Appendix A

Report to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee **ESSEX PENSION FUND** Audit Completion: year ended 31 March 2021



IDEAS | PEOPLE | TRUST

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WELCOME

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We have pleasure in presenting our Audit Completion Report to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee. This report is an integral part of our communication strategy with you, a strategy which is designed to ensure effective two way communication throughout the audit process with those charged with governance.

It summarises the results of completing the planned audit approach for the year ended 31 March 2021, specific audit findings and areas requiring further discussion and/or the attention of the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee. At the completion stage of the audit it is essential that we engage with the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee on the results of our audit of the financial statements comprising: audit work on key risk areas, including significant estimates and judgements made by management, critical accounting policies, any significant deficiencies in internal controls, and the presentation and disclosure in the financial statements.

We look forward to discussing these matters with you at the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee meeting and to receiving your input.

In the meantime if you would like to discuss any aspects in advance of the meeting we would be happy to do so.

We would also like to take this opportunity to thank the management and staff of the Council for the co-operation and assistance provided during the audit.

David Eagles, Partner for and on behalf of BDO LLP, Appointed Auditor





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The contents of this report relate only to those matters which came to our attention during the conduct of our normal audit procedures which are designed primarily for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements. This report has been prepared solely for the use of the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee and Those Charged with Governance. In preparing this report we do not accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person. For more information on our respective responsibilities please see the appendices.

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This summary provides an overview of the audit matters that we believe are important to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in reviewing the results of the audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

It is also intended to promote effective communication and discussion and to ensure that the results of the audit appropriately incorporate input from those charged with governance.



Overview

Our audit work on the financial statements is substantially complete. Nothing has come to our attention from the work we have completed to date that would result in a modification of our audit opinion.

Outstanding matters are listed on page 34 in the appendices.

We presented our Audit Planning Report to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in March 2021. There have been no significant changes to the planned audit approach and no additional significant audit risks have been identified.

No restrictions were placed on our work.

Audit report

We anticipate issuing an unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements.

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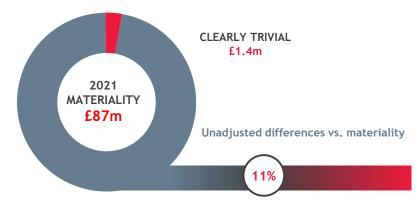
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Final materiality

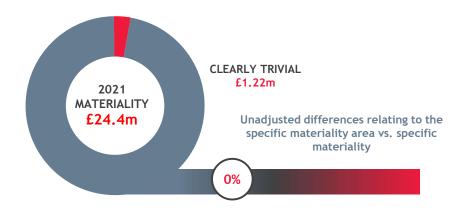
Financial material was determined based on 1% of net assets. Specific materiality (at a lower level) was set for the fund account balances (excluding changes in market value of investments) and this was based on 7.5% of gross expenses in the Fund Account.

Following the receipt of the draft financial statements for audit, we updated the material figures. This increased materiality from £84.7m to £87m. Specific materiality for the Fund Account was decreased from £24.6m to £24.4m to reflect actual gross expenditure recognised in the statement of accounts presented for audit. The percentage threshold applied remained at 7.5%.





FUND ACCOUNT MATERIALITY



Material misstatements

We did not identify any material misstatements.

Unadjusted audit differences

We identified one audit adjustment that, if posted, would reduce 'Net decrease in the assets available for benefits during the year' in the Fund Account and increase 'Net assets of the scheme available to fund benefits' in the Net Asset Statement by £9.529 million.

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Financial reporting

- We have not identified any non-compliance with accounting policies or the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21
- No significant accounting policy changes have been identified impacting the current year
- Going concern disclosures are deemed sufficient
- The Annual Report and other information included in the Statement of Accounts with the financial statements is consistent with the financial statements and our knowledge acquired in the course of the audit.

Other matters that require discussion or confirmation

- Control deficiency identified in relation to logical access controls over the UPM and Oracle IT applications (see page 21)
- Confirmation on fraud, contingent liabilities and subsequent events
- Letter of representation (see page 35)

Independence

We confirm that the firm and its partners and staff involved in the audit remain independent of the Council in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standard.



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As identified in our Audit Planning Report dated 10 March 2021 we assessed the following matters as being the most significant risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. These include those risks which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and the direction of the efforts of the engagement team.

Audit Risk	Risk R	Significar Managem ating Judgeme			Control Findings to be reported	Discussion points / Letter of Representation
Management override of co	ontrols Signific	cant Yes	No	No	No	No
Valuation of investments (direct property investment		cant Yes	Yes	Yes, unadjusted	No	No
Pension Liability Valuation	Signific	cant Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Valuation of investments (investments)	pooled Norma	l No	No	No	No	No
Contribution receivable	Norma	l No	No	No	No	No

Areas requiring your attention



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ISA (UK) 240 notes that management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud.

Significant risk

Significant management

Additional disclosure required

Significant control findings to

Letter of representation point

Normal risk

judgement

Use of experts

Adjusted error

be reported

Unadjusted error

Risk description

Management has the ability to manipulate accounting records and override controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We are required to consider this as a significant risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Work performed

We carried out the following planned audit procedures:

- Reviewed and verified journal entries made in the year, agreeing the journals to supporting documentation; determined key risk characteristics to filter the population of journals; and used our IT team to assist with the journal extraction
- Reviewed estimates and judgements applied by management in the financial statements to assess their appropriateness and the existence of any systematic bias
- Reviewed unadjusted audit differences for indications of bias or deliberate misstatement.

Results

Our work has not identified any evidence of systematic bias or management override in the processing of journal entries and other adjustments.

Material accounting estimates for the Pension Fund included valuation of investments and pension liability. Our audit work on these accounting estimates are set out in the following pages. The audit work performed provided reasonable assurance that the accounting estimates are reasonable and free from management bias.

Our review of the unadjusted audit differences (see page 18) has not identified any evidence of management bias or deliberate misstatement.

We have not identified any unusual transactions or transactions that are outside the normal course of business.

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Significant risk Normal risk Significant management judgement Use of experts Unadjusted error Adjusted error Additional disclosure required Significant control findings to be reported

Risk description

The investment portfolio includes unquoted private equity, debt, infrastructure and timberlands which are valued by the fund managers. The pension fund also makes direct investments in freehold and leasehold properties which are based on valuations received from the fund managers. The valuation of these assets may be subject to a significant level of assumption and estimation, and valuations may not be based on observable market data. Due to significance of these valuations, even a small change in assumptions and estimates could have a material impact on the financial statements.

In some cases, the valuations are provided at dates that are not coterminous with the pension fund's year end and need to be updated to reflect cash transactions (additional contributions or distributions received) since the latest available valuations. Due to current market volatility the valuation received can quickly become outdated.

As a result, we consider there to be a significant risk that investments are not appropriately valued in the financial statements.

Work performed

We carried out the following planned audit procedures:

- Obtained direct confirmation of investment valuations from the fund managers and requested copies of the audited financial statements (and member allocations) from the fund;
- Reviewed the valuation completed by the fund manager and any significant assumptions made in the valuation;
- For property valuations, we agreed input data used by the valuer such as agreeing rental information to the underlying rental agreements, and reviewed the rental yields against the comparable data and indices for reasonableness;
- Where the financial statement date supporting the valuation was not conterminous with the pension fund's year end, we confirmed that appropriate adjustments have been made to the valuations in respect of additional contributions and distributions with the funds; and
- Ensured investments have been correctly valued in accordance with the relevant accounting policies.

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Results and conclusions

Our review of the direct confirmations obtained from fund managers identified that the valuation of private equity was understated by a non material amount of £9.529 million. This variance is due to some investment reports used during the preparation of the financial statements not being coterminous with the pension fund's year-end. Management were therefore required to estimate the value of the affected investments. More recent valuations for these investments were available during our audit and, when compared to the amount recognised in the Net Assets Statement, identified the above variance against the estimates used. The variance identified is included within the uncorrected misstatements schedule (see page 18) for the impact of change in market value in the Fund Account and investment value in the Net Assets Statement.

For investments in private equity, illiquid debt, infrastructure and timberlands, we obtained audited financial statements of the underlying investee funds, and valuations were recalculated by adjusting the additional contributions and distributions where relevant. Given the extended period to prepare financial statements during the year, net asset statements at 31 March 2021 were available for the investment in illiquid debt, infrastructure and timberland. Our recalculations of valuations for these investment categories did not identify any variances outside of our threshold.

In respect of private equity, we reviewed a sample of audited financial statements of the underlying investee funds. Our recalculations of valuations for these investment categories did not identify any variances outside of our threshold. The direct investment properties held by the pension fund have been valued by an external professional valuer. We are satisfied with the skills and expertise of the valuer and concluded that we can rely on them in their capacity as management's expert. Our review of the input used by the valuer (i.e. rental information) confirmed that they are accurate and reasonable.

The overall valuation of investment properties has increased by approximately 1.2% during the year to £406m. The MSCI sector capital value index has changed for the following sectors:

- Industrial 9.3% increase
- Offices 5.2% decrease
- Warehouses and shops 13.2% decrease

Given the above movements and the weighting of property types held by the pension fund, the increase in investment property valuations of 1.2% is consistent with our expectations and is within our materiality of £87m. We are therefore satisfied that the valuation of direct properties held by the Pension Fund is reasonable.

Given current events in Ukraine, we have asked management whether the Pension Fund had any exposure to investments in Russian and/or Ukrainian companies at 31 March 2021 and whether it has any current exposure.

Management continue to liaise with fund managers and at the time of writing are obtaining details of any such investments, including the fair value of these investments at 31 March 2021. As this information becomes available, we will review it as part of our procedures relating to subsequent events (which remain in progress until we issue our audit opinion).

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Risk description

An actuarial estimate of the pension fund liability to pay future pensions is calculated by an independent firm of actuaries with specialist knowledge and experience. The estimate is based on the most up to date membership data held by the Pension Fund and has regard to local factors such as mortality rates and expected pay rises along with other assumptions around inflation when calculating the liability.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the pension fund liability was carried out during the 2019/20 year to calculate the liability as at 31 March 2019. This involved the provision of membership and cash flow data from the pension fund to the actuary, data cleansing by the actuary and re-setting the financial and actuarial assumptions related to the valuation. The estimate of the pension fund liability at 31 March 2021 is based on a roll-forward of data from the 2019 triennial valuation, updated where necessary.

There is a risk the valuation disclosed in the notes to the Pension Fund accounts is not based on appropriate membership data (where there are any significant changes) or uses inappropriate assumptions to value the liability.

Work performed

We carried out the following planned audit procedures:

- Reviewed the controls in place to ensure that the data provided from the fund to the actuary is complete and accurate;
- Tested a sample of transfers and cash flow data sent to the actuary for existence and accuracy;
- Reviewed the reasonableness of the assumptions used in the calculation against other local government pension fund actuaries and other observable data. We used the PwC consulting actuary report for the review of the methodology of the actuary and reasonableness of the assumptions;
- Checked whether any significant changes in membership data have been communicated to the actuary; and
- Agreed the disclosure to the information provided by the actuary.

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Significant risk

Significant management

Additional disclosure required

Significant control findings to

Letter of representation point

Normal risk

judgement

Use of experts

Adjusted error

be reported

Unadjusted error

Results and conclusions

The Pension Fund has established controls and procedures to ensure completeness and accuracy of membership data provided to the actuary. Our review of the controls to ensure data provided to the actuary is complete and accurate did not identify any issues.

In respect of cash flow data provided to the actuary for the IAS 19 valuations, we identified no issues. However, testing of the cash flow data provided to the actuary for the roll forward valuation at 31 March 2021 identified some differences between the estimated contributions based on month 11 actual amounts plus one month of estimates and the actual amounts for the year, but we did not consider these to be significant differences that would materially impact on the liability valuation.

Our review of the reasonableness of assumptions used to calculate the present value of future pension obligations is noted on the following page. The annual data return template from the actuary included details of bulk transfers as these are estimated by the actuary. This data is subjected to data confirmation with individual employers to ensure that they are reasonable. We are therefore satisfied that any significant changes in membership data have been communicated to the actuary.

We agreed the disclosures in Note 3 to the pension fund financial statements to the information provided by the actuary and have identified no issues.

Following the ruling on age discrimination on the McCloud case and gender discrimination on a Lloyds case in the prior year, the actuary has made an allowance at the last accounting date and therefore was already included in the opening liability for this vear. This allowance was therefore incorporated in the roll forward approach and the actuary has confirmed that this was re-measured 31 March 2021. The approach adopted by the actuary is considered reasonable.

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Continued

Significant accounting estimate: Pension Liability

Overview

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The key assumptions include estimating future expected cash flows to pay pensions including inflation, salary increases and mortality of members; and the discount rate to calculate the present value of these cash outflows.

Changes in 2020/21

The actuarial valuation of future benefits has increased by $\pounds 2,730$ million, from $\pounds 9,259$ million to $\pounds 11,989$ million.

Changes in assumptions that have increased the liability include a increase in CPI and future pension increases (from 1.90% to 2.80%) and a rise in salary increases (from 2.90% to 3.80%), which was partially offset by reduction to the discount rate (from 2.35% to 2%).

Mortality assumptions have not been changed significantly during the year, as such this has resulted in a decrease in the liabilities from these actuarial assumptions only by £105 million (1%). The liability has decreased by £126 million (1.2%) due to experience loss.

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Discussion

The pension liability to pay future pensions has increased by £2,730 million to £11,989 million at 31 March 2021.

We compared the assumptions and estimates used by the actuary with the expected ranges provided by the independent consulting actuary PwC.

	Actual	Expected / range	Comments
RPI increase	3.20%	3.15% - 3.35%	Reasonable
CPI increase	2.80%	2.80% - 2.85%	Reasonable
Salary increase	3.80%	3.80% - 3.85%	Reasonable
Pension increase	2.80%	2.80% - 2.85%	Reasonable
Discount rate	2.00%	1.95% - 2.05%	Reasonable
Mortality - LGPS:			
- Male current	21.6 years	20.5 - 23.1	Reasonable
- Female current	23.6 years	23.3 - 25.0	Reasonable
- Male retired	22.9 years	21.9 - 24.4	Reasonable
- Female retired	25.1 years	24.8 - 26.4	Reasonable
Commutation:			
- Pre 2008	50%	50%	Reasonable
- Post 2008	50%	50%	Reasonable

All the financial and mortality assumptions are within the expected range based on national data and therefore the assumptions are considered to be reasonable. We are satisfied that the assumptions used are not unreasonable or outside of the expected ranges. We have requested specific representations from management to confirm that the assumptions used reflect their understanding of the future expectations of the scheme (see letter of representation on page 35).

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There is a risk that pooled investments may not be appropriately valued and correctly recorded in the financial statements.

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Risk description

The fair value of funds (principally pooled investments) is provided by individual fund managers and reviewed by the Custodian (Northern Trust). These valuation are reported on a monthly/ quarterly basis although there may be amendments to the 'flash' valuations initially provided and subsequent final valuations that may be received after the draft accounts have been prepared.

There is a risk that investments may not be appropriately valued and correctly recorded in the financial statements.

Work performed

We carried out the following planned audit procedures:

- Obtained direct confirmation of investment valuations from the fund managers including any subsequent final valuations to 'flash' valuations in the unaudited accounts;
- Ensured that investments have been correctly valued in accordance with the relevant accounting policies; and
- Obtained independent assurance reports over the controls operated by both the fund managers and custodian for valuations and existence of underlying investments in the funds.

Results and conclusion

The investment valuations included in the financial statements for pooled investments were agreed to the valuations provided by the fund managers with trivial variances.

We agreed that the investments have been correctly valued using the closing bid market price in line with the accounting policy.

We obtained independent assurance reports for each fund manager and the custodian and these did not reveal any issues with the effectiveness of controls operated by fund managers and custodian for valuations and existence of underlying investments in the funds. The assurance report for one of the fund managers was qualified in respect of IT system change management and logical access controls. Whilst we have not identified any control issues affecting the valuation and existence of investments managed by the fund manager in question, we agreed investments managed by the fund manager to independent market prices and confirmed that the valuations are accurate.

Where the assurance reports obtained were not coterminous with pension fund year end, we obtained bridging letters confirming the satisfactory operation of controls within the fund managers and the custodian to the 31 March 2021.

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Risk description

Employers are required to deduct amounts from employee pensionable pay based on tiered pay rates and to make employer normal and deficit contributions in accordance with rates agreed with the actuary.

Additional contributions are also required against pension strain for unreduced pensions for early retirements and augmentation of pensions.

There is a risk that employers may not be calculating contributions correctly and paying over the full amount due to the pension fund.

Work performed

We carried out the following planned audit procedures:

- Tested a sample of normal contributions due (and additional deficit contributions where included in a higher employer rate) for active members including checking to employer payroll records;
- Reviewed contributions receivable and checked that income is recognised in the correct accounting period where the employer is making payments in the following month; and
- Carried out audit procedures to review contributions income in accordance with the Actuary's Rates and Adjustments Certificate, including specified increased rates to cover the minimum contributions to be paid as set out in the Certificate.

Results and conclusions

We carried out analytical procedures to establish expected normal and deficit contributions to be receivable during the year. Our analytical procedures used the prior year amounts received and these were adjusted for the known and expected changes during the year such as the change in membership, contribution rates and the deficit contributions set out in the actuary report. This produced expected normal and deficit contributions which were within our tolerable threshold.

We also substantively tested normal contributions for active members by agreeing a sample of contributions to payroll records and to the employer returns received. For a sample of active members we recalculated the employee and employer contributions by the relevant rates and confirmed the accuracy of calculations. We identified no issues from the testing.

For deficit contributions, we agreed a sample to the Actuary's report and identified no issues. We also reviewed monthly contributions received from employers and confirmed that these have been recognised in the correct financial year.

MATTERS REQUIRING ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATION

Fraud

Whilst the Council (as administrating authority) and the Executive Director, Corporate Services have ultimate responsibility for prevention and detection of fraud, we are required to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, including those arising as a result of fraud. Our audit procedures did not identify any fraud. We will seek confirmation from you whether you are aware of any known, suspected or alleged frauds since we last enquired when presenting the Audit Planning Report on 10 March 2021.

Laws and regulations

The most significant considerations for your organisation are the:

- Local Government Acts of 1972 and 2003
- Local Government Finance Acts of 1988, 1992 and 2012
- Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014
- Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015
- VAT legislation
- PAYE legislation.

We did not identify any non-compliance with laws and regulations that could have a material impact on the financial statements.

Internal audit

We reviewed the audit work of the Council's internal audit function to assist our risk scoping at the planning stage.

Related parties

Whilst you are responsible for the completeness of the disclosure of related party transactions in the financial statements, we are also required to consider related party transactions in the context of fraud as they may present greater risk for management override or concealment or fraud.

We did not identify and significant matters in connection with related parties.

Service auditor reports

We reviewed the service auditor reports in respect of the following Pension Fund functions that are outsourced to, or hosted by, other bodies:

• All investments are managed by Fund Managers

We reviewed all of the relevant service auditor control reports and identified some control reports with a number of exceptions during their control testing. We performed additional work for two of the service organizations to obtained additional assurance where the controls reports could not be relied upon,

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UNADJUSTED AUDIT DIFFERENCES: SUMMARY

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We are required to bring to your attention unadjusted differences and we request that you correct them.

We identified one audit adjustment that, if posted, would reduce the 'Net decrease in the assets available for benefits during the year' in the Fund Account and increase 'Net assets of the scheme available to fund benefits' in the Net Asset Statement by £9.529 million.

This audit adjustment is due to some private equity investment reports used during the preparation of the financial statements not being coterminous with the pension fund's year-end. Management were therefore required to estimate the value of the affected investments. More recent valuations for these investments were available during our audit and, when compared to the amount recognised in the Net Assets Statement, identified the above variance against the estimates used.

UNADJUSTED AUDIT DIFFERENCES: DETAIL

Details for the current year

ents			Fu	and Account	Net Asse	ts Statement
troduction xecutive summary	Unadjusted audit differences	NET DR/(CR) £'000	DR £'000	(CR) £'000	DR £'000	(CR) £'000
udit differences						
nadjusted audit differences: Immary	Net increase in the assets available for benefits during the year	(2,111,511)				
nadjusted audit differences: etail	1: Impact of brought forward unadjusted misstatements					
djusted disclosure omissions and nprovements	DR Changes in market value of investments	19,123	19,123			
ther reporting matters	CR Investments (opening balance at 1 April 2020)					(19,123)
ontrol environment						,
udit Report dependence and fees	2: The difference between the investment valuation per draft accounts and fund manager confirmations					
ppendices contents	DR Investments				9,529	
ppenarces concents	CR Changes in market value of investments	(9,529)		(9,529)		
	Total unadjusted audit differences	9,594	19,123	(9,529)	9,529	-
	Net increase in the assets available for benefits during the year if above issues adjusted	(2,101,917)				

Further details relating to the impact of the brought forward adjustment of £19.123 million are included in our 2019-20 Audit Completion Report. This adjustment only affects the opening balance of investments at 1 April 2020 in the Net Asset Statement and has no impact on the value of investments at 31 March 2021. However, this adjustment does affect the changes in market values of investments (the overstatement of the opening investment balances means that the increase in market value recognised in the fund account is understated by the same amount).

The following two disclosure adjustments were made by management:

 The removal of the £32.3m net transfer recognised on the UBS investments and recognition of an additional £32.3m in purchases for 'Equities - Unit life assurance policies' in note 12.2.

We are required to bring to your attention other financial reporting

matters that the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee is

required to consider.

• The reduction in the sales and purchases recognised for 'Property unit Trusts' of £2.65m.

The above adjustments have no impact on the closing value of the associated investments.

A number of other minor disclosure corrections and enhancements were made to improve the clarity of the financial statements.

ADJUSTED DISCLOSURE OMISSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

Disclosure omissions and improvements

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We comment below on other reporting required to be considered in arriving at the final content of our audit report:

immary	Matter	Comment
ences	We are required to report on whether the financial and non-financial	We are satisfied that the other information in the Narrative Report is
ting matters	information in the Narrative Report is consistent with the financial statements and the knowledge acquired by us in the course of our audit.	consistent with the financial statements and our knowledge.
n other information		

OTHER DEFICIENCIES

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As the purpose of the audit is for us to express an opinion on the Council's financial statements, you will appreciate that our audit cannot necessarily be expected to disclose all matters that may be of interest to you and, as a result, the matters reported may not be the only ones which exist.

As part of our work, we considered internal control relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such that we were able to design appropriate audit procedures. This work was not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

Area	Observation & implication	Recommendation	Management response	
Oracle IT system	for Oracle across both the Council and	Assign administrative privileges to an independent individual with no	User permissions will be reviewed as par of the move to Oracle fusion.	
	Pension Fund, we identified one individual in the Council with administration level access when their job role (which involved processing and monitoring of transactions) did not require it.	transaction processing or monitoring role.	The Council agrees that no user should have both administration level access a transactional level access and confirms that the permissions granted to the individual identified will be amended.	
	There is an inherent segregation of duties risk when an individual has administrative access rights to a system as well as a transaction processing / monitoring role on that system.			
n p 2 T ii a a a o t	There has not been any proactive monitoring of the login activities performed by privileged users during 2020/21.	Implement audit logging that records activity performed by administrative accounts at application and database level.	For Oracle we will need to investigate this further with the suppliers. The Council is of the view that it would be best practice to audit such activity when	
	There is an inherent risk that without independent monitoring, the appropriateness of system administrative activity is dependent on the motivation of the individual. There is a greater risk that unauthorised transaction activity is performed and not detected.	Administrator activity should be independently monitored, investigated as appropriate and formally signed off by an independent reviewer.	feasible. UPM - A report will be run regularly to monitor access usage for privileged users In addition, a process will be developed with the Fund's Compliance Manager to ensure oversight arrangements.	

AUDIT REPORT OVERVIEW

Opinion on financial statements

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We anticipate issuing an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.

Conclusion relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the applicability of the going concern basis of accounting or the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

There are no material uncertainties in relation to going concern disclosed in the financial statements of which we are aware that we need to draw attention to in our report.

Irregularities, including fraud

Our report will contain an explain to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud. Irregularities in this context means non-compliance with laws or regulations.

Other information

We have not identified any material misstatements that would need to be referred to in our report.

INDEPENDENCE

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Under ISAs (UK) and the FRC's Ethical Standard we are required, as auditors, to confirm our independence.

Under ISAs (UK) and the FRC's Ethical Standard, we are required as auditors to confirm our independence.

We have embedded the requirements of the Standards in our methodologies, tools and internal training programmes. Our internal procedures require that audit engagement partners are made aware of any matters which may reasonably be thought to bear on the integrity, objectivity or independence of the firm, the members of the engagement team or others who are in a position to influence the outcome of the engagement. This document considers such matters in the context of our audit for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Details of services, other than audit, provided by us to the Council during the period and up to the date of this report are set out on the following page and were provided in our Audit Planning Report. We understand that the provision of these services was approved by the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee in advance in accordance with the Council's policy on this matter. Details of rotation arrangements for key members of the audit team and others involved in the engagement were provided in our Audit Planning Report.

We have not identified any relationships or threats that may reasonably be thought to bear on our objectivity and independence.

We confirm that the firm, the engagement team and other partners, directors, senior managers and managers conducting the audit comply with relevant ethical requirements including the FRC's Ethical Standard or the IESBA Code of Ethics as appropriate and are independent of the Council.

We also confirm that we have obtained confirmation of independence from external audit experts involved in the audit and that they comply with relevant ethical requirements including the FRC's Ethical Standard and are independent of the Council.

Should you have any comments or queries regarding any independence matters we would welcome their discussion in more detail.

FEES

Contents	Fees summary	2020/21	2020/21
Introduction		Actual	Planned
Executive summary		£	£
Audit differences	Fees		
Other reporting matters			
Control environment	Code audit fee ⁽¹⁾	£28,000	£28,000
Audit Report	Additional fee for IAS19 assurance requests from	£6,500	£6,500
Independence and fees	scheduled bodies ⁽²⁾		
Independence	Additional audit fee: Covid-19 remote working $^{(3)}$	£5,000	£5,000
Fees	Total fees	£39,500	£39,500

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> (1) The Code fee remains the PSAA Scale plus the £3,925 added from 2019/20 reflecting the increased expectations relating to the work necessary to audit the judgemental components of the pension fund.

(2) Assurance fees

The 2019/20 audit included cyclical costs relating to the audit of the 2019 triennial actuarial data cleansing exercise. These should not be necessary again until the 2022/23 audit.

(3) Covid-related costs

This represents an estimate of the additional resource time and costs necessary when audits are undertaken remotely. The 15% is at the lowest end of the 15-20% range experienced by BDO and the other audit firms. If we are able to undertake some key work on site, the time reflected here should reduce and the fee level decrease accordingly.



2019/20

Actual

£28,000

£12,250

£40,250

£0

£

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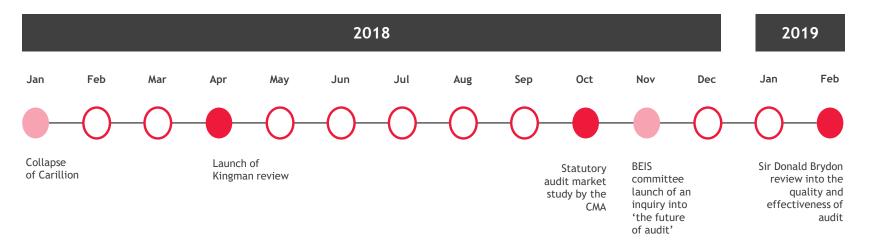
RESTORING TRUST IN AUDIT AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

BEIS consultation issued March 2021

The collapse of Carillion at the beginning of 2018 precipitated a root and branch review of how the audit market works with three main components, all reporting to the Secretary of State for Business Energy and Industrial Strategy. The latest BEIS consultation as published in March 21 outlines proposals to increase choice and quality in the audit market, establish clearer responsibilities for the detection and prevention of fraud, and ensure the audit product and audit profession are fit for the future. The consultation aims to present measures that balance the need for meaningful reform with proportionate impacts on business, both now and for the future. The next pages aim to summarise the key areas of the consultation but for more information please refer to the <u>consultation</u> directly.

Although the consultation only closed in July 2021, changes have already begun: There are already a number of changes being made by the market participants themselves such as increased operational separation of audit from consulting and voluntary restriction of non-audit services. At BDO we support the aims of operational separation of audit practices. Without being complacent we do not have a large consulting practice like some of our rivals and we have always run our audit business to be independently and sustainably profitable, therefore the main causes of concern that this seeks to address namely cultural contamination and cross subsidisation are less relevant for us. We do however recognise that the profession needs to restore the confidence of users and operational separation or ring fencing is an important step on that journey. We have drawn up plans for how we would implement this and are currently consulting with stakeholders. Whilst full compliance is not required until 2024 we are likely to implement a number of aspects particularly around governance and financial transparency by July 2021.

Whilst there is some uncertainty regarding the timeline post the close of the consultation it is our understanding that the implementation of the Audit, Reporting and Governance Authority (ARGA) is likely to be in 2023.



HISTORIC CONSULTATIONS TIMELINE

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BEIS CONSULTATION AT A GLANCE Issued March 21

ontents	Key Area of the BEIS consultation	Summary	
opendices contents	-		
Regulatory Developments1. Resetting the scope of regulation by expanding the definition of Public Interest Entities to include large private companies and "large" AIM quoted companies.		The government proposes two possible tests to extend the scope of PIES:	
		To adopt the test used to identify companies already required to include a corporate Annual Governance	
		Statement in their directors' report, or adopt a narrower test which incorporates the threshold for additional non-financial reporting requirements for existing PIEs. This would cover companies with both: Over 500	
ur responsibilities		The Government is also proposing that any new definition of PIE should also include companies on the	
mmunication with you		exchange-regulated AIM market with market capitalisations above €200m.	
tstanding matters	Increasing the accountability of directors	The consultation sets out a couple of options relating to directors accountability for internal controls and then indicates a tentative preferred option which would require a directors' statement about the	
tter of representation	directors	effectiveness of the internal controls. Unlike the US's approach to internal controls which mandates external	
ıdit quality		auditor attestation in most cases this option would leave the decision on whether the statement should be assured by an external auditor to the directors, audit committee and shareholders.	
		This section of the consultation also includes proposals to require companies to report on their distributable reserves and for directors to be required to make a formal statement about the legality and affordability of proposed dividends.	
	3. New corporate reporting requirements	Introducing a requirement for PIEs to produce an annual Resilience Statement. This new statement consolidates and builds upon the existing going concern and viability statements and would apply initially to Premium Listed companies.	
		Introducing an Audit and Assurance Policy where directors have to describe their approach to seeking assurance. For publicly quoted entities, this would be subject to an advisory shareholder vote at the time of its publication,	
	4. Strengthening the supervision of corporate reporting	Giving the Audit, Reporting and Governance Authority (ARGA) (which replaces the Financial Reporting Council) more power to direct changes to company reports and accounts.	
		Creating increased transparency for the Corporate Reporting Review (CRR) process and an extension of the CRR process to the whole of the annual report and accounts.	
		The Government proposes to broaden the regulator's review powers so that it can scrutinise the entire contents of a company's Annual Report and Accounts.	

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BEIS CONSULTATION AT A GLANCE 2

	Key Area of the BEIS consultation	Summary	
Contents			
Appendices contents	5. Provisions concerning company	Giving the regulator investigation and enforcement powers in relation to wrongdoing by all directors of Public	
Regulatory Developments directors		Interest Entities. Due to the principles of collective responsibility and a unitary board, all directors of Public	
BEIS consultation at a glance		Interest Entities would be in scope.	
BEIS consultation at a glance 2		Strengthening malus and clawback provisions within executive director remuneration.	
Ethical standard	6. Changes to audit purpose and scope	The Government will seek to introduce a regulatory framework to cover both audits of financial statements (statutory audit) and other types of information which companies decide to have audited through the Audit and Assurance Policy process. It also proposes to legislate to require directors of Public Interest Entities to report on the steps they have taken to prevent and detect material fraud.	
Audit committee guidance			
Our responsibilities			
Communication with you	7. Changes to audit committee oversight	ARGA to establish a standards and supervision regime. ARGA will write the standards by which Audit Committees will need to operate and they will monitor compliance against these standards. Initially this will only apply to FTSE 350 Audit Committees.Additional requirements for audit committees in the appointment and oversight of auditors, which is intended to ensure the committee acts effectively as an independent body responsible for safeguarding the interests of shareholders.	
Outstanding matters	and engagement with shareholders		
Letter of representation			
Audit quality			
		Increased engagement between a company and its shareholders. The Government agrees with Brydon's recommendation that the audit committee's annual report should set out which shareholder suggestions put forward for consideration had been accepted or rejected by the auditor.	
	8. Improved competition, choice and resilience in the audit market	The implementation of a managed shared audit regime for companies audited by the Big Four.	
		The operational separation of certain accountancy firms.	
		Statutory powers for the regulator to monitor the resilience of the audit market.	
	9. Greater supervision of audit quality	Making the regulator responsible for approving the auditors of PIEs and improving the transparency of Audit Quality Review reports by allowing AQR reports on individual audits to be published without consent.	
	10. A new and strengthened regulator; the Audit, Reporting and Governance Authority	The regulator will be given the power to make rules requiring market participants to pay a levy to meet the regulator's costs of carrying out its regulatory functions.	
	11. Additional changes to the regulator's responsibilities	The regulator will have the power to require an expert review where it has identified significant concern regarding a PIEs corporate reporting and auditing.	

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FRC ETHICAL STANDARD Issued in December 2019

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In December 2019 the FRC published the Revised Ethical Standard 2019 ('ES'), which is applicable from 15 March 2020. There are some transitionary provisions for services and arrangements that are not currently prohibited under the existing Standard. The ES aims to further strengthen auditor independence and enhance confidence in the profession. The table below provides a high level summary of the key headlines.

Key headlines	Impact
The objective, reasonable & informed third party test	Reinforcement that ethical principles take priority over rules. A need to take care where particular facts and circumstances are either not addressed directly by the rules or might appear to 'work around' the rules, or result in an outcome that is inconsistent with the general principles.
Extra-territorial impact	For group audits where the audited entity has overseas operations, the ES will require all BDO Member firms to be independent of the UK audited entity and its UK and overseas affiliates in accordance with the UK Ethical Standard, irrespective of if their audit work is relied upon.
Contingent fees	Non-audit services with contingent or success-based fee arrangements will be prohibited for audited entities.
Secondments	All secondments/loan staff to audited entities are prohibited with the exception of secondments to public sector entities.
Recruitment and remuneration services	Prohibition on providing remuneration services to audited entities such as advising on the quantum of the remuneration package or the measurement criteria for calculation of the package. In addition, the prohibition on providing recruitment services to an audited entity that would involve the firm taking responsibility for, or advising on the appointment of, any director or employee of the entity.
Non-audit services to a public interest entity (PIE)	Moving to a "white-list" of permitted non-audit services for PIEs. The white-list largely consists of services which are either audit-related or required by law and/or regulation. The provision of services not on the white-list are prohibited. The ES separates those permitted services which are exempt from the 70% fee cap and those services which are subject to the fee cap.
Other entities of public interest ('OEPI')	OEPI is a new term in the Ethical Standard. The FRC have imposed the 'white-list' applicable to PIE audited entities to also apply to OEPIs. OEPIs are entities which, according to the FRC, do not meet the definition of a PIE but nevertheless are of significant public interest to stakeholders. They include AIM listed entities which exceed the threshold to be an <i>SME listed entity</i> - generally those with a market cap of more than €200m; Lloyd's syndicates; Private sector pension schemes with more than 10,000 members and more than £1billion of assets; Entities that are subject to the governance requirements of The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 (SI/2018/860), excluding fund management entities which are included within a private equity or venture capital limited partnership fund structure. These would be entities which: - Have more than 2000 employees; and / or
	- Have a turnover of more than £200 million and a balance sheet total of more than £2 billion.
	The FRC have noted that the rules applicable to OEPIs will apply from periods commencing on or after 15 December 2020.

FRC PRACTICE AID FOR AUDIT COMMITTEES

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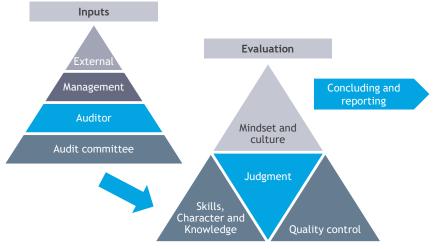
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The Financial Reporting Council (FRC) issued an updated practice aid for audit committees in December 2019 and a full copy can be found on the <u>FRC</u> <u>website</u>. In their practice aid the FRC note: 'The directors of a company (the Board as a whole) are responsible for ensuring its financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework and for overseeing the company's internal control framework. A high-quality audit provides investors and other stakeholders with a high level of assurance that the financial statements of an entity give a true and fair view and provide a reliable and trustworthy basis for taking decisions.'

The practice aid then discusses how the role of audit committees in serving the interests of investors and other stakeholders is through their independent oversight of the annual corporate reporting process including the audit. The FRC highlight that the responsibility for appointing the external auditor, approving their remuneration and any non audit services work, ensuring their independence and challenging them over the quality of their work falls to the audit committee and can play a key role in facilitating a high quality audit (see note below). It gives guidance for Audit Committees in the following areas:

- Audit tenders and the tender process including audit fee negotiations and auditor independence
- A model for use by audit committees in making an overall assessment of an external auditor including inputs, evaluations and concluding



- Transparency reporting to the Board on how the audit committee has discharged these responsibilities
- Some guidance on key areas of audit judgement

The provision of high quality audits are a key focus of FRC and the new Executive Director of Supervision, David Rule, sent a letter to all audit firms in November 2019 explaining the factors he would expect to see in place in order to facilitate the delivery of high quality audits. A copy of the letter can be found on the <u>FRC website</u>

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Our responsibilities and reporting

We are responsible for performing our audit under International Standards on Auditing (UK) to form and express an opinion on your financial statements. We report our opinion on the financial statements to officers of the Council.

We read and consider the 'other information' contained in the Statement of Accounts such as the Annual report. We will consider whether there is a material inconsistency between the other information and the financial statements or other information and our knowledge obtained during the audit.

What we don't report

Our audit is not designed to identify all matters that may be relevant to the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee and cannot be expected to identify all matters that may be of interest to you and, as a result, the matters reported may not be the only ones which exist.



ADDITIONAL MATTERS WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT

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	lssue	Comments	
1	Significant difficulties encountered during the audit.	No exceptions to note.	
2	Written representations which we seek.	We enclose a copy of our draft representation letter.	
3	Any fraud or suspected fraud issues.	No exceptions to note.	
4	Any suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations.	No exceptions to note.	
5	Significant matters in connection with related parties.	No exceptions to note.	



COMMUNICATION WITH YOU

Those Charged with Governance (TCWG)

References in this report to Those Charged With Governance (TCWG) are to the Council as a whole. For the purposes of our communication with those charged with governance you have agreed we will communicate primarily with the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee.

Communication, meetings and feedback

We request feedback from you on our planning and completion report to promote two way communication throughout the audit process and to ensure that all risks are identified and considered; and at completion that the results of the audit are appropriately considered.

We have met with management throughout the audit process. We have issued regular updates driving the audit process with clear and timely communication, bringing in the right resource and experience to ensure efficient and timely resolution of issues.

Communication	Date (to be) communicated	To whom
Audit Planning Report	10 March 2021	Audit, Governance and Standards Committee
Audit progress report	At the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee meetings	Audit, Governance and Standards Committee
Audit Completion Report	21 March 2022	Audit, Governance and Standards Committee

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We have substantially completed our audit work in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021. The following matters are outstanding at the date of this report and could impact our audit opinion. We will update you on their current status at the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee meeting at which this report is considered:

- Clearance of residual review points
- Review of final version of statement of accounts to ensure arithmetical accuracy, internal consistency and that agreed disclosure amendments have been correctly processed
- Subsequent events review
- Management letter of representation, as attached in Appendix D to be approved and signed.



LETTER OF REPRESENTATION

Essex Pension Fund/address To be printed on letter headed paper

BDO LLP

16 The Havens Ransomes Europark Ipswich IP3 9SJ

Dear Sirs

Financial statements of Essex Pension Fund for the year ended 31 March 2021

We confirm that the following representations given to you in connection with your audit of the Council's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 are made to the best of our knowledge and belief, and after having made appropriate enquiries of other officers and members of the Council.

The Executive Director, Corporate Services has fulfilled her responsibilities for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements as set out in the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and in particular that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Pension Fund as of 31 March 2021 and of its income and expenditure and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom (the Code).

We have fulfilled our responsibilities on behalf of the Council, as set out in the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, to make arrangements for the proper administration of the Pension Fund's financial affairs, to conduct a review at least once in a year of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and approve the Annual Governance Statement, to approve the Statement of Accounts (which include the financial statements), and for making accurate representations to you.

We have provided you with unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence. In addition, all the accounting records of the Pension Fund have been made available to you for the purpose of your audit and all the transactions undertaken by the Pension Fund have been properly reflected and recorded in the accounting records. All other records and related information, including minutes of management and other meetings have been made available to you.

Going concern

We have made an assessment of the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date on which the financial statements were approved for release. As a result of our assessment we consider that the Pension Fund is able to continue to operate as a going concern and that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. Furthermore, we confirm that the disclosures included in note 2 to the financial statements are sufficient.

In making our assessment we did not consider there to be any material uncertainty relating to events or conditions that individually or collectively may cast significant doubt on the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Laws and regulations

In relation to those laws and regulations which provide the legal framework within which the Pension Fund's business is conducted and which are central to our ability to conduct our business, we have disclosed to you all instances of possible non-compliance of which we are aware and all actual or contingent consequences arising from such instances of non-compliance.

Post balance sheet events

Other than those disclosed in the financial statements, there have been no events since the balance sheet date which either require changes to be made to the figures included in the financial statements or to be disclosed by way of a note. Should any material events of this type occur, we will advise you accordingly.

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LETTER OF REPRESENTATION 2

Fraud and error

We are responsible for adopting sound accounting policies, designing, implementing and maintaining internal control, to, among other things, help assure the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and preventing and detecting fraud and error.

We have considered the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated due to fraud and have identified no significant risks.

To the best of our knowledge we are not aware of any fraud or suspected fraud involving management or employees. Additionally, we are not aware of any fraud or suspected fraud involving any other party that could materially affect the financial statements.

To the best of our knowledge we are not aware of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the financial statements that have been communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or any other party.

Misstatements

We attach a schedule showing uncorrected misstatements that you have identified, which we acknowledge that you request we correct. Where appropriate we have explained our reasons for not correcting such misstatements below. In our opinion, the effects of not recording such identified financial statement misstatements are, both individually and in the aggregate, immaterial to the financial statements as a whole.

Related party transactions

We have disclosed to you the identity of all related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware. We have appropriately accounted for and disclosed such relationships and transactions in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Other than as disclosed in note 15 to the financial statements, there were no loans, transactions or arrangements between the Pension Fund and Council members or their connected persons at any time in the year which were required to be disclosed.

Carrying value and classification of assets and liabilities

We have no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets or liabilities reflected in the financial statements.

Accounting estimates

The value at which investment assets are recorded in the net assets statement is the fair value. We are responsible for the reasonableness of any significant assumptions underlying the valuations, including consideration of whether they appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of the scheme. Any significant changes in those values since the year end date have been disclosed to you.

None of the assets of the scheme has been assigned, pledged or mortgaged. The following key assumptions have been used to calculate the actuarial present value of future pension benefits disclosed in the financial statements:

- RPI increase 3.20%
- CPI increase 2.80%
- Salary increase 3.80%
- Pension increase 2.80%
- Discount rate 2.00%
- Mortality: Current pensioners male 21.6 years and female 23.6 years /

future pensioners - male 22.9 years and female 25.1 years

• Commutation: pre-April 2008 - 50% / post-April 2008 - 50%

We consider these assumptions to be appropriate for the purposes of estimating the pension liability in accordance with the Code and IAS 19 and IAS 26.

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Litigation and claims

We have disclosed to you all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements and these have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of accounting standards.

Confirmation

We confirm that the above representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience (and, where appropriate, of inspection of supporting documentation) sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can properly make each of the above representations to you.

We confirm that the financial statements are free of material misstatements, including omissions.

We acknowledge our legal responsibilities regarding disclosure of information to you as auditors and confirm that so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information needed by you in connection with preparing your audit report of which you are unaware. Each director and member has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director or member of the Council in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you are aware of that information.

Yours faithfully

Nicole Wood Executive Director, Corporate Services

Date:

Cllr Anthony Michael Hedley Chair of the Audit, Governance and Standards Committee

Date:

AUDIT QUALITY

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BDO is totally committed to audit quality

It is a standing item on the agenda of BDO's Leadership Team who, in conjunction with the Audit Stream Executive (which works to implement strategy and deliver on the audit stream's objectives), monitor the actions required to maintain a high level of audit quality within the audit stream and address findings from external and internal inspections.

BDO welcomes feedback from external bodies and is committed to implementing a necessary actions to address their findings.

We recognise the importance of continually seeking to improve audit quality and enhancing certain areas. Alongside reviews from a number of external reviewers, the AQR (the Financial Reporting Council's Audit Quality Review team), QAD (the ICAEW Quality Assurance Department) and the PCAOB (Public Company Accounting Oversight Board who oversee the audits of US companies), the firm undertakes a thorough annual internal Audit Quality Assurance Review and as member firm of the BDO International network we are also subject to a quality review visit every three years.

We have also implemented additional quality control review processes for all listed and public interest audits.

More details can be found in our Transparency Report at www.bdo.co.uk

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

David Eagles, Partner

m +44 (0) 7967 203431 e: David.Eagles@bdo.co.uk The matters raised in our report prepared in connection with the audit are those we believe should be brought to your attention. They do not purport to be a complete record of all matters arising. This report is prepared solely for the use of the audited body and may not be quoted nor copied without our prior written consent. No responsibility to any third party is accepted.

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