals etc.

Advanced smart meters into all ECC schools by 2021

Optimise energy use in the public estate (25 per cent saving by 2025, 50 per cent by 2030).

Leveraging government funding for decarbonisation, including the £1 billion Public Sector Decarbonisation Scheme

Lobbying Government

All departments across Government to hold climate challenge as central to core ambitions and funding

Government to champion and fund nature-based approaches

Planning policy and building regulations: make net zero and climate resilient standards mandatory for all new homes and buildings

MHCLG to amend building regulations to support net zero, climate resilient buildings

Funding for retrofit to improve homes and resilience infrastructure, including offsetting for historic properties

Re-establish a support service on adaptation for business. A national adaptation support service would be ideal; however this can also be established locally.

Invest in active travel including long term funding for upgrading and expanding cycle networks

Stop fuel duty freeze and introduce 'polluter pays'

Funding for local authorities to deliver increased energy efficiency of the public estate and schools

Enable local government and the Environment Agency to deliver long term and resourced approach to engaging affected communities and stakeholders

Apply more weighting to non-residential properties in the Flood Defence Grant partnership funding process for flood resilience to make it fairer